MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP.
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and

financial statements shall prevail.

#### Marketech International Corp.

#### <u>Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2020, pursuant to "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises," the company that is required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates, is the same as the company required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies under International Financial Reporting Standard 10. Also, if relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies, it shall not be required to prepare separate consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Hereby declare, Marketech International Corp. Margaret Kao February 26, 2021



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Marketech International Corp.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Marketech International Corp. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

#### Basis for opinion

For the year ended December 31, 2020, we conducted our audit in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China (ROC GAAS). For the year ended December 31, 2019, we conducted our audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants, the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) Jin-Guan-Zheng-Shen-Zi Order No. 1090360805 issued on February 25, 2020, and ROC GAAS. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 were as follows:



#### Recognition of construction contract revenue

#### Description

Refer to Note 4(28) for accounting policy on construction contract revenue, Note 5(2) for the details of uncertainty of construction contract accounting estimation and assumptions, and Notes 6(18) and 6(4) for description on construction contract revenue and construction contract cost.

The Group recognized revenue and profit by using the percentage of completion method. This method is also being used to calculate the cost for each contract at year-end. Management will re-evaluate the cost if the budget had increased or decreased, and depending on the cost after adjustment, the percentage of completion will be recalculated. The construction contract revenue may be affected by the appropriateness of determination of cost and estimated cost. Thus, we considered this as one of the key audit matters.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We tailored the major audit scope as follows:

- A. Obtained an understanding of the management's control system and determined whether the contract had been created or significantly changed with respect to estimated cost.
- B. Obtained the newly added construction contract list for this fiscal year, and ensured that the total contract price is equal to the amount being used to calculate construction contract revenue. Ensured that any additional construction supplement can be traced back to supplementary contracts.
- C. Checked the construction costs incurred estimation sheets in the current period, and sampled the basis of estimation and subcontract amount, and ensured that it has been approved appropriately by the management.
- D. Checked the rationality of significant changes in the estimation of construction cost, and sample tested whether the revised plan had been approved by the management.
- E. Obtained the billing details and selected samples of related vouchers by using statistical procedure to check the correctness of input cost in engineering reports and computation of percentage of completion.



#### Valuation of inventories

#### Description

Refer to Note 4(11) for description of accounting policy on inventory valuation, Note 5(2) for accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty in relation to inventory valuation, and Note 6(4) for description on inventory.

The Group is primarily engaged in the import and export trading business, which include integrated circuit, electronic equipment, as well as materials and components used on electronic equipment. Due to the rapid technological changes, the semiconductor equipment industry has become more and more competitive, and the product price frequently changes. Therefore, the Group is now exposed to risk on inventory valuation loss and slow-moving inventory. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the specific identification method is used to estimate the allowance for inventory valuation loss on slow-moving inventories.

The base stock of inventories is based on assumptions of future demand and development plan. Due to the large quantity of inventories for sale, and since the amounts involved are significant, the determination of net realizable value for obsolete or slow-moving inventory involves subjective judgement resulting in high degree of estimation uncertainty. As a result of the high uncertainties in these estimates, we considered this as one of the key audit matters.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We tailored the major audit scope as follows:

- A. Assessed the policy on allowance for inventory valuation loss based on our understanding of the operations and industry of the Group.
- B. Tested whether the basis of market value used in calculating the net realizable value of inventory is consistent with the policy of the Group and validated selling prices of selected samples of respective inventory and their accuracy of net realizable value calculation.
- C. Acquired management's individually identified out-of-date inventory list, inspected the related supporting documents and proper recognition in the financial statements.



#### Valuation of loss allowance for accounts receivable

#### Description

Refer to Note 4(8) for accounting policy on accounts receivable, Note 5(2) for accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty in relation to loss allowance of accounts receivable, and Note 6(3) for the details of accounts receivable.

The Group assesses the significant accounts receivable individually, and for those that are not significant, are assessed either individually or collectively. If there is no impairment after individual assessment, then the group of accounts receivable will be added for collective assessment. If the accounts receivable over a certain age is significant, the management will re-examine the collectability and assess each case for possible impairment. Management uses professional judgement during the process, and accounting estimates have a high possibility of becoming inappropriate. The professional judgement may be affected by several factors, such as customer's financial status, internal credit rating, order history, and economic situation. Accordingly, obtaining the supporting documents which management used for judgement is important. Thus, we considered the assessment on loss allowance of accounts receivable as one of our key audit matters.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We tailored the major audit scope as follows:

- A. Obtained an understanding of the process which management used to evaluate the collectability of accounts receivable.
- B. Ensured that the classification of impairment in the group of accounts receivable is appropriate and in accordance with the Group's accounting policy.
- C. Checked the details of significant impairment recognized by the management against the supporting documents to verify appropriateness.
- D. Verified the subsequent collection details of significant accounts receivable.
- E. Obtained the details of significant accounts receivable which have not yet been collected at year end, and re-evaluated the appropriateness.



#### Other matter - Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of Marketech International Corp. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit, and for forming an audit opinion on the parent company only financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Chang, Shy-Chiung

For and an behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

February 26, 2021

Weng, Shih-Jung

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent auditors are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

### MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		December 31, 2020			)	19	
	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	%	 AMOUNT	<u>%</u>
	Current assets						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	2,992,379	15	\$ 2,560,943	13
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)					
	profit or loss - current			140,684	1	63,303	-
1140	Current contract assets	6(18)		5,306,618	26	4,095,623	21
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(3)		50,671	-	157,693	1
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3)		3,679,707	18	4,805,637	25
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties,	6(3) and 7					
	net			150,311	1	229,575	1
1200	Other receivables			14,002	-	10,542	-
130X	Inventories, net	6(4)		2,852,312	14	3,114,071	16
1410	Prepayments	6(5)		574,914	3	361,171	2
1470	Other current assets	8		251,748	1	 236,465	1
11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>			16,013,346	79	 15,635,023	80
	Non-current assets						
1510	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)					
	profit or loss - non-current			535,283	3	527,163	3
1550	Investments accounted for using	6(6)					
	equity method			98,570	-	80,640	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(7), 7 and 8		2,223,383	11	2,211,675	11
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(8)		1,004,862	5	971,068	5
1780	Intangible assets	7		52,792	-	16,695	-
1840	Deferred tax assets	6(22)		170,699	1	152,169	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(6) and 8		162,488	1	 58,445	
15XX	Total non-current assets			4,248,077	21	 4,017,855	20
1XXX	Total Assets		\$	20,261,423	100	\$ 19,652,878	100

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### MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		December 31, 2020 AMOUNT	%	Dece AMO	mber 31, 2019	9 %
	Current liabilities	Notes	<u></u>	AMOUNT		AMO	ONI	
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(9) and 8	\$	1,474,800	7	\$	3,048,408	15
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(18)	Ψ	3,244,815	16		3,495,529	18
2150	Notes payable	0(10)		1,152,035	6		951,202	5
2160	Notes payable - related parties	7		3,897	-		3,272	_
2170	Accounts payable	,		4,098,314	20		4,228,076	22
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		5,532	-		8,100	
2200	Other payables	6(10)		651,328	3		509,591	3
2230	Current tax liabilities	0(10)		165,237	1		97,851	_
2280	Current lease liabilities			106,385	_		107,955	1
2310	Advance receipts			123,228	1		39,092	_
2399	Other current liabilities			107,082	1		98,364	
21XX	Total current liabilities			11,132,653	55	1	2,587,440	64
ZIAA	Non-current liabilities		-	11,132,033		1	2,307,440	04
2530	Bonds payable	6(11)		1 455 420	7			
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(12)		1,455,438 200,000			200,000	1
	Deferred tax liabilities				1			1
2570		6(22)		51,303	-		19,383	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	6(12)		874,040	5		833,369	4
2640	Net defined benefit liability - non-	6(13)		170 122	1		170 165	1
2670	current	((()		178,133	1		170,165	1
2670	Other non-current liabilities	6(6)		3,473			4,553	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			2,762,387	14	•	1,227,470	6
2XXX	<b>Total Liabilities</b>			13,895,040	69	1	3,814,910	70
	Equity							
	Share capital	6(15)						
3110	Ordinary shares			1,872,192	9		1,868,400	10
	Capital surplus	6(14)(16)						
3200	Capital surplus			1,029,109	5		982,882	5
	Retained earnings	6(17)						
3310	Legal reserve			841,627	4		771,326	4
3320	Special reserve			170,247	1		92,239	1
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			2,526,327	13		2,255,413	11
	Other equity interest							
3400	Other equity interest		(	167,098) (	1)	(	170,247)	(1)
31XX	Total equity attributable to							
	owners of parent			6,272,404	31		5,800,013	30
36XX	Non-controlling interests	4(3)		93,979			37,955	
3XXX	Total Equity			6,366,383	31		5,837,968	30
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9	_					
	unrecognised contract commitments							
	Significant events after the balance	11						
	sheet date							
3X2X	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$	20,261,423	100	\$ 1	9,652,878	100
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share)

			Year ended December 31,							
				2020		2019				
Items		Notes		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	%			
4000	Operating Revenue	6(18) and 7	\$	25,119,857	100 \$	24,182,681	100			
5000	Operating Costs	6(4)(21) and 7	(	22,019,515)(	88)(	21,615,702)(	89)			
5900	Gross Profit			3,100,342	12	2,566,979	11			
	Operating Expenses	6(21)								
6100	Sales and marketing expenses		(	609,897)(	2)(	654,881)(	3)			
6200	General and administrative									
	expenses		(	929,473)(	4)(	857,743)(	3)			
6300	Research and development									
	expenses		(	184,401)(	1)(	220,168)(	1)			
6450	Impairment on expected credit	12(2)								
	loss		(	175,073)(	1)(	14,849)				
6000	Total operating expenses		(	1,898,844)(	8)(	1,747,641)(	7)			
6900	Operating Profit			1,201,498	4	819,338	4			
	Non-operating Income and									
	Expenses									
7100	Interest income			9,227	-	10,125	-			
7010	Other income	6(19)		65,680	-	85,560	-			
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(20)	(	60,139)	-	55,485	-			
7050	Finance costs		(	67,326)	- (	84,370)	-			
7060	Share of profit of associates and									
	joint ventures accounted for									
	using equity method			810	<u> </u>	4,883				
7000	Total non-operating income									
	and expenses		(	51,748)	<u> </u>	71,683				
7900	<b>Profit before Income Tax</b>			1,149,750	4	891,021	4			
7950	Income tax expense	6(22)	(	274,248)(	1)(	221,901)(	1)			
8200	Net Income		\$	875,502	3 \$	669,120	3			

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# MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share)

				Year	ended 1	Dece	nber 31,	
				2020			2019	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
	Other Comprehensive Income							
8311	Losses on remeasurements of	6(13)						
	defined benefit plans		(\$	10,884)	-	(\$	10,782)	-
8349	Income tax related to	6(22)						
	components of other							
	comprehensive income that will							
	not be reclassified to profit or							
	loss			2,155			2,157	
8310	Other comprehensive loss that							
	will not be reclassified to profit							
	or loss		(	8,729)		(	8,625)	<u> </u>
	Components of other							
	comprehensive income that will							
	be reclassified to profit or loss							
8361	Exchange differences on							
	translation of foreign operations			4,274	-	(	37,108)	-
8370	Share of other comprehensive							
	loss of associates and joint							
	ventures accounted for using							
	equity method		(	343)	-	(	451)	-
8399	Income tax relating to	6(22)						
	components of other							
	comprehensive income that will							
	be reclassified to profit or loss		(	417)		-	7,329	
8360	Other comprehensive income							
	(loss) that will be reclassified							
0000	to profit or loss			3,514		(	30,230)	
8300	Other comprehensive loss, net of						20.044	
	tax		( <u>\$</u>	5,215)		(\$	38,855)	
8500	<b>Total Comprehensive Income</b>		\$	870,287	3	\$	630,265	3
	Profit (loss) attributable to:							
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	913,736	3	\$	703,006	3
8620	Non-controlling interests		(	38,234)		(	33,886)	
	Total		\$	875,502	3	\$	669,120	3
	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:							
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	908,156	3	\$	665,065	3
8720	Non-controlling interests		(	37,869)	-	(	34,800)	_
	Total		\$	870,287	3	\$	630,265	3
9750	Basic earnings per share (in	6(23)						
	dollars)		\$		4.88	\$		3.78
9850	Diluted earnings per share (in	6(23)						
	dollars)		\$		4.85	\$		3.74
	•					_		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent														
			Capita	l Reserves			Retained Earn	nings		Other Equity Interest						
	Notes	Share capital - ordinary shares	Capital Surplus - share premium		al Surplus others	Legal reserve	Special reserve		propriated retained earnings	Financial statement translation differences of foreign operations		Total	Non-contr	rolling interests	Te	otal equity
V 1.1D 1.21.2010																
Year ended December 31, 2019		4 055 040			40.400				2 405 064					#0 #c0		5 mam ana
Balance at January 1, 2019		\$ 1,855,913	\$ 959,959	3	10,422	\$ 692,068	\$ 92,239	\$	2,197,064	(\$ 140,931	\$	5,666,734	\$	70,569	\$	5,737,303
Profit (loss) for the period		-	-		-	-	-		703,006	-		703,006	(	33,886 )		669,120
Other comprehensive loss for the period		<del>-</del>			<u>-</u>			(	8,625	(29,316_)	(	37,941 )	(	914 )	(	38,855 )
Total comprehensive income (loss)		<u> </u>							694,381	(29,316_)		665,065	(	34,800 )		630,265
Appropriations and distribution of 2018 retained earnings:	6(17)															
Legal reserve		-	-		-	79,258	-	(	79,258)	-		-		-		-
Cash dividends		-				-	-	(	556,774 )	-	(	556,774 )		-	(	556,774 )
Share-based payment	6(14)(15)(16)	7,625	9,229	(	3,767)	-	-		-	-		13,087		-		13,087
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(16)	-	-		42	-	-			-		42		-		42
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(15)(16)(25)	4,862	7,500	(	503 )	-	-		-	-		11,859		-		11,859
Change in non-controlling interests					<u> </u>				-					2,186		2,186
Balance at December 31, 2019		\$ 1,868,400	\$ 976,688	\$	6,194	\$ 771,326	\$ 92,239	\$	2,255,413	(\$ 170,247	\$	5,800,013	\$	37,955	\$	5,837,968
Year ended December 31, 2020											-					
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$ 1,868,400	\$ 976,688	\$	6,194	\$ 771,326	\$ 92,239	\$	2,255,413	(\$ 170,247	\$	5,800,013	\$	37,955	\$	5,837,968
Profit (loss) for the period		-			-				913,736			913,736	(	38,234)		875,502
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period		-	-		-	-	-	(	8,729)	3,149	(	5,580)		365	(	5,215)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-		-	-			905,007	3,149		908,156	(	37,869)		870,287
Appropriations and distribution of 2019 retained earnings:	6(17)				,											
Legal reserve	, ,	-	-		-	70,301	-	(	70,301)	-		-		-		-
Special reserve		-	-		-	-	78,008	(	78,008)	-		-		-		-
Cash dividends		-	-		-	-	-	(	485,784)	-	(	485,784)		-	(	485,784)
Share-based payment	6(14)(15)(16)	3,792	4,479	(	2,370)	-	-		-	-		5,901		1,431		7,332
Changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries	6(16)	-	-		912	-	-		-	-		912	(	912 )		-
Due to recognition of equity component of convertible bonds issued	6(16)	-	-		43,206	-	-		-	-		43,206		-		43,206
Change in non-controlling interests		-	-			-	-		-	-		-		93,374		93,374
Balance at December 31, 2020		\$ 1,872,192	\$ 981,167	\$	47,942	\$ 841,627	\$170,247	\$	2,526,327	(\$ 167,098	\$	6,272,404	\$	93,979	\$	6,366,383

# MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Years ended I	Decemb	er 31,
	Notes		2020		2019
CACH ELOWIC EDOM ODED ATDACA CTIMITIES					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax		ď	1 140 750	¢	001 021
		\$	1,149,750	\$	891,021
Adjustments					
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	((2)(20)				
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through	6(2)(20)	,	20. 251.)	,	07.017.
profit or loss	12(2)	(	39,251)	(	97,017)
Impairment on expected credit loss Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	12(2)		175,073		14,849
		,	010 \	,	4 002 \
accounted for using equity method	6(7)(9)(21)	(	810)	(	4,883)
Depreciation	6(7)(8)(21)		317,411		326,822
Amortisation	6(21)		20,329		15,897
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and	6(7)(20)		4 107	,	2 702 \
equipment	((14)(16)(21)		4,127	(	3,792)
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(14)(16)(21)	,	1,431	,	2,080
Interest income		(	9,227)	(	10,125)
Interest expense	(10)	,	67,325	,	84,370
Dividend income	6(19)	(	16,798)	(	13,856)
Gain recognised from bargain purchase	6(24)	(	309)		-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets			4 240 005		100 010
Contract assets – current		(	1,210,995)		133,918
Notes receivable, net			107,022	(	61,702)
Accounts receivable, net			976,109	(	749,787)
Accounts receivable – related parties, net			79,230	(	120,096)
Other receivables		(	5,905)		11,499
Inventories			270,620		670,780
Prepayments		(	213,537)		56,109
Other current assets		(	21,209)		56,060
Changes in operating liabilities					
Contract liabilities – current		(	250,714)		175,063
Notes payable			200,833	(	79,283)
Notes payable – related parties			625	(	10,402)
Accounts payable		(	152,024)	(	6,938)
Accounts payable – related parties		(	2,568)	(	6,020)
Other payables			142,541	(	70,666)
Advance receipts			84,136		10,547
Other current liabilities			8,719		48,657
Other non-current liabilities		(	2,916)	(	2,574)
Cash inflow generated from operations			1,679,018		1,260,531
Interest received			9,183		10,051
Dividends received			16,798		13,856
Interest paid		(	70,380)	(	83,886)
Income tax paid		(	188,892)	(	224,705)
Net cash flows from operating activities			1,445,727		975,847

(Continued)

# MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (\$ 58,303) (\$ 84,945) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current 12,241 100,661 Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (\$ 58,303) (\$ 84,945) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current 12,241 100,661 Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair
or loss - non-current (\$ 58,303) (\$ 84,945)  Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current 12,241 100,661  Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current 12,241 100,661 Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair
through profit or loss - non-current 12,241 100,661  Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair
·
1 01 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Increase in other financial assets ( 36,865) ( 45,093)
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity
method ( 20,000 ) ( 17,063 )
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments accounted
for using the equity method 1,471 -
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries $6(24)$ ( $3,300$ )
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment 6(7) (215,592) (193,776)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(7) 2,358 41,625
Acquisition of right-of-use assets (4,942) (44,693)
Acquisition of intangible assets ( 56,449) ( 13,283)
Increase in refundable deposits ( 1,708) ( 78,043)
Increase in prepayments for business facilities ( 29,685)
Increase in prepayments for investments ( 28,480 ) -
Dividends received - 3,756
Decrease in other non-current assets 2,650
Net cash flows used in investing activities $(\underline{436,442})$ $(\underline{326,157})$
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES
(Decrese) increase in short-term borrowings 6(26) ( 1,575,565 ) 440,129
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options $6(14)$ $5,902$ $12,078$
Repayments of lease principal 6(8)(26) ( 91,033 ) ( 114,231 )
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits received (12)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds $6(11)(26)$ $1,495,000$
Cash dividends paid 6(17) ( 485,784 ) ( 556,774 )
Changes in non-controlling interests 93,374 1,116
Net cash flows used in financing activities (558,118) (217,671)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash
equivalents ( 19,731 ) ( 26,433 )
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 431,436 405,586
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 6(1) 2,560,943 2,155,357
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 6(1) \$ 2,992,379 \$ 2,560,943

# MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Marketech International Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated in the Republic of China (R.O.C) on December 27, 1988. On October 17, 2002, the Company's common shares were officially listed on the Taiwan Over-The-Counter Securities Exchange and on May 24, 2004, the shares were transferred to be listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are mainly engaged in (i) import and trade of various integrated circuits, semiconductors, electrical and computer equipment and materials, chemicals, gas, components; (ii) factory affair and mechatronic system including clean room, automatic supply system of (specialty) gas and chemicals, monitoring system, Turn-key and Hook-up Project services and (iii) design and manufacturing of customized equipment. Ennoconn International Investment Co., Ltd. owns 44.58% of the shares of the Company. The ultimate parent company of the Company is Ennoconn Corporation.

### 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on February 26, 2021.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2020 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8, 'Disclosure initiative-definition of material'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Definition of a business'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7, 'Interest rate benchmark reform'	January 1, 2020
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions'	June 1, 2020 (Note)

Note: Earlier application from January 1, 2020 is allowed by the FSC.

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

### (2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9'	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, 'Interest Rate Benchmark Reform— Phase 2'	January 1, 2021

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### (3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract' Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022 January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
  - (b) Liabilities on cash-settled share-based payment arrangements measured at fair value.
  - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
  - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.
  - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

(e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

#### B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Percentage of O	wnership (%)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Note
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	Contracting for semiconductor automatic supply system	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Headquarter International Ltd.	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Tiger United Finance Ltd.	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Market Go Profits Ltd.	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Global Corp.	International trade	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	Trading, installation and repair of various machinery equipment and its peripherals; consulting service and software execution service associated with computer hardware installation	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Engineering Pte. Ltd.	Contracting for electrical installation construction	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	eZoom Information, Inc.	Research, trading and consulting of information system software and hardware appliance	100	100	-

			Percentage of O	wnership (%)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Note
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Co., Ltd.	Specialized contracting and related repair services; equipment sales and repair, sales of cosmetics and daily necessities; production, development and implementation of software and providing coding service; providing installation service of industrial machine and equipment	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Manufacturing Company Limited	Design, manufacturing, installation of automatic production equipment and its parts	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Sdn. Bhd.	Specialized contracting and related repair services	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	PT Marketech International Indonesia	Trading of machine equipment and parts	99.92	99.92	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Netherlands B.V.	International trade of machine and components and technical service	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	ADAT Technology CO., LTD. (ADAT)	Research, development, application, and service of software; supply of electronic information and the buying and selling of equipment	26.74	29.41	Note 1
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	Specialized contracting and related repair services	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Spiro Technology Systems Inc.	International trade	100	-	-
Marketech International Corp.	Smart Health Corp.	Smart medical consulting services and investment	100	-	Note 2
Market Go Profits Ltd.	MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-

			Percentage of Ownership (%)		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Note
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Russky H.K. Limited	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MICT International Limited	Investment holdings and reinvestment	60	60	-
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Frontken MIC Co., Limited	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	Design, manufacturing, installation and maintenance of semiconductor device, crystal dedicated device, electronic component device, environment pollution preventing equipment; assembly of wrapping device and cooling equipment; assembly of barbecue grill; producing, assembling and sale of LED illuminator and its component; wholesale, commission agency and import and export of the aforementioned products and their components, textile, commodities, chemical products and cosmetics; lease of self-owned plants; design, manufacturing, sales and installation of automatic warehousing equipment and accessories, automatic logistics transporting equipment and accessories; R&D, sales and installation of supplementary engineering in logistics dispatch system, manufacturing and sales of medical devices.	100	100	

			Percentage of O	wnership (%)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Note
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	Wholesale, commission agency, maintenance, repairment, manufacture, import and export of semiconductor production, inspection equipment and its consumables and boilers that generate electricity; storage and allocation of mainly chemical and boiler products; international and entrepot trade; trading and trading agency among enterprises in customs bonded area; consulting services in customs bonded area	100	100	-
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Installation and construction of mechanical and electrical systems; construction of chemical and petroleum projects; construction of public municipal infrastructure projects; professional building renovation and decoration services; design and construction of smart buildings; construction of electronic projects and related technical services and consulting.  Building equipment, building materials (excluding steel and cement), electronic products, chemical products (excluding hazardous products), metal products, electrical equipment, wholesale of communications equipment, commission-based agency (excluding auctions) and import-export business, and delivery of all related and supplementary services	100	100	
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Fuzhou Jiwei System Integrated Co., Ltd.	Installation and complete services of clean room, mechanical system, street pipe system	100	100	-

			Percentage of O	wnership (%)
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MIC-Tech China Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Wholesale, commission agency and import and export of chemical products (except for hazardous chemicals, chemicals used in production of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and special chemicals), semiconductors, inspection equipment and its consumables, solar equipment consumables and boilers that generate electricity, International and entrepot trade, trading and trading agency among enterprises in customs bonded area, consulting service for trading, installation, repair, and maintenance of automation equipment, electronic equipment, and their parts	100	100
Russky H.K. Limited	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	Production of scrubber bins for semiconductor manufacturers; design, installation, debugging and technology services of tunnel system; equipment repair for semiconductor manufacturers; consulting service for electrical and medical equipment wholesale, commissioned distribution, export, import and related services of electronic products, machinery equipment, chemical products, communication equipment, metal products, plastic products	87	87
Russky H.K. Limited	PT Marketech International Indonesia	Trading of machine equipment and parts	0.08	0.08

			Percentage of Ownership (%)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
MICT International Limited	Integrated Manufacturing & Services Co., Ltd.	Development of special equipment for solar cell production, manufacture of optical engine, lighting source, projection screen, high definition projection cathode-ray tube and micro-display module, and production, cleaning and regeneration of new electrical device; sells the products manufactured by itself; machinery equipment, research and development, transfer, consulting and service of semiconductor-related technology; processing of metal salvage and junk (except for hazardous chemicals and hazardous waste); metallic material (except for steels and noble metal), ceramic product, paper products and wholesale, retail and import and export of hardware products	60	60
Frontken MIC Co., Limited	Frontken- MIC (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Research of specialized cleaning equipment of semiconductor device and integrated circuit, cleaning of special components of semiconductor device, integrated circuit and micromodule and cleaning technology for semiconductors, assembling, installation and maintenance of cooling equipment; design, manufacture, sale and installation of automatic warehouse equipment and fittings, and automatic logistics transporting equipment and fittings; development, sale and installation of computer aided engineering; wholesale, commission, import and export of above products and parts	100	100

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary		Percentage of Ownership (%)		
		Main business activities	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Note
Marketech	Marketech	Specialized contracting	97.69	97.69	-
Engineering	Integrated	for electrical installation			
Pte. Ltd.	Construction	construction			
	Co., Ltd.				

- Note 1: The Company holds less than 50% share ownership in ADAT Technology CO., LTD. However, as the definition of control is met, the subsidiary is included in the consolidated entities.
- Note 2 : Smart Health Corp. was included in the consolidated entities in July 2020. Please refer to Note 6(6) for the details.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the non-controlling interests amounted to \$93,979 and \$37,955, respectively. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests are not material to the Group.

#### (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars (NTD), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair

- value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) Foreign exchange gains and loss based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within other gains and losses.

#### B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
  - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
  - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
  - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate or joint arrangement, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate or joint arrangement after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, or losing joint control of the former joint arrangement, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- (c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group still retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (d) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

#### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:
  - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

The Group classifies assets that do not meet the above criteria as non-current.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:
  - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Group classifies liabilities that do not meet the above criteria as non-current.

C. Assets and liabilities relating to the construction contracts are classified as current and non-current based on the operating cycle.

#### (6) Cash and cash equivalents

- A. Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, bank deposits and other short-term and highly liquid investments in the statements of cash flows.
- B. Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

#### (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognizes the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognizes the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognizes the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (8) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (9) Impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date, for accounts receivable, contract assets and financial guarantee contracts that have a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

#### (10) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

#### (11) Inventories

The perpetual inventory system is adopted for inventory recognition. Cost is the basis for recognition and is determined using the weighted-average method. Costs include acquisition, manufacturing or processing costs to make inventories available for sale or use. These exclude borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value for the measure of the ending inventories. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

#### (12) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity are not recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.

- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- H. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

#### (13) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings $2 \sim 55$  yearsMachinery and equipment $3 \sim 15$  yearsOther equipment $2 \sim 10$  years

#### (14) Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

  Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable. The
  - Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
  - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; and
  - (b) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.
  - The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.
- D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

#### (15) <u>Intangible assets</u>

#### A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 1 to 10 years.

#### B. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

#### C. Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets are technology royalties which are stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over the contract duration.

#### (16) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.
- B. Goodwill is evaluated annually and is recorded as cost less impairment loss. Impairment loss of goodwill shall not be reversed.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

#### (17) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### (18) Notes and accounts payable

Notes and accounts payable are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. They are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. However, short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (19) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible corporate bonds issued by the Company contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Company's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Company classifies the bonds payable and derivative features embedded in convertible corporate bonds on initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument ('capital surplus - stock options') in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial asset, a financial liability and an equity instrument. Convertible corporate bonds are accounted for as follows:

- A. Call options and put options embedded in convertible corporate bonds are recognized initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognized as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. Bonds payable of convertible corporate bonds is initially recognized at fair value and subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortized in profit or loss as an adjustment to the 'finance costs' over the period of bond circulation using the effective interest method.
- C. Conversion options embedded in convertible corporate bonds issued by the Company, which meet the definition of an equity instrument, are initially recognized in 'capital surplus stock options' at the residual amount of total issue price less amounts of 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' and 'bonds payable net' as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of convertible corporate bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including 'bonds payable' and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The book value of common shares issued due to the conversion shall be based on the adjusted book value of the above-mentioned liability component plus the book value of capital surplus stock options.

#### (20) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (21) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the Group to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is initially recognized at its fair value adjusted for transaction costs on the trade date. After initial recognition, the financial guarantee is measured at the higher of the initial fair value less cumulative amortization and the best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation on each balance sheet date.

#### (22) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss.

#### (23) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expense in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

#### (a) Defined contribution plan

For defined contribution plan, the contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### (b) Defined benefit plan

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plan are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

#### (24) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

#### (25) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.

- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.

#### (26) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### (27) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

#### (28) Revenue recognition

#### A. Sales of goods or products

- (a) The Group manufactures and sells a range of various integrated circuits, semiconductors, electrical and computer equipment and materials, chemicals, gas, components. Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the customers have full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers, and either the customers have accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) Sales revenue from products is recognized based on the contract price, and the amount is limited to the part that is highly possible of not incurring a significant reversal. The sales are usually made with a credit term of 30 days, which is consistent with the market practice. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or services and the payment of customers may possibly exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to

- reflect the time value of money. However, the individual financial components of contracts are not significant.
- (c) A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### B. Construction contract

- (a) The Group is engaged in factory affair and mechatronic system including clean room, automatic supply system of (specialty) gas and chemicals, monitor system, turn-key and hook-up project services. Construction contract revenue from providing services is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognized based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. This is determined based on the actual costs spent relative to the total expected costs. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognized.
- (b) The Group's estimate of revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management becomes aware of the changes in circumstances.

#### (29) Business combinations

A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.

B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquiried and the fair value of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognized and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

#### (30) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

# 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION</u> UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

#### (2) <u>Critical accounting estimates and assumptions</u>

#### A. Construction contract

The Group recognizes contract revenue and profit based on management's evaluation to contract profit and percentage of completion. Management assesses and adjusts the contract profit and cost during execution of the contract. The actual result of the total profit and cost may be higher or lower than the estimation, and the effect is recognized in revenue and profit.

#### B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

#### C. Loss assessment of accounts receivable

During the process of assessing the loss allowance of receivables, the Group uses judgement in evaluating the collectability of receivables. The collectability assessment is affected by various

factors: customers' financial conditions, historical transaction records, current economic conditions, etc. If the collectability of those accounts is in doubt, the Group is required to individually assess the possibility of recovery and make appropriate allowances for the amount. Since the evaluation of allowance is based on the status as of balance sheet date for reasonable expectations of future events, the actual results may be different than the estimation. Therefore, it may have significant changes.

## 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Dece	December 31, 2019		
Cash on hand	\$	15,483	\$	15,692
Checking accounts and demand deposits		2,976,563		2,530,778
Time deposits		333		14,473
Total	\$	2,992,379	\$	2,560,943

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. Except for the cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as shown in Note 8 that was transferred to 'other current assets', the Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

## (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Decen	nber 31, 2020	Decen	nber 31, 2019
\$	8,197	\$	7,439
	3,000		<u> </u>
	11,197		7,439
	129,487		55,864
\$	140,684	\$	63,303
\$	12,474	\$	16,582
	429,048		403,291
	8,970		4,720
	52,748		35,959
	503,240		460,552
	32,043		66,611
\$	535,283	\$	527,163
	\$ \$	\$ 8,197 3,000 11,197 129,487 \$ 140,684 \$ 12,474 429,048 8,970 52,748 503,240 32,043	\$\frac{3,000}{11,197} \\ \frac{129,487}{\$\\$} \\ \$\frac{140,684}{\$\\$} \\ \$\frac{12,474}{\$429,048} \\ \frac{8,970}{52,748} \\ \frac{503,240}{32,043} \\ \$\frac{32,043}{\$\}

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

		Years ended December 31,						
		2020	2019					
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair								
value through profit or loss								
Equity instruments	\$	83,766 \$	99,939					
Hybrid instruments	(	44,515) (	2,922)					
	\$	39,251 \$	97,017					

B. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.

# (3) Notes and accounts receivable

	Decer	nber 31, 2020	December 31, 2019			January 1, 2019		
Notes receivable	\$	50,671	\$	157,693	\$	95,991		
	Decer	mber 31, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 2019	De	ecember 31, 2019		
Accounts receivable	\$	4,364,184	\$	5,411,482	\$	4,766,868		
Less: Loss allowance	(	684,477)	(	605,845)	(	615,674)		
Total	\$	3,679,707	\$	4,805,637	\$	4,151,194		

The above accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers.

A. The ageing analysis of notes and accounts receivable (including related parties) that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

# (a) Notes receivable

	Dece	mber 31, 2020	Dece	mber 31, 2019
Not past due	<u>\$</u>	50,671	\$	157,693
(b) Accounts receivable				
	Dece	mber 31, 2020	Dece	mber 31, 2019
Not past due	\$	2,967,744	\$	3,814,529
Up to 90 days		422,476		546,196
91 to 180 days		143,148		218,135
181 to 365 days		168,689		246,853
Over 365 days		812,474		815,346
	\$	4,514,531	\$	5,641,059

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$50,671 and \$157,693, respectively. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable (including related parties) was \$3,830,018 and \$5,035,212, respectively.
- C. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- D. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

#### (4) <u>Inventories</u>

		Decemb	per 31, 2020		
		Allo	wance for		
		valuati	on loss and		
			n obsolete		
			ow-moving		
	 Cost	inve	entories	_	Book value
Materials	\$ 378,238	(\$	26,880)	\$	351,358
Merchandise inventory	726,395	(	76,292)		650,103
Raw materials	719,097	(	35,857)		683,240
Supplies	46,144	(	3,546)		42,598
Work in process	948,152	(	26,278)		921,874
Semi-finished goods and finished goods	 244,508	(	41,369)		203,139
Total	\$ 3,062,534	(\$	210,222)	\$	2,852,312
			_		
		Decemb	per 31, 2019		
		Allo	wance for		
		valuati	on loss and		
			n obsolete		
			ow-moving		
	 Cost	inve	entories	_	Book value
Materials	\$ 542,663	(\$	34,709)	\$	507,954
Merchandise inventory	569,064	(	14,971)		554,093
Raw materials	750,329	(	33,630)		716,699
Supplies	40,437	(	2,694)		37,743
	,				
Work in process	1,145,266	(	14,894)		1,130,372
Work in process Semi-finished goods and finished goods	 1,145,266 196,272	(	14,894) 29,062)		1,130,372 167,210

A. Relevant expenses of inventories recognized as operating costs for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,						
		2020		2019			
Construction cost	\$	10,521,441	\$	12,052,139			
Cost of sales		10,387,824		8,548,527			
Other operating cost		1,031,291		1,027,858			
Loss on (gain on reversal of) market value decline and							
obsolete and slow-moving inventories (Note)		78,959	(	12,822)			
Total	\$	22,019,515	\$	21,615,702			

Note: The Group reversed a previous inventory write-down which was accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold because the Group sold inventories, which had been previously provided with inventory valuation loss.

B. The Group has no inventories pledged to others.

## (5) Prepayments

	Decen	December 31, 2019		
Prepayment for purchases	\$	442,499	\$	278,213
Others		132,415		82,958
Total	\$	574,914	\$	361,171

# (6) Investments accounted for using equity method

A. Details of investments accounted for using equity method:

		December	31, 2020		December	31, 2019
	C	arrying	% interest	C	Carrying	% interest
	a	mount	held	_ 8	amount	held
Glory Technology Service Inc.	\$	67,579	29.24%	\$	63,804	29.24%
Vertex System Corporation		18,046	38.83%		-	-
Fortune Blessing Co., Limited		11,121	27.78%		13,512	27.78%
MIC Techno Co., Ltd.		1,824	20%		1,834	20%
Smart Health Corp. (Note)		-	-		1,490	42.86%
Leader Fortune Enterprise Co., Ltd.	(	3,395)	31.43%	(	4,462)	31.43%
		95,175			76,178	
Add: Credit balance of long-term equity investment transferred to						
'other non-current liabilities'		3,395			4,462	
Total	\$	98,570		\$	80,640	
Prepayments to long-term investments (listed as 'other non-current assets')						
Unlisted stocks	\$	28,480		<u>\$</u>		

Note: In July 2020, the equity interests in Smart Health Corp. acquired by the Group totaled to 100%. Accordingly, Smart Health Corp. was included in the consolidated entities since the date the Group obtained control over it after comprehensive assessment.

## B. Associates

Associates accounted for using equity method are all individually immaterial and the Group's share of the operating results are summarized below:

	Years ended December 31,						
		2020	2019				
Profit for the year from continuing operations	\$	3,726 \$	16,453				
Other comprehensive loss - net of tax	(	342) (	1,709)				
Total comprehensive income	\$	3,384 \$	14,744				

C. The investments accounted for using equity method for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were evaluated based on the financial statements of the entities which were audited by independent auditors.

# (7) Property, plant and equipment

					20	20				
				M	achinery and					
	 Land		Buildings	(	equipment	Off	fice equipment		Others	Total
At January 1										
Cost	\$ 183,542	\$	2,789,288	\$	623,216	\$	240,160	\$	31,075	\$ 3,867,281
Accumulated depreciation	 	(	1,015,124)	(	460,227)	(	164,785)	(	15,470) (	1,655,606)
Book value	\$ 183,542	\$	1,774,164	\$	162,989	\$	75,375	<u>\$</u>	15,605	\$ 2,211,675
Year ended December 31										
Opening net book amount	\$ 183,542	\$	1,774,164	\$	162,989	\$	75,375	\$	15,605	\$ 2,211,675
Additions	-		61,990		25,609		26,948		101,045	215,592
Acquired from business combination	-		-		-		2		-	2
Transfers (Note)	-		4,384		-		6,000	(	11,774) (	1,390)
Disposals	-	(	550)	(	4,651)	(	1,227)	(	65) (	6,493)
Depreciation	-	(	140,700)	(	41,283)	(	30,893)	(	2,233) (	215,109)
Net exchange differences	 _		17,768		731		391		216	19,106
Closing net book amount	\$ 183,542	\$	1,717,056	\$	143,395	\$	76,596	\$	102,794	\$ 2,223,383
At December 31										
Cost	\$ 183,542	\$	2,873,152	\$	636,594	\$	262,570	\$	119,830	\$ 4,075,688
Accumulated depreciation	 	(	1,156,096)	(	493,199)	(	185,974)	(	17,036) (	1,852,305)
Book value	\$ 183,542	\$	1,717,056	\$	143,395	\$	76,596	\$	102,794	\$ 2,223,383

					20	)19					
		Machinery and									
		Land	Buildings		equipment		ice equipment	Others		Total	
At January 1											
Cost	\$	205,438 \$	2,389,961	\$	636,198	\$	227,223	\$	326,017 \$	3,784,837	
Accumulated depreciation		- (	913,855) (	<u> </u>	474,127)	(	148,881)	(	16,041) (	1,552,904)	
Book value	\$	205,438 \$	1,476,106	\$	162,071	\$	78,342	\$	309,976 \$	2,231,933	
Year ended December 31											
Opening net book amount	\$	205,438 \$	1,476,106	\$	162,071	\$	78,342	\$	309,976 \$	2,231,933	
Additions		-	65,622		50,445		25,370		57,222	198,659	
Transfers (Note)		-	347,172		777		3,579	(	356,412) (	4,884)	
Disposals	(	21,896) (	1,190) (		12,947)	(	1,540)	(	158) (	37,731)	
Depreciation		- (	109,457) (	<b>,</b>	36,255)	(	29,918)	(	2,573) (	178,203)	
Net exchange differences		- (	4,089) (	<u> </u>	1,102)	(	458)		7,550	1,901	
Closing net book amount	\$	183,542 \$	1,774,164	\$	162,989	\$	75,375	\$	15,605 \$	2,211,675	
At December 31											
Cost	\$	183,542 \$	2,789,288	\$	623,216	\$	240,160	\$	31,075 \$	3,867,281	
Accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>		1,015,124) (	<u>,                                     </u>	460,227)	(	164,785)	(	15,470) (	1,655,606)	

Note: The transfer amount is primarily due to the transfer from completion of construction in progress and equipment under acceptance after inspection to buildings and office equipment, etc.

162,989 \$

75,375 \$

15,605

2,211,675

1,774,164 \$

A. The property, plant and equipment are all owner-occupied.

Book value

- B. The Group has no interest capitalised to property, plant and equipment.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

183,542 \$

#### (8) Leasing arrangements—lessee

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, office equipment, and other equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 75 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise buildings, machinery and equipment, office equipment, and other equipment. Consequently, those leases are not included in the right-of-use assets.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	Decem	ber 31, 2020	Decemb	per 31, 2019
	Carrying amount		Carryi	ng amount
Land	\$	751,666	\$	700,270
Buildings		188,225		209,363
Office equipment		312		54
Other equipment		64,659		61,381
	\$	1,004,862	\$	971,068
		Years ended	Decembe	er 31,
		2020		2019
	Deprec	ciation charge	Depreci	ation charge
Land	\$	20,239	\$	22,051
Buildings		52,661		92,800
Machinery and equipment		-		149
Office equipment		114		591
Other equipment		29,288		33,028
	\$	102,302	\$	148,619

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$142,764 and \$94,641, respectively.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2020		2019	
Items affecting profit or loss					
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	16,798	\$	18,378	
Expense on short-term lease contracts		85,834		20,450	
	\$	102,632	\$	38,828	

F. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$193,665 and \$153,059, respectively.

# G. Extension options

- (a) Extension options are included in approximately 43 % of the Group's lease contracts pertaining to land. These options are expected to be exercised for maximizing optional flexibility in terms of managing contracts.
- (b) In determining the lease term, the Group takes into consideration all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option. The assessment of lease period is reviewed if a significant event occurs which affects the assessment.

#### (9) Short-term borrowings

	Decen	nber 31, 2020	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Credit borrowings	\$	1,420,900	0.75%~4.15%	None
Mortgage loan		53,900	2.15482%~2.18675%	Buildings
	\$	1,474,800		
	Decen	nber 31, 2019	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Credit borrowings	\$	3,001,620	0.88%~4.785%	None
Mortgage loan		46,788	3.51506%~3.584%	Buildings

Details of mortgage loan are provided in Note 8.

## (10) Other payables

	Decem	nber 31, 2020	Decemb	er 31, 2019
Salaries and bonus payable	\$	459,500	\$	331,370
Accrued employees' compensation and directors'				
remuneration		140,756		108,544
Others		51,072	-	69,677
Total	\$	651,328	\$	509,591
(11) Bonds Payable				
	Decem	nber 31, 2020	Decemb	er 31, 2019
Bonds payable	\$	1,500,000	\$	-
Less: Discount on bonds payable	(	44,562)		_
	\$	1,455,438	\$	-

- A. The Company issued the 4th domestic unsecured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority on November 27, 2020. The terms and conditions are as follows:
  - (a) Total issuance amount: NT\$1,500,000
  - (b) Issuance period: 3 years, and a circulation period from December 15, 2020 to December 15, 2023.
  - (c) Coupon rate: 0%

- (d) Conversion period: The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after three months of the bonds before the maturity date, except the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
- (e) The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds, and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted.

#### (f) Redemption method:

- i. Redemption on the maturity date: Redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date.
- ii. Redemption before the maturity date: The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company's common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after one month of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date, or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after one month of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date.
- iii. Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed, matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- (g) As of December 31, 2020, no convertible bonds were converted.
- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options amounting to \$43,206 were separated from the liability component and were recognized in 'capital surplus—stock warrants' in accordance with IAS 32. The call options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts and were recognized in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IAS 39 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rate of the bonds payable after such separation is 1.0255%.

## (12) Long-term borrowings

	Borrowing period and				
Type of borrowings	repayment term	Interest rate	<u>Collateral</u>	December	31, 2020
Long-term bank					
borrowings					
Credit borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 28, 2020 to March 27, 2022; interest is payable monthly; principal is payable at maturity date	0.830%	None	\$	200,000
	Borrowing period and				
Type of borrowings	repayment term	Interest rate	<u>Collateral</u>	December	31, 2019
Long-term bank borrowings					
Credit borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 27, 2019 to March 26, 2021; interest is payable monthly; principal is payable at maturity date	0.978%	None	\$	200,000

#### (13) Pensions

- A. (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by the end of December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.
  - (b) The amounts recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:

	Decen	nber 31, 2020	Decer	nber 31, 2019
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$	324,881	\$	306,398
Fair value of plan assets	(	146,748)	(	136,233)
Net defined benefit liability	\$	178,133	\$	170,165

# (c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

			2	2020		
		ent value of ned benefit	Fair	value of	Net defined	
		oligations	assets			efit liability
Balance at January 1	(\$	306,398)			(\$	170,165)
Current service cost	(	1,003)			(	1,003)
Interest (expense) income	(	2,284)		1,030	(	1,254)
Settlement profit	`	111		_	`	111
r	(	309,574)		137,263	(	172,311)
Remeasurements:	`				`	
Return on plan assets		_		4,423		4,423
(excluding amounts included in interest				,		,
income or expense)						
Change in demographic assumptions	(	286)		-	(	286)
Change in financial assumptions	(	15,645)		-	(	15,645)
Experience adjustments		624				624
	(	15,307)		4,423	(	10,884)
Pension fund contribution				5,062	-	5,062
Balance at December 31	( <u>\$</u>	324,881)	\$	146,748	(\$	178,133)
			2	2019		
	Pres	ent value of		2019 value of		
		ent value of ned benefit			Ne	et defined
	defi		Fair	value of		et defined
Balance at January 1	defi	ned benefit	Fair	value of plan		
Balance at January 1 Current service cost	defi ob	ned benefit	Fair	value of plan	bene	efit liability
•	defi ob	ned benefit bligations 290,342)	Fair	value of plan	bene	efit liability 161,957)
Current service cost	defi ob	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088)	Fair	value of plan assets 128,385	bene	161,957) 1,088)
Current service cost	defi ob	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088) 2,886)	Fair	value of plan assets 128,385	bene	161,957) 1,088) 1,589)
Current service cost Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets	defi 	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088) 2,886)	Fair	value of plan assets 128,385	bene	161,957) 1,088) 1,589)
Current service cost Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest	defi 	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088) 2,886)	Fair	value of plan assets 128,385 - 1,297 129,682	bene	161,957) 1,088) 1,589) 164,634)
Current service cost Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or expense)	defi 	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088) 2,886) 294,316)	Fair	value of plan assets 128,385 - 1,297 129,682	bene	161,957) 1,088) 1,589) 164,634) 4,419
Current service cost Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or expense) Change in demographic assumptions	defi 	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088) 2,886) 294,316)	Fair	value of plan assets 128,385 - 1,297 129,682	bene	efit liability 161,957) 1,088) 1,589) 164,634) 4,419
Current service cost Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or expense) Change in demographic assumptions Change in financial assumptions	defi 	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088) 2,886) 294,316)	Fair	value of plan assets 128,385 - 1,297 129,682	bene	161,957) 1,088) 1,589) 164,634) 4,419 704) 8,749)
Current service cost Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or expense) Change in demographic assumptions	defi 	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088) 2,886) 294,316) - 704) 8,749) 5,748)	Fair	value of plan assets  128,385  - 1,297  129,682  4,419	bene	161,957) 1,088) 1,589) 164,634) 4,419 704) 8,749) 5,748)
Current service cost Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or expense) Change in demographic assumptions Change in financial assumptions Experience adjustments	defi 	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088) 2,886) 294,316)	Fair	value of plan assets  128,385  - 1,297  129,682  4,419  4,419	bene	161,957) 1,088) 1,589) 164,634) 4,419 704) 8,749) 5,748) 10,782)
Current service cost Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or expense) Change in demographic assumptions Change in financial assumptions Experience adjustments  Pension fund contribution	defi 	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088) 2,886) 294,316)  - 704) 8,749) 5,748) 15,201) -	Fair	value of plan assets  128,385  1,297  129,682  4,419  4,419  5,251	bend   (\$   (	161,957) 1,088) 1,589) 164,634) 4,419 704) 8,749) 5,748)
Current service cost Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or expense) Change in demographic assumptions Change in financial assumptions Experience adjustments	defi 	ned benefit bligations 290,342) 1,088) 2,886) 294,316) - 704) 8,749) 5,748)	Fair	value of plan assets  128,385  - 1,297  129,682  4,419  4,419	bend   (\$   (	161,957) 1,088) 1,589) 164,634) 4,419 704) 8,749) 5,748) 10,782)

- (d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilization plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilization for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilization of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company has no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company is unable to disclose the classification of plan asset fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilization Report announced by the government.
- (e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	Year	s end	led Decen	December 31,				
			_	2020	)		201	19
Discount rate			_		0.30	<u></u>		0.75%
Future salary increases								2.00%
		Discou	ınt ra	ate	F	uture sala	ıry inc	reases
	I	ncrease	D	ecrease	In	crease	De	ecrease
		0.25% 0.25%		0.25%	0.25%		0.25%	
<u>December 31, 2020</u>								
Effect on present value of			_		_			
defined benefit obligation	(\$	8,804)	\$	9,158	\$	8,980	( <u>\$</u>	8,681)
<u>December 31, 2019</u>								
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	(\$	8,775)	\$	9,140	\$	9,004	(\$	8,691)

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

- (f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2021 amount to \$6,166.
- (g) As of December 31, 2020, the weighted average duration of the defined benefit retirement plan is 11 years.

- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
  - (b) The Company's Mainland China subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on a certain percentage of the employees' monthly salaries and wages. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
  - (c) Certain overseas subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Contributions to an independent fund are based on a certain percentage of the employees' monthly salaries and wages and are recognized as pension cost. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
  - (d) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plan of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were \$78,023 and \$104,741, respectively.

#### (14) Share-based payment

A. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

			Quantity		
	Type of		granted	Contract	Vesting
<b>Issuing Company</b>	arrangement	Grant date	(in thousands)	period	conditions
The Company	Employee stock	2015.9.11	3,956	6 years	2~4 years'
	options				service
Subsidiary-ADAT	"	2019.4.1	436	"	0~2 years'
					service
"	"	2019.9.1	314	"	"
"	"	2020.5.1	27	"	"
		2020 0 1	105		
"	"	2020.9.1	137	**	11

The above share-based payment arrangements are all settled by equity.

# B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows: (a)The Company

	Years ended December 31,								
	_	20		20	)1	9			
						Weig	hted-		
				average				aver	age
		No. of	ex	ercise price		No. of	е	exercis	e price
	_	options	_(	(in dollars)	_	options		(in do	ollars)
Options outstanding at beginning									
of the year		548	\$	15.70		1,325		\$	16.70
Options exercised	(	379)		15.57	(	763)			15.84
Options forfeited	_	_		-	(_	14)			-
Options outstanding at end of the year	_	169		15.20	_	548			15.70
Options exercisable at end of the year	_	169			_	548			
Options approved but not yet issued at end of the year	_	44				44			

# (b)Subsidiary-ADAT

	_	Years ended December 31,						
	_	20	20		20	)19		
		Weighted- average			Weighted- average			
		No. of options		ercise price in dollars)	No. of options	exercise price (in dollars)		
Options outstanding at beginning								
of the year		549	\$	10.00	-	\$ -		
Options granted		164		10.00	750	10.00		
Options exercised	(	237)		10.00 (	201)	10.00		
Options forfeited	(_	30)			_	-		
Options outstanding at end of the year	_	446		10.00	549	10.00		
Options exercisable at end of the year	_	48		_	24			
Options approved but not yet issued at end of the year	=	40		=	204			

C. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

			December	r 31, 2020
	Issue date		No. of shares	Exercise price
Issuing Company	approved	Expiry date	(in thousands)	(in dollars)
The Company	2015.9.11	2021.9.10	169	\$ 15.20
Subsidiary-ADAT	2019.4.1	2025.3.31	174	10.00
"	2019.9.1	2025.8.31	229	10.00
"	2020.5.1	2026.4.30	19	10.00
"	2020.9.1	2026.8.31	24	10.00
			December	r 31, 2019
	Issue date		No. of shares	Exercise price
Issuing Company	approved	Expiry date	(in thousands)	(in dollars)
The Company	2015.9.11	2021.9.10	548	\$ 15.70
Subsidiary-ADAT	2019.4.1	2025.3.31	320	10.00
"	2019.9.1	2025.8.31	229	10.00

D. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

			,	Stock	E	xercise	Expected				Fai	r value
Issuing	Type of	Grant	]	price		price	price	Expected	Expected	Risk-free	pe	er unit
Company	a <u>rrangemen</u> t	date	(in	dollars)	(in	dollars)	volatility	option life	$\underline{\text{dividends}}$	interest rate	(in	dollars)
The Company	Employee	2015.9.11	\$	19.60	\$	19.60	34.91%	4.375	0%	0.81%	\$	5.8326
	stock							years				
	options											
Subsidiary-		2019.4.1		10.00		10.00	47.77%	3.550	0%	0.61%		2.4727
ADAT	"							years				
		2019.9.1		10.00		10.00	44.29%	3.550	0%	0.54%		2.7873
"	"							years				
		2020.5.1		10.00		10.00	38.58%	3.550	0%	0.38%	1	0.4014
"	"							years				
		2020.9.1		10.00		10.00	38.10%	3.550	0%	0.38%		9.9910
"	"							years				

E. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are \$0 and \$1,009 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

F. The expenses incurred by the subsidiary - ADAT on share-based payment transactions amounted to \$1,431 and \$1,071 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

## (15) Share capital

- A. As of December 31, 2020, the Company's authorized capital was \$3,000,000, consisting of 300 million shares of ordinary stock (including 9,800 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$1,872,192 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share amounting to 187,219,200 shares. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.
- B. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,		
	2020	2019	
At January 1	186,839,950	185,591,264	
Conversion of convertible bonds	-	486,186	
Exercise of employee stock options	379,250	762,500	
At December 31	187,219,200	186,839,950	

## (16) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

Details of movements in capital surplus are as follows:

					202	0			
		Employee							
	Sha	re premium	st	ock options	Stoc	k options	(	Others	 Total
At January 1	\$	976,688	\$	3,801	\$	-	\$	2,393	\$ 982,882
Exercise of employee									
stock options		4,479	(	2,370)		-		-	2,109
Changes in ownership interest in									
subsidiaries Due to recognition of equity component of convertible bonds		-		-		-		912	912
issud				<u>-</u>		43,206			43,206
At December 31	\$	981,167	\$	1,431	\$	43,206	\$	3,305	\$ 1,029,109

_	$\sim$	-	_
′)	11	1	

				Employee						
	Share premium		St	stock options		Stock options		Others	Total	
At January 1	\$	959,959	\$	7,568	\$	503	\$	2,351	\$ 970,381	
Exercise of employee										
stock options		9,229	(	4,776)		-		-	4,453	
Compensation cost of employee stock										
options		-		1,009		-		-	1,009	
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted										
for using equity method		-		-		-		42	42	
Conversion of convertible bonds		7,500		<u> </u>	()	503)		<u> </u>	6,997	
At December 31	\$	976,688	\$	3,801	\$		\$	2,393	\$ 982,882	

## (17) <u>Retained earnings</u>

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. Also, special reserve shall be set aside or reversed as required by regulations or the Competent Authority. The remaining amount along with the prior years' unappropriated earnings shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders for appropriation or reserve.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is summarized below: in consideration of the overall environment development and industrial growth, fulfilling future operation development needs as priority and optimizing financial structure, distribution of stock dividends shall not exceed 50% of the dividend distributed.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. (a) In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

- (b) The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with the Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Firms No. 1010012865, dated April 6, 2012, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently.
- E. (a) Details of 2019 and 2018 earnings appropriation resolved by the shareholders on May 27, 2020 and May 30, 2019, respectively are as follows:

		Years ended December 31,							
		20	19			20	18		
_		Amount		Dividends per share (in dollars)		Amount		Dividends per share (in dollars)	
Legal reserve	\$	70,301	\$	-	\$	79,258	\$	_	
Special reserve		78,008		-		-		-	
Cash dividends		485,784		2.6		556,774		3.0	
Total	\$	634,093			\$	636,032			

The earnings appropriation for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 listed above had no difference from that proposed by the Board of Directors on March 5, 2020 and February 18, 2019, respectively.

Information about the earnings distribution for 2019 and 2018 as approved by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(b) Details of 2020 earnings appropriation proposed by the Board of Directors on February 26, 2021 are as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2020				
	Amount		Dividends per share (in dollars)		
		Amount	(III donais)		
Legal reserve	\$	90,500	\$ -		
Reversal of special reserve	(	3,149)	-		
Cash dividends		655,267	3.5		
Total	\$	742,618			

Information about the earnings appropriation for 2020 by the Company as approved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

The earnings appropriation for 2020 has not yet been resolved by the shareholders, thus, no dividend was accrued in these consolidated financial statements.

# (18) Operating revenue

	Years ended December 31,					
	2020			2019		
Sales contract revenue	\$	11,911,863	\$	9,803,692		
Construction contract revenue		11,428,555		12,586,707		
Other contract revenue		1,779,439		1,792,282		
Total	\$	25,119,857	\$	24,182,681		

# A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines:

	Years ended December 31,				
	2020			2019	
R&D and manufacturing of customized equipment	\$	7,243,247	\$	6,684,181	
Sales and service of high-tech equipment					
and materials		6,885,049		5,597,464	
Automatic supplying system		6,079,385		4,806,170	
Total Facility Engineering Turnkey Project		4,912,176		7,094,866	
Total	\$	25,119,857	\$	24,182,681	
Timing of revenue recognition					
At a point in time	\$	12,533,546	\$	10,444,259	
Over time		12,586,311		13,738,422	
Total	\$	25,119,857	\$	24,182,681	

# B. Contract assets and liabilities

(a) The Group has recognized the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities:

	Dece	December 31, 2020		mber 31, 2019	January 1, 2019		
Contract assets: construction contracts	\$	5,306,618	\$	4,095,623	\$	4,229,541	
Contract liabilities: construction contracts	\$	2,478,159	\$	2,440,230	\$	2,202,925	
sales contracts service contracts		725,288 41,368		1,029,742 25,557		1,088,219 29,322	
	\$	3,244,815	\$	3,495,529	\$	3,320,466	

(b) Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year:

	 Years ended December 31,				
	 2020		2019		
Revenue recognized that was included					
in the contract liability balance at the					
beginning of the year					
Construction contracts	\$ 1,311,107	\$	1,721,083		
Sales contracts	517,238		406,827		
Service contracts	 24,354		28,925		
	\$ 1,852,699	\$	2,156,835		

(c) All contracts of the Group are for periods of one year or less or are billed based on time incurred. As permitted under IFRS 15, the transaction prices allocated to these unsatisfied contracts are not disclosed.

# (19) Other income

	 Years ended	December 31,		
	 2020		2019	
Government grants revenue	\$ 26,766	\$	41,895	
Dividend income	16,798		13,856	
Rental revenue	3,808		4,250	
Other income	 18,308		25,559	
Total	\$ 65,680	\$	85,560	

# (20) Other gains and losses

	Years ended December 31,				
		2020	2019		
Net gains on financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss	\$	39,251 \$	97,017		
Foreign exchange losses	(	70,393) (	40,636)		
(Losses) gains on disposals of property, plant and					
equipment	(	4,127)	3,792		
Other losses	(	24,870) (	4,688)		
Total	( <u>\$</u>	60,139) \$	55,485		

# (21) Employee benefit expense, depreciation and amortisation

## A. Employee benefit expense, depreciation and amortisation

	Year ended December 31, 2020					
				Operating		
	Opera	ating costs	expenses			Total
Employee benefit expense						
Wages and salaries	\$	799,416	\$	1,045,097	\$	1,844,513
Compensation cost of employee stock						
options		-		1,431		1,431
Labour and health insurance fees		57,118		54,380		111,498
Pension costs		41,670		38,499		80,169
Other employee benefit expense		26,957		29,291		56,248
Depreciation		196,545		120,866		317,411
Amortisation		9,989		10,340		20,329

	Year ended December 31, 2019					
	Operating					
	Ope	Operating costs expenses		expenses		Total
Employee benefit expense						
Wages and salaries	\$	707,113	\$	924,448	\$	1,631,561
Compensation cost of employee stock						
options		-		2,080		2,080
Labour and health insurance fees		74,147		71,260		145,407
Pension costs		55,777		51,641		107,418
Other employee benefit expense		24,555		28,512		53,067
Depreciation		202,001		124,821		326,822
Amortisation		7,774		8,123		15,897

# B. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

- (a) According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, shall not be higher than 3% for directors' remuneration and shall be 1~15% for employees' compensation. If the company has accumulated deficit, earnings should be reserved to cover losses.
- (b) For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are accrued as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
Employees' compensation	2020			2019		
	\$	127,960	\$	98,676		
Directors' remuneration		12,796		9,868		
	\$	140,756	\$	108,544		

For the year ended December 31, 2020, employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 10% and 1% of distributable profit of current year as of the end of reporting period. The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2020 as resolved by the Board of Directors were \$127,960 and \$12,796, respectively, and the employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash.

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2019 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2019 financial statements. Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### (22) Income tax

## A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2019			
Current tax					
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	275,043 \$	213,649		
Tax on undistributed earnings		714	3,914		
Land value increment tax		-	328		
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(	16,637) (	20,916)		
Total current tax		259,120	196,975		
Deferred tax					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences		15,128	24,926		
Income tax expense	\$	274,248 \$	221,901		

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2020		2019	
Currency translation differences of foreign operations		417)	\$	7,329	
Remeasurements of defined benefit obligations	-	2,155		2,157	
	\$	1,738	\$	9,486	

# B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	Years ended December 31,				
		2020		2019	
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate (Note)	\$	229,950	\$	178,204	
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		60,221		60,371	
Tax on undistributed earnings		714		3,914	
Land value increment tax		-		328	
Adjustments in respect of prior years		(16,637)		(20,916)	
Income tax expense	\$	274,248	\$	221,901	

Note: The basis for computing the applicable tax rate are the rates applicable in the respective countries where the Group entities operate.

# C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences, tax losses and investment tax credits are as follows:

	2020							
						Recognized		
						in other		
			Re	ecognized in	cc	omprehensive		
		January 1	p:	rofit or loss		income	D	ecember 31
Temporary differences:								
—Deferred tax assets:								
Loss allowance on	\$	50,355	\$	11,100	\$	-	\$	61,455
accounts receivable Valuation loss and loss		13,400		9,800		<del>-</del>		23,200
on market value		,		2,000				,,
decline and obsolete								
and slow-moving								
inventories								
Defined benefit		34,033	(	561)		2,155		35,627
obligation								
Impairment loss on		8,349		-		-		8,349
financial assets Unused compensated		4,751		749				5,500
absences payable		4,731		749		_		3,300
Unrealized construction		12,050	(	2,597)		_		9,453
loss		,	`	, ,				,
Unrealized exchange		5,560	(	1,699)		-		3,861
loss								
Exchange differences		23,671		_	(	417)		23,254
on translation Subtotal		152,169	-	16,792	<u></u>	1,738		170,699
		132,109		10,792		1,730		170,099
—Deferred tax liabilities:								
Unrealized	,	10.202	,	21.020			,	51 202)
investment income	(	19,383)		31,920)			(	51,303)
Subtotal	(	19,383)	(	31,920)			(	51,303)
Total	\$	132,786	(\$	15,128)	\$	1,738	\$	119,396

		2019						
					Recognized in other			
				Recognized in	comprehensive		D 1 01	
	-	January 1		profit or loss	income		December 31	
Temporary differences:								
— Deferred tax assets:								
Loss allowance on	\$	45,177	\$	5,178	\$ -	\$	50,355	
accounts receivable Valuation loss and loss		30,000	(	16,600)	-		13,400	
on market value								
decline and obsolete								
and slow-moving								
inventories		22 201	,	515	2.157		24.022	
Defined benefit		32,391	(	515)	2,157		34,033	
obligation		0.240					9.240	
Impairment loss on financial assets		8,349		-	-		8,349	
Unused compensated		11,227	(	6,476)	_		4,751	
absences payable		11,227	`	0,170)			1,751	
Unrealized loss on		715	(	715)	-		-	
investments								
Unrealized construction		4,860		7,190	-		12,050	
loss								
Unrealized exchange		-		5,560	-		5,560	
loss Exchange differences								
on translation		16,342		<u>-</u>	7,329	_	23,671	
Subtotal		149,061	(	6,378)	9,486		152,169	
—Deferred tax liabilities:						_		
Unrealized	(	835)		835	_		-	
exchange gain	`	,						
Unrealized								
investment income		-	(	19,383)	-	(	19,383)	
Subtotal	_	835)	(	18,548)		(	19,383)	
Total	\$	148,226	(\$	24,926)	\$ 9,486	· \_ \$		
1 Otal	Ψ	170,220	(ψ	27,720)	ψ 2,400	Ψ	132,700	

D. Assessment of the Company's and domestic subsidiary's income tax returns is as follows:

	Assessment
The Company	Through 2018
eZoom Information, Inc.	"
ADAT Technology CO., LTD.	11

# (23) Earnings per share

	Year ended December 31, 2020					
	Amo	unt after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnin share (in		
Basic earnings per share			,			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	913,736	187,080	\$	4.88	
Convertible bonds		523	_			
Employee stock options		-	133			
Employees' compensation		-	1,330			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	914,259	188,543	\$	4.85	
dilutive potential ordinary shares	Ψ	711,207	100,010	Ψ		
		Year e	ended December 31	, 2019		
	Amo	unt after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnin share (in		
Basic earnings per share					<u> </u>	
Profit attributable to ordinary	_					
shareholders of the parent <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Assumed conversion of all dilutive	\$	703,006	186,085	\$	3.78	
Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$			\$	3.78	
Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds	\$	703,006 75	226	\$	3.78	
Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds Employee stock options	\$		226 356	\$	3.78	
Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds	\$		226	\$	3.78	

#### (24) <u>Business combinations</u>

- A. On May 4, 2020, the Group acquired 100% of the share capital of Spiro Technology Systems Inc. for \$23,936 and obtained control over Spiro Technology Systems Inc., a component of semi-conductor equipment dealer operating in the United States. The Group expects to reduce the future cost of material purchases after the acquisition.
- B. The following table summarises the consideration paid for Spiro Technology Systems Inc. and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

	May 4, 2020		
Purchase consideration			
Cash paid	\$	23,936	
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed		_	
Cash		20,636	
Accounts receivable		2,901	
Inventories		1,643	
Property, plant and equipment		2	
Accounts payable	(	751)	
Other payables	(	186)	
Total identifiable net assets		24,245	
Gain recognized from bargain purchase (recorded as 'other gains			
and losses')	(\$	309)	

C. The operating revenue included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income since May 4, 2020 contributed by Spiro Technology Systems Inc. was \$16,529. Spiro Technology Systems Inc. also contributed loss before income tax of (\$1,084) over the same period. Had Spiro Technology Systems Inc. been consolidated from January 1, 2020, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would show operating revenue of \$25,138,556 and profit before income tax of \$1,151,220.

# (25) Supplemental cash flow information

Financing activities with no cash flow effects

	 Years ended December 31,					
	 2020		2019			
Convertible bonds converted to capital stock	\$		\$	11,859		

# (26) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

						20	20			
		Lease abilities		rt-term		ong-ter		Bonds payable		financing tivities-gross
At January 1	-	41,324		48,408		200,00		\$ -	\$	4,189,732
Changes in cash flow from		·	ŕ	ŕ		200,00		·		, ,
financing activities	(	91,033)	( 1,5	/3,363	)		-	1,495,000	(	171,598)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate Changes in other non-cash	(	7,688)		1,957	,		-		(	5,731)
items	1	37,822		-	-		_	( 39,562)	)	98,260
At December 31		80,425	\$1,4	74,800	\$	200,00	00	\$1,455,438	\$	4,110,663
						20	19			
		Lease liabilitie	es		ort-te			Long-term		riabilities from financing etivities-gross
At January 1	\$	1,008	,742	\$	2,63	5,425	\$	200,000		3,844,167
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	(	ŕ	,231)			0,129		, -		325,898
Impact of changes in	(	11.	,201)		• •	0,12)				323,030
foreign exchange rate	(	3	,135)	(	2	7,146)		_	(	30,281)
Changes in other non-cash items			,948					_	·	49,948
At December 31	\$	941	,324	\$	3,04	8,408	\$	200,000	\$	4,189,732

# 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

# (1) Parent company

The Company is controlled by Ennoconn International Investment Co., Ltd. (registered in the Republic of China), which owns 44.58% of the shares of the Company. The remaining 55.42% of the shares of the Company are held by the general public. The ultimate parent company of the Company is Ennoconn Corporation (registered in the Republic of China).

# (2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
FIH Precision Component (Beijing)	Other related party
Co., Ltd.	
Chung-Hsin Precision Machinery	n .
Co., Ltd.	
Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	II
Chung-Hsin Electric & Machinery	11
Mfg. Corp.	
Hong Kong Ennopower Information	11
Technology Co., Limited	
PEROBOT CO., LTD.	"
MIC Techno Co., Ltd.	Associate
Glory Technology Service Inc.	11
Fortune International Corporation	11
Macrotec Technology Corp.	Entity controlled by key management or entity with
	significant influence
Forward Science Corp.	11
Shenzhen Hyper Power Information	11
Technology Co., Ltd. (Note)	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	"
ProbeLeader Co., Ltd.	"
Ennoconn Corporation	Ultimate parent company

Note: Shenzhen Hyper Power Information Technology Co., Ltd. became the entity controlled by key management or entity with significant influence of the Company after the directors' re-election on May 30, 2019.

# (3) Significant related party transactions and balances

# A. Sales of goods and services

# (a) Sales of goods

	Years ended December 31,					
Other related parties		2020	2019			
	\$	102,923	\$	43,475		
Entities controlled by key management or						
entities with significant influence		1,834		6,642		
The ultimate parent company				56		
	\$	104,757	\$	50,173		

Prices to related parties and third parties are based on normal sales transactions and sales are collected 2 to 3 months after the completion of transactions.

#### (b) Construction contract revenue

		Years ended l	Decer	ecember 31,		
		2020		2019		
Entities controlled by key management or						
entities with significant influence	\$	14,710	\$	300,421		
Other related parties		12,214		243,354		
Associates	(	6,152)				
Total	\$	20,772	\$	543,775		

- i. Construction contract revenue from related parties and non-related parties are collected based on the general construction contract or general agreement. In addition, construction contracts entered into with related parties are based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties while the collection periods for construction contracts are about 2 to 3 months after inspection of construction depending on the construction contracts or individual agreements.
- ii. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, contract price and priced contract of unfinished construction are as follows:

	December 31, 2020			December 31, 2019				
	Total cor	ntract price		Priced	Tota	al contract price	Priced	
	(befo	re tax)		contract	(before tax)		contract	
Other related parties	\$	464,621	\$	447,673	\$	472,068	\$	453,351
Associates		-		-		19,516		10,316
Entities controlled								
by key								
management or								
entities with								
significant		200 454		204.665		415 670		160 711
influence	-	399,454		304,665		415,672		162,711
Total	\$	864,075	\$	752,338	\$	907,256	\$	626,378

#### (c) Other contract revenue

	Years ended December 31,						
		2020	2019				
Associates	\$	2,372	\$	8,864			
Entities controlled by key management or							
entities with significant influence		240		26			
Total	\$	2,612	\$	8,890			

Other contract revenue from related parties and non-related parties are collected based on the general service contract or general agreement. In addition, service contracts entered into with related parties are based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties while the collection periods for service contracts are about 2 to 3 months after inspection of service depending on the other contracts or individual agreements.

## B. Acquisition of goods and services

## (a) Purchase of goods

	Years ended December 31,						
	2020			2019			
Entities controlled by key management or							
entities with significant influence	\$	4,706	\$	4,488			
Other related parties		420		6,936			
Total	\$	5,126	\$	11,424			

Purchases from related parties and third parties are based on normal purchases prices and terms and are collectible about 2 to 3 months after inspection.

#### (b) Construction contract costs

		nber 31,		
		2020		2019
Entities controlled by key management or				
entities with significant influence	\$	4,982	\$	8,287
Other related parties		125		173
Total	\$	5,107	\$	8,460

The outsourcing construction contract costs paid to related parties and third parties are based on normal construction contracts or individual agreements. Furthermore, the payment terms to related parties are approximately the same to third parties, which is about 2 months after inspection of construction depending on the construction contracts or individual agreements.

#### C. Receivables from related parties

Accounts receivable

	Decen	nber 31, 2020	December 31, 2019		
Other related parties	\$	116,041	\$	132,582	
Entities controlled by key management or entities					
with significant influence		34,306		96,936	
The ultimate parent company				59	
Subtotal		150,347		229,577	
Less: Loss allowance	(	36)	(	2)	
Total	\$	150,311	\$	229,575	

The collection terms to related parties and third parties are about 2 to 3 months after the sale while terms for construction are about 2 to 3 months after inspection of construction depending on the construction contracts or individual agreements.

## D. Payables to related parties

Notes payable

	Decemb	er 31, 2020	Decembe	er 31, 2019
Entities controlled by key management or entities with significant influence	\$	3,897	\$	3,272
Accounts payable				
	December 31, 2020		Decembe	er 31, 2019
Entities controlled by key management or entities				
with significant influence	\$	5,453	\$	5,637
Other related parties		79	-	2,463
Total	\$	5,532	\$	8,100

The payment terms to related parties and third parties are about 2 to 3 months after inspection of purchases. The payment terms for outsourcing construction costs are about 2 months after inspection of construction, depending on normal construction contracts or individual agreements.

# E. Property transactions

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group has acquired computer equipment and related software from entities controlled by key management and the acquisition price was \$14,173 and \$12,721 (recorded as 'property, plant and equipment' and 'intangible assets'), respectively.

# (4) Key management compensation

	Years ended December 31,				
		2020		2019	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	141,838	\$	125,867	

#### 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

Details of the book value of the Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value					
Pledged asset	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019		Purpose	
Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'other current assets' and 'other non-current assets')	\$	83,542	\$	46,677	Performance guarantee and other guarantee	
Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets' and 'other non-current assets')		146,593		124,268	Bid bond ,performance guarantee and warranty	
Buildings and structures					Guarantee for bank's	
(recorded as 'property,		12.062		10.001		
plant and equipment')		12,963		13,821	borrowing facility	
	\$	243,098	\$	184,766		

#### 9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT

#### **COMMITMENTS**

#### **Commitments**

As of December 31, 2020, the notes and letters of guarantee used for construction performance and custom security amounted to \$2,265,302.

#### 10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

## 11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

- (1) To meet operational requirements, on January 7, 2021, the Company acquired a plant located in the Southern Taiwan Science Park and related equipment for a total consideration of \$190,680 (tax included).
- (2) For details of the 2020 earnings appropriation proposed by the Board of Directors on February 26, 2021, refer to Note 6(17) E(b).

## 12. OTHERS

# (1) Capital management

The Group's main objective when managing capital is to maintain an optimal credit ranking and capital ratio to support the operations and to maximize stockholders' equity.

# (2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019	
<u>Financial assets</u>				
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value	\$	675,967	\$	590,466
through profit or loss				
Financial assets at amortised cost / Loans and receivables				
Cash and cash equivalents		2,992,379		2,560,943
Notes receivable		50,671		157,693
Accounts receivable (including related parties)		3,830,018		5,035,212
Other accounts receivable		14,002		10,542
Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'other current assets')		83,542		46,677
Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets'				
and 'other non-current assets')		184,351		182,643
	\$	7,830,930	\$	8,584,176
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Short-term borrowings	\$	1,474,800	\$	3,048,408
Notes payable (including related parties)		1,155,932		954,474
Accounts payable (including related parties)		4,103,846		4,236,176
Other accounts payable		651,328		509,591
Bonds payable		1,455,438		-
Long-term borrowings		200,000		200,000
Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other		70		0.1
non-current liabilities')	<del> </del>	79		91
	\$	9,041,423	\$	8,948,740
Lease liabilities	\$	980,425	\$	941,324

#### B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

# C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

#### (a) Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD, RMB, JPY and EUR. Exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.

- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB, SGD, IDR, VND, and MMK). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

			December	31, 2020		
					Sensitivity a	nalysis
(	currency amount	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income
\$	65,271	28.48	\$ 1,858,928	1%	\$ 18,589	\$ -
	23,756	6.5069	676,578	1%	6,766	-
	1,495	25,658	42,580	1%	426	-
	12,359	35.02	432,812	1%	4,328	-
	1,240,834	0.2763	342,842	1%	3,428	-
	244,770	0.0631	67,630	1%	676	-
	1,154	14,030	32,867	1%	329	-
\$	18,234	28.48	\$ 519,309	1%	\$ 5,193	\$ -
	9,229	6.5069	262,847	1%	2,628	-
	3,308	1.3210	94,220	1%	942	-
	1,070,608	0.2763	295,809	1%	2,958	-
	( <u>in</u>	23,756 1,495 12,359 1,240,834 244,770 1,154 \$ 18,234 9,229 3,308	currency amount Exchange (in thousands)	Foreign currency amount Exchange Book value (in thousands)	Foreign currency amount Exchange (in thousands)	Foreign currency amount (in thousands) Factor of the control of the currency amount (in thousands) Factor of the currency amount (in thousands) Factor of the currency amount (in thousands) Factor of the currency of the cur

December 31, 2019

						Sensitivity a	nalysis
		Foreign				•	
	(	currency				Effect on	Effect on other
		amount	Exchange	Book value	Degree of	profit or	comprehensive
	(in	thousands)	rate	(NTD)	variation	loss	income
(Foreign currency: functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	\$	55,732	29.98	\$ 1,670,845	1%	\$ 16,708	\$ -
USD: RMB		13,533	6.9642	405,722	1%	4,057	-
EUR: NTD		10,528	33.59	353,637	1%	3,536	-
JPY: NTD		1,172,346	0.2760	323,567	1%	3,236	-
USD: SGD		1,711	1.3456	51,295	1%	513	-
JPY: RMB		130,706	0.0641	36,075	1%	361	-
USD: IDR		1,174	13,752	35,193	1%	352	-
USD: MMK		1,030	1,480	30,866	1%	309	-
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	\$	6,012	29.98	\$ 180,227	1%	\$ 1,802	\$ -
USD: RMB		11,316	6.9642	339,268	1%	3,393	-
JPY: NTD		252,538	0.2760	69,701	1%	697	-

iv. Please refer to the following table for the details of unrealized exchange gain (loss) arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group.

		Year e	nded December 31	, 202	20
		E	xchange gain (loss)		
	Foreign	currency			
	am	ount			Book
	(In tho	usands)	Exchange rate		value (NTD)
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD: NTD	\$	-	28.48	(\$	39,471)
EUR: NTD		-	35.02		12,177
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD: NTD	\$	-	28.48	\$	9,447
JPY: NTD			0.2763	(	2,670)

		Year e	nded December 31	<u>, 20</u>	019
		E	xchange gain (loss)	)	
	Fore	ign currency			
	;	amount			Book
	(In t	housands)	Exchange rate		value (NTD)
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD: NTD	\$	-	29.98	(\$	30,672)
EUR: USD	(	258)	0.8925	(	7,728)
USD: MMK	(	134,387)	1,480	(	2,728)
USD: RMB	(	519)	6.9642	(	2,233)
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD: NTD	\$	-	29.98	\$	3,516

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### Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise listed and unlisted stocks. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 would have increased/decreased by \$6,587 and \$4,273, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

# Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from bank borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in NTD, USD, SGD and RMB.
- ii. The Group's borrowings are measured at amortised cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii. If the borrowing interest rate of NTD, USD, SGD and RMB had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit, net of tax for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 would have decreased/increased by \$13,398 and \$25,987, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

## (b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of excellence are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts the following assumption under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:

  If the contract payments are past due over 30 days based on the terms, there is a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- iv. The Group considers the historical experience and industrial characteristics, whereby a default occurs when the sale and construction contract payments are past due over 1 to 2 years in line with credit risk management procedure.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
  - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
  - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
  - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
  - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with customer types. The Group applies the simplified approach using a provision matrix based on the loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss.
- vii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. On December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group has no written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures.

- viii. The Group used the forecast ability of global boom information to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of notes and accounts receivable (including related parties). On December 31, 2020 and 2019, the provision matrix and loss rate methodology are as follows:

December 31, 2020         Expected loss rate         Total book value         Loss allowand           Not past due         0%~0.0339%         \$ 1,144,550         \$           Up to 90 days         0%~0.2691%         243,615         \$	95 350
Not past due 0%~0.0339% \$ 1,144,550 \$	
<u>.</u>	
	550
91 to 180 days 0%~0.3458% 120,984	165
•	463
1 to 2 years 0%~47.4740% 178,373 3,	099
Over 2 years 100% 125,419 125,	419
Total \$ 1,914,718 \$ 129,	
December 31, 2019 Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowand	ce
	442
1	103
91 to 180 days 0%~0.0418% 206,498	35
181 to 365 days 0%~0.0923% 194,239	83
,	419
Over 2 years 100% 114,942 114,	
Total \$ 3,261,091 \$ 121,	
(ii) Accounts receivable in relation to sales	
December 31, 2020 Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowand	ce
	562
•	750
<u>.</u>	311
181 to 365 days 0%~37.6091% 8,394 2,	231
Over 365 days 100% 72,854 72,	854
•	708
December 31, 2019 Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowand	ce
Not past due 0%~0.0315% \$ 1,473,169 \$	46
1	142
91 to 180 days 0%~1.6244% 11,637	20
	545
Over 365 days 100% 68,767 68,	767
·	520

- (iii) Based on historical experience, the Group applies individual assessment to evaluate expected credit loss of the high-credit risk customers. On December 31, 2020 and 2019, accounts receivable and loss allowance amounted to \$543,820 and \$516,216 and \$475,123 and \$414,212, respectively.
- (iv) Due to the expected insignificant impairment, the Group applies individual assessment to evaluate expect credit loss of receivables due from construction warranties and notes receivable. On December 31, 2020 and 2019, notes and accounts receivable and loss allowance amounted to \$293,494 and \$91, \$334,423 and \$91, respectively.
- ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for notes and accounts receivable (including related parties) are as follows:

		2020		2019
	Accou	nts receivable	Acco	unts receivable
At January 1	\$	605,847	\$	615,679
Provision for impairment		175,073		14,849
Write-offs	(	94,724)	(	10,565)
Effect of foreign exchange	(	1,683)	(	14,116)
At December 31	\$	684,513	\$	605,847

For provisioned loss for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the impairment loss arising from customers' contracts are \$175,073 and \$14,849, respectively.

# (c) Liquidity risk

- i. The Group invests in financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss in active markets, so it expects to sell the financial assets in markets with prices approximate to fair value. Financial assets at cost are not traded in active markets, thus, liquidity risk is expected. However, the Group's operating capital is sufficient to fulfill the Group's capital needs and it does not expect significant liquidity risk.
- ii. The Group has no undrawn borrowing facilities.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities.

## Non-derivative financial liabilities

	Less than	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
December 31, 2020	1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,480,489	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable (including				
related parties)	1,155,932	-	-	-
Accounts payable (including				
related parties)	4,103,846	-	-	-
Other payables	651,328	-	-	-
Bonds payable	-	-	1,455,438	-
Long-term borrowings	1,756	200,439	-	-
Lease liabilities	107,654	81,837	153,747	950,398
Non-derivative financial liability	<u>ties</u>			
	Less than	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
December 31, 2019	1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Short-term borrowings	\$ 3,048,408	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable (including				
related parties)	954,474	-	-	-
Accounts payable (including				
related parties)	4,236,176	-	-	-
Other payables	509,591	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings	1,933	200,483	-	-
Lease liabilities	108,470	86,462	164,027	969,484

# (3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
  - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and beneficiary certificates is included in Level 3.

### B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, restricted time deposits (recorded as other current assets), guarantee deposits paid (recorded as other current and non-current assets), short-term borrowings, notes payable (including related parties), accounts payable (including related parties), other payables, lease liabilities, bonds payable (including current portion), long-term borrowings and guarantee deposits received (recorded as other non-current liabilities) are approximate to their fair values.

- C. The related information on financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets are as follows:
  - (a) The related information on the nature of the assets is as follows:

December 31, 2020	 Level 1	 Level 2		Level 3	 Total
Assets:					
Recurring fair value					
<u>measurements</u>					
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss					
Equity securities	\$ 168,376	\$ -	\$	490,304	\$ 658,680
Beneficiary certificates	-	-		8,970	8,970
Hybrid instruments	 	 	_	8,317	 8,317
Total	\$ 168,376	\$ 	\$	507,591	\$ 675,967
December 31, 2019	 Level 1	 Level 2		Level 3	 Total
Assets:					
Assets: Recurring fair value					
Recurring fair value					
Recurring fair value measurements					
Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value	\$ 80,045	\$ -	\$	472,658	\$ 552,703
Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 80,045	\$ - -	\$	472,658 4,720	\$ 552,703 4,720
Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities	\$ 80,045 - -	\$ - - -	\$		\$ ,

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

  Instruments which use market quoted prices as their fair value (that is, Level 1), are using the closing prices of listed shares as market quoted prices based on characteristics of the instruments.
- D. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

E. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

		202	20			20	19	
		Equity				Equity		
	in	struments			in	struments		
		and				and		
	be	eneficiary		Hybrid	be	eneficiary		Hybrid
	c	ertificates	ins	struments	c	ertificates	ins	struments
At January 1	\$	477,378	\$	33,043	\$	379,824	\$	23,652
Acquired durning the year		40,755		19,789		64,821		12,313
Sold durning the year	(	10,750)		-	(	2,047)		-
Gains and losses recognized								
in profit or loss (Note)	(	8,109)	(	44,515)		34,780	(	2,922)
At December 31	\$	499,274	<u>\$</u>	8,317	\$	477,378	<u>\$</u>	33,043
Movement of unrealized gain or loss in profit or loss of assets and liabilities held								
as at end of the year (Note)	( <u>\$</u>	8,109)	( <u>\$</u>	44,515)	\$	34,780	( <u>\$</u>	2,916)

Note: Recorded as non-operating income and expense.

- F. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- G. Investment strategies segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

H. The following is the qualitative information on significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at		Significant	Range	Relationship
	December	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
	31, 2020	technique	input	average)	fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 459,838	Market comparable companies	Note 1	Not applicable	Note 2
Venture capital shares and beneficiary certificates	39,436	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Hybrid instrument:					
Convertible bond  – call provision	3,450	Binomial tree pricing model	Volatility	50.09%	The higher the stock price volatility, the higher the fair value
Convertible bond	4,867	Market comparable companies	Note 1	Not applicable	Note 2
	Fair value at		Significant	Range	Relationship
	December	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
	31, 2019	technique	input	average)	fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 439,381	Market comparable companies	Note 1	Not applicable	Note 2
Venture capital shares and beneficiary certificates Hybrid instrument:	37,997	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Convertible bond	33,043	Market comparable companies	Note 1	Not applicable	Note 2

- Note 1: Price to earnings ratio multiple, price to book ratio multiple, enterprise value to operating income ratio multiple, enterprise value to EBITA multiple, discount for lack of marketability.
- Note 2:The higher the multiple and control premium, the higher the fair value; the higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value.
- I. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect on profit or loss or on other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorized within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

						December	31, 2020	)		
				Recog	nize	d in	Recog	Recognized in other		
				profit	or l	oss	compre	hen	sive incom	<u>ie</u>
			Fa	vorable	Un	favorable	Favoral	ole	Unfavora	ble
	Input	Change	(	change		change	change	e	change	;
Financial assets										
Equity instruments	Stock price									
and beneficiary	and fair									
certificates	value	$\pm~10\%$	\$	49,927	(\$	49,927)	\$	-	\$	-
Convertible bond	T 7 1 . 111.	<b>7</b> 0/		100	,	10)				
<ul> <li>call provision</li> </ul>	Volatility	± 5%	_	100	(	10)				_
Total			\$	50,027	( <u>\$</u>	49,937)	\$		\$	_
						December	· 31, 2019	)		
				Recog	nize	d in	Recog	gniz	ed in other	
				profit	or l	oss	compre	hen	sive incom	<u>ie</u>
			Fa	vorable	Un	favorable	Favoral	ole	Unfavora	ble
	Input	Change	(	change		change	change	e	change	<u>;                                    </u>
Financial assets										
Equity instruments	Stock price									
and beneficiary	and fair									
certificates	value	± 10%	\$	47,738	( <u>\$</u>	47,738)	\$		\$	_

# 13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

- (1) Significant transactions information
  - A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
  - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
  - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries and associates): Please refer to table 3.
  - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.

- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 6.

## (2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 7.

### (3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 6.

## (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 9.

### 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

## (1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision-Maker that are used to make strategic decisions.

The Group is divided into the following 4 segments:

- A. Agency for equipment materials segment: mainly engaged in semiconductor, optoelectronics and other high-tech industrial processing and trading, distribution, after-sale service and technical support of factory equipment and its materials, chemicals and parts.
- B. Process system and mechatronic system service segment: mainly contracting electrical, clean room, peripheral system facilities and process, engaged in lump sum contracts, providing integrated services consisting of planning, design, construction, supervision, installation, testing, operational consulting, maintenance and repair for gas, automatic supply system of chemicals, special gas and factory monitor system. Services for general industries such as petrochemical plant, conventional industry plant, mechatronic system for intelligent buildings.
- C. Customized equipment manufacturing segment: mainly engaged in research and development of customized automation equipment and process based on request of customers in semiconductor, optoelectronics and traditional industry.
- D. Other segments: mainly providing repair, cleaning and renewal services to customers' equipment and device in semiconductor, optoelectronics and traditional industry.

# (2) Measurement of segment information

Management evaluates the performance of the operating segments based on their operational efficiency. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker allocates resources and assesses performance of the operating segments based on the measurement and it is measured in a manner consistent with operating income in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. There is no material change in the operating segments' accounting policies and accounting estimates and assumptions.

## (3) Segment profit information

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

		Year en	ded December 31	, 2020	
		Facility system	Customized		
	Sales and services	and mechanic &	equipment		
	for equipment	electric system	manufacturing		
	materials segment	service segment	segment	Other segments	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 5,213,217	\$ 12,659,943	\$ 7,243,284	\$ 3,413	\$ 25,119,857
Inter-segment revenue	278,607	207,665	25,822	4,373	516,467
Total segment revenue	\$ 5,491,824	\$ 12,867,608	\$ 7,269,106	\$ 7,786	\$ 25,636,324
Segment profit (loss)	\$ 548,545	\$ 160,006	\$ 497,585	(\$ 4,638)	\$ 1,201,498
Segment profit including: Depreciation and					
amortisation	\$ 35,743	\$ 91,279	\$ 207,034	\$ 3,684	\$ 337,740
			ded December 31	, 2019	
		Facility system	Customized	, 2019	
	Sales and services	Facility system and mechanic &	Customized equipment	, 2019	-
	for equipment	Facility system and mechanic & electric system	Customized equipment manufacturing		
	for equipment materials segment	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment	Customized equipment manufacturing segment	Other segments	Total
Revenue from external customers	for equipment	Facility system and mechanic & electric system	Customized equipment manufacturing		Total \$ 24,182,681
	for equipment materials segment	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment	Customized equipment manufacturing segment	Other segments	
customers	for equipment materials segment \$ 4,189,207	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment \$ 13,309,108	Customized equipment manufacturing segment \$ 6,684,366	Other segments \$ -	\$ 24,182,681
customers Inter-segment revenue	for equipment materials segment \$ 4,189,207	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment \$ 13,309,108 \$ 165,461 \$ 13,474,569	Customized equipment manufacturing segment \$ 6,684,366	Other segments \$ -	\$ 24,182,681 328,757
customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue	for equipment materials segment \$ 4,189,207 \$ 147,546 \$ 4,336,753	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment \$ 13,309,108 \$ 165,461 \$ 13,474,569	Customized equipment manufacturing segment \$ 6,684,366	Other segments \$ -  4,789 \$ 4,789	\$ 24,182,681 328,757 \$ 24,511,438
customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue Segment profit (loss)	for equipment materials segment \$ 4,189,207 \$ 147,546 \$ 4,336,753	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment \$ 13,309,108 \$ 165,461 \$ 13,474,569	Customized equipment manufacturing segment \$ 6,684,366	Other segments \$ -  4,789 \$ 4,789	\$ 24,182,681 328,757 \$ 24,511,438

# (4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

Sales and services between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue and financial information from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. A reconciliation of reportable segment income or loss to the income before tax from continuing operations for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is provided as follows:

	Years ended December 31,							
		2020	2019					
Reportable segments income	\$	1,206,136 \$	824,175					
Other reportable segments loss	(	4,638) (	4,837)					
Total segments		1,201,498	819,338					
Other gains and losses		15,578	156,053					
Finance costs	(	67,326) (	84,370)					
Income before tax from continuing operations	\$	1,149,750 \$	891,021					

## (5) <u>Information on products</u>

Details of revenue are as follows:

	 Years ended	Decer	nber 31,
	 2020	2019	
R&D and manufacturing of customized equipment	\$ 7,243,247	\$	6,684,181
Sales and service of high-tech equipment and materials	6,885,049		5,597,464
Automatic supplying system	6,079,385		4,806,170
Total Facility Engineering Turnkey Project	 4,912,176		7,094,866
	\$ 25,119,857	\$	24,182,681

## (6) Geographical information

Financial information by geographical area for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

	 Years ended December 31,										
	 20	20			2019						
	Non-current					N	Non-current				
	 Revenue	assets			Revenue	assets					
Taiwan	\$ 11,400,180	\$	2,709,795	\$	10,647,154	\$	2,556,350				
China	7,203,398		241,368		7,642,606		233,181				
Others	 6,516,279		454,605		5,892,921		409,907				
Total	\$ 25,119,857	\$	3,405,768	\$	24,182,681	\$	3,199,438				

Note: Revenue is classified based on geographic location of customers and non-current assets are classified based on assets location.

# (7) Major customer information

Information of customers whose revenue exceeds 10% of the total operating revenue for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

		Years ended December 31,											
			2020	2019									
Revenue			Segment		Revenue	Segment							
Customer A	Customer A \$ 3,942,913		Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment	\$	3,416,765	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment							
Customer B 2,580,701		R&D and manufacturing of customized equipment segment	2,255,338		R&D and manufacturing of customized equipment segment								

Note: Operating revenue from other customers does not exceed 10% of consolidated operating revenue.

#### Loans to others

#### For the year ended December 31, 2020

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

			General		Maximum outstanding balance during the year ended	Balance at December 31,				Amount of transactions with the	Reason for short-term	Allowance	Coll	lateral	Limit on loans granted to	Ceiling on total loans	
No.	G 11		ledger account	Is a related	December 31, 2020	2020	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of loan	borrower	financing	for doubtful			a single party	granted	l _
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	(Note 2)	party	(Note 3)	(Note 8)	drawn down	rate (%)	(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Note 6)	accounts	Item	Value	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	Footnote
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	\$ 26,567	\$ 21,360	\$ 21,360	4.616	Short-term financing	\$ -	Operations	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 2,508,962	\$ 2,508,962	Note 7
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Sdn. Bhd.	Other receivables	Y	20,570	19,366	-	4.616	Short-term financing	-	Operations	-	None	-	2,508,962	2,508,962	Note 7
1	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	52,547	52,523	52,523	4.785	Short-term financing	-	Operations	-	None	-	214,957	429,914	Note 7
1	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Fuzhou Jiwei System Integrated Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	2,189	2,188	2,188	4.785	Short-term financing	-	Operations	-	None	-	429,914	429,914	Note 7
1	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	43,119	1	1	-	Short-term financing	-	Operations	-	None	-	429,914	429,914	Note 7
2	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	MIC-Tech China Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	34,591	13,131	13,131	4.785	Short-term financing	-	Operations	-	None	-	398,093	398,093	Note 7
2	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	43,789	43,769	43,769	4.785	Short-term financing	-	Operations	-	None	-	398,093	398,093	Note 7
3	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd	Marketech Co., Ltd	Other receivables	Y	4,060			-	Short-term financing	-	Operations	-	None	-	68,629	68,629	Note 7
Δ	Marketech Integrated Manufacturing Company Limited	Marketech Integrated Construction Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	2,949	2,848	2,848	7.00	Short-term financing	-	Operations	-	None	-	142,700	285,399	Note 7

8,880

8,880

Short-term

Operations

13,400

None

13,400

Note 7

Note 1:The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1) The Company is '0'.

Marketech Co., Ltd.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2:Fill in the name of account in which the loans are recognised, such as receivables-related parties, current account with stockholders, prepayments, temporary payments, etc.

Note 3: Fill in the maximum outstanding balance of loans to others during the year ended December 31,2020.

Note 4:The column of 'Nature of loan' shall fill in 'Business transaction or 'Short-term financing'.

Note 5:Fill in the amount of business transactions when nature of the loan is related to business transactions, which is the amount of business transactions occurred between the creditor and borrower in the current year

Other receivables

Note 6:Fill in purpose of loan when nature of loan is for short-term financing, for example, repayment of loan, acquisition of equipment, working capital, etc.

MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd

Note 7:Fill in limit on loans granted to a single party and ceiling on total loans granted as prescribed in the creditor company's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", and state each individual party to which the loans have been provided and the calculation for ceiling on total loans granted in the footnote.

13,225

The Company's ceiling on loans to others are as follows:

- (1) Limit on the total loans to others provided by the Company is 40% of the net assets based on the Company's latest financial statements.
- (2) Limit on the loans provided by the Company granted for a single party are as follows:
- (2-1) Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchasing and selling during current year on the year of financing, and can't exceed the total business transactions amount within 12 month.

Y

- (2-2) For short-term financing, limit on loans granted for a single party is 40% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies. The amount of loans to a single party is the accumulated balance of the lending company's short-term financing for single party. Limit on the loans provided by the Company's mainland subsidiaries:
- (1) Limit on the total loans to others provided by the Company's mainland subsidiaries is 80% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies.
- (2) Limit on the loans provided by the Company's mainland subsidiaries granted for a single party are as follows:
- (2-1) Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchasing and selling during current year on the year of financing, and can't exceed the total business transactions amount within 12 month.
- (2-2) For short-term financing between the Company's mainland subsidiary and the foreign companies which the ultimate parent company holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans granted for a single party is 80% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies.
- (2-3) For short-term financing between the Company's mainland subsidiaries and aforementioned associates, limit on loans granted for a single party is 40% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies. The amount of loans to a single party is the accumulated balance of the lending company's short-term financing for single party.

Limit on the loans provided by the Company's Vietnam subsidiaries:

- (1) Limit on the total loans to others provided by the Company's Vietnam subsidiaries is 80% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies.
- (2) Limit on the loans provided by the Company's Vietnam subsidiaries granted for a single party are as follows:
- (2-1) Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchasing and selling during current year on the year of financing, and can't exceed the total business transactions amount within 12 month.
- (2-2) For short-term financing between the Company's Vietnam subsidiary and the foreign companies which the ultimate parent company holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans granted for a single party is 80% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies.
- (2-3) For short-term financing between the Company's Vietnam subsidiaries and aforementioned associates, limit on loans granted for a single party is 40% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies. The amount of loans to a single party is the accumulated balance of the lending company's short-term financing for single party.

Limit on the loans provided by the Company's Myanmar subsidiaries:

- (1) Limit on the total loans to others provided by the Company's Myanmar subsidiaries is 80% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies.
- (2) Limit on the loans provided by the Company's Myanmar subsidiaries granted for a single party are as follows
- (2-1) Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchasing and selling during current year on the year of financing, and can't exceed the total business transactions amount within 12 month.
- (2-2) For short-term financing between the Company's Myanmar subsidiary and the foreign companies which the ultimate parent company holds 100% of the voting rights directly, limit on loans granted for a single party is 80% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies.
- (2-3) For short-term financing between the Company's Myanmar subsidiaries and aforementioned associates, limit on loans granted for a single party is 40% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies. The amount of loans to a single party is the accumulated balance of the lending company's short-term financing for single party.

Note 8: The amounts of funds to be loaned to others which have been approved by the board of directors of a public company in accordance with Article 14, Item 1 of the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies" should be included in its published balance of loans to others at the end of the reporting period to reveal the risk of loaning the public company bears, even though they have not yet been appropriated. However, this balance should exclude the loans repaid when repayments are done subsequently to reflect the risk adjustment.

In addition, if the board of directors of a public company has authorized the chairman to loan funds in instalments or in revolving within certain lines and within one year in accordance with Article 14, Item 2 of the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies", the published balance of loans to others at the end of the reporting period should also include these lines of loaning approved by the board of directors, and these lines of loaning should not be excluded from this balance even though the loans are repaid subsequently, for taking into consideration they could be loaned again thereafter.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Party being endorsed/guaranteed		endorsed/guaranteed		Limit on	Maximum outstanding	Outstanding endorsement/			Ratio of accumulated	Ceiling on	Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
Number ( Note 1 )	Endorser/ guarantor	Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party ( Note 4 )	endorsement/ guarantee amount as of December 31, 2020 ( Note 5 )	guarantee amount at December 31, 2020 (Note 6)	Actual amount drawn down ( Note 7 )	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided ( Note 4 )	endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary ( Note 8 )	endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company ( Note 8 )	endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China ( Note 8 )			
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	2	\$ 3,136,202	\$ 34,543	\$ 17,131	\$ 4,140	\$ -	0.27%	\$ 6,272,404	Y	N	N	Note 4		
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	2	3,136,202	885,360	706,031	39,011	-	11.26%	6,272,404	Y	N	Y	Note 4		
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	2	3,136,202	314,307	283,900	184,209	-	4.53%	6,272,404	Y	N	Y	Note 4		
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	2	3,136,202	1,696,667	1,474,209	589,605	-	23.50%	6,272,404	Y	N	Y	Note 4		
0	Marketech International Corp.	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co.,Ltd.	2	3,136,202	528,055	318,971	241,707	-	5.09%	6,272,404	Y	N	Y	Note 4		
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Sdn. Bhd.	2	3,136,202	239,840	227,840	31,266	-	3.63%	6,272,404	Y	N	N	Note 4		
0	Marketech International Corp.	eZoom Information, Inc.	2	3,136,202	120,000	60,000	-	-	0.96%	6,272,404	Y	N	N	Note 4		
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	2	3,136,202	332,750	-	-	-	-	6,272,404	Y	N	N	Note 4		
0	Marketech International Corp.	Te Chang Construction Co., Ltd.	5	3,136,202	174,000	174,000	86,997		2.77%	6,272,404	N	N	N	Note 4		
	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	4	1,612,176	103,729	-	-	-	-	2,686,960	N	N	Y	Note 4		
	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Marketech International Corp.	3	1,612,176	511,679	481,739	481,739	-	89.64%	2,686,960	N	Y	N	Note 4		
1 1	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	4	1,612,176	8,561	8,557	8,557	-	1.59%	2,686,960	N	N	Y	Note 4		
1	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	4	1,612,176	272,362	269,930	269,930	-	50.23%	2,686,960	N	N	N	Note 4		
	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	The Fourth Construction Co., Ltd. of China Electronics System Engineering	5	1,612,176	807,834	807,467	784,817	-	150.26%	2,686,960	N	N	Y	Note 4		
2	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	4	1,492,848	596,060	-	-	-	-	2,488,080	N	N	Y	Note 4		
3	Marketech Co., Ltd.	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	4	167,510	130,641	126,166	126,166	-	753.18%	167,510	N	N	N	Note 4		

Note 1:The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2:Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1) Having business relationship.
- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directlyand indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
- (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company. (5) Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
- (6) Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
- (7) Joint guarantee of the performance guarantee for pre-sold home sales contract as required under the Consumer Protection Act.

Note 3: Fill in limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for a single party and ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided as prescribed in the endorser/guaranter company's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees", and state each individual party to which the endorsements/guarantees have been provided and the calculation for ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided in the footnote.

Note 4:Limit on endorsements and guarantees stated in "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/ Guarantees by Public Companies":

- (1) In accordance with mutual guarantee requirement in the same industry for contracting constructions, limit on the total amount is 5 times of the Company's net assets.
- (2) Except for guarantees for contracting constructions, limit on the Company's accumulated endorsement/guarantee is the Company's net assets; limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is 50% of the Company's net assets. Limit on the total endorsement/guarantee of the Company and its subsidiaries as a whole is 1.5 times of the Company's net assets; limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is 75% of the Company's net assets.

Limit on endorsements and guarantees of the Company's mainland subsidiaries:

- (1) In accordance with mutual guarantee requirement in the same industry or the common builders for contracting constructions, or provision of endorsements and guarantees for joint ventures from shareholders in proportion to shareholding ratio, limit on the total amount is 5 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is three times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor.
- (2) Except for (1), the Group follows standards of endorsements and guarantees as below:
  - (2-1) Total amount: (2-1-1) Limit on the accumulated endorsements and guarantees is 5 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor;
    - (2-1-2) Limit on endorsements and guarantees to a company of which the endorser company and the Company directly or indirectly holds 90%, should meet the requirement in (2-1-1) and may not exceed 10% of the ultimate parent's net assets.
    - (2-1-3) Total endorsements and guarantees of the endorser/guarantor and its subsidiaries are limited to 5 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor.
- (2-2) Limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party
  - (2-2-1) For the companies having business relationship with the endorser/guarantor and thus being provided endorsements/guarantees, limit on endorsements to a single party is the total value of business transactions within past 12 months. (the value of business transactions is the higher of purchase or sales)
  - (2-2-2) Limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party who having business relationship with the Group is 3 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor.

### Limit on endorsements and guarantees of the Company's Vietnam subsidiaries:

- (1) In accordance with mutual guarantee requirement in the same industry or the common builders for contracting constructions, or provision of endorsements and guarantees for joint ventures from shareholders in proportion to shareholding ratio, limit on the total amount is 5 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is three times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor.
- (2) Except for (1), the Group follows standards of endorsements and guarantees as below:
- (2-1) Total amount: (2-1-1) Limit on the accumulated endorsements and guarantees is 10 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor;
  - (2-1-2) Limit on endorsements and guarantees to a company of which the endorser company and the Company directly or indirectly holds 90%, should meet the requirement in (2-1-1) and may not exceed 10% of the ultimate parent's net assets.
  - (2-1-3) Total endorsements and guarantees of the endorser/guarantor and its subsidiaries are limited to 10 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor.
- (2-2) Limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party
  - (2-2-1) For the companies having business relationship with the endorser/guarantor and thus being provided endorsements/guarantees, limit on endorsements to a single party is the total value of business transactions within past 12 months. (the value of business transactions is the higher of purchase or sales)
  - (2-2-2) Limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party who having business relationship with the Group is 10 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor.

Note 5: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Note 6: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chairman if the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies.

Note 7: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.

Note 8: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

# Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

	TD C		_			As of Decer	mber 31, 2020			
a 1 111	Type of marketable	Name of marketable	Relationship with the		N. 1. 6.1	Book value	0 1: (0)	F: 1		<b>.</b>
Securities held by	securities	securities (Note 1)	securities issuer	General ledger account	Number of shares	(Note 2)	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Collateral	Footnote
Marketech International Corp.	Ordinary shares	Lasertec Corporation	None	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - current	,		- \$	133,840	None	
"	"	Solar Applied Materials Technology Corp.	"	,,	44,078	1,917	-	1,917	"	
"	"	Aerospace Industrial Development Corp.	"	"	50,925	1,477		1,477	"	
					<u>\$</u>	137,234	\$	137,234		
"	Ordinary shares	Taiwan Colour & Imaging Technology Corp.	None	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	1,700,000 \$	-	12.59% \$	-	None	
"	"	Chung-Hsin Electric and Machinery Manufacturing Corp.	"	"	581,000	31,142	0.12%	31,142	"	
"	"	WINGS GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY INC.	"	"	750,000	9,874	18.75%	9,874	"	
"	"	Promos Technologies,Inc.	"	"	250,331	9,874	0.56%	9,874	,,	
"	"		"	"	5,797,181		9.50%		"	
"	"	Taiwan Puritic Corp.	"	"		189,613		189,613	"	
"	"	SOPOWER Technology Corp.	"	"	189,223	-	12.61%	-	,,	
	,,	VEEV Interactive Pte. Ltd.		,,	840,000	-	6.32%	- 22.205	,,	
	,,	Taiwan Intelligent Fiber Optic Network Co.,		,,	3,868,261	23,397	1.41%	23,397	,,	
,,	,,	H&D Venture Capital Investment Corp.		,,	13,333	133	6.67%	133	,,	
,,	"	Civil Tech Pte. Ltd.		,,	336,374	12.210	0.58%	10.210	"	
		ProbeLeader Co., Ltd.	Entities controlled by key management or entities with significant influence		966,000	12,318	3.46%	12,318		
"	"	Top Green Energy Technologies, Inc.	None	"	1,111,111	-	0.89%	-	"	
"	"	IP Fund Six Co., Ltd.	"	"	1,000,000	10,000	1.79%	10,000	"	
"	"	Innorich Venture Capital Corp.	"	"	1,000,000	10,000	1.87%	10,000	"	
"	"	Taiwan Foresight Co., Ltd.	"	"	380,000	3,581	2.24%	3,581	"	
"	"	Long Time Technology Corp.	"	"	346,000	6,198	0.29%	6,198	"	
"	"	Paradigm Venture Capital Corp.	"	<i>"</i>	90,187	902	3.50%	902	"	
"	"	Taiwan Special Chemicals Corp.	"	"	4,401,333	89,258	1.51%	89,258	"	
"	"	Atech Totalsolution Co., Ltd.	"	"	128,000	-	0.23%	-	"	
"	"	East Wind Life Science Systems	"	"	124,457	_	12.87%	_	"	
"	"	EcoLand Corp.	"	"	310,715	_	13.51%	_	"	
"	"	Kcashin Technology Corporation	"	"	642,500	1,615	19.01%	1,615	"	
"	"	Radisen Co., Ltd.	"	<i>"</i>	87,803	-	18.49%	1,015	"	
"	"	Foresight Energy Technologies Co., Ltd.	"	<i>"</i>	675,000	2,695	3.00%	2,695	"	
"	"	Mycropore Corporation, Ltd.	"	<i>"</i>	1,471,000	25,177	8.44%	25,177	"	
"	"	STEK CO., LTD.	"	<i>"</i>	432,900	27,136	6.34%	27,136	"	
"	"	Sum Capital Healthcare Investment Corp.	Entities controlled by key management or entities with significant influence	"	943,050	9,431	7.44%	9,431	"	
"	"	Intellicares Co., Ltd.	"	"	200,000	_	19.99%	=	"	
"	"	Forward Science Corp.	"	<i>"</i>	2,450,000	32,321	9.80%	32,321	"	
"	"	Renown Information Technology Corp.	None	"	800,000	8,000	16.00%	8,000	"	
"	"	Big Giant Health Management Consulting Co.,	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	"	200,000	2,000	9.09%	2,000		
"	"	Sharpcon Optical Co., Ltd.	"	"	667,000	10,005	3.67%	10,005		
<i>"</i>	Convertible head	s HALLYS CORPORATION	"	"	007,000	133	3.07%	133	"	
"	"	Radisen Co., Ltd.	"	"	-		-	155	"	
<i>"</i>	"		<i>"</i>	"	-	-	-	-		
"	"	Nitride Solutions Inc.	"	,,	-	4 724	-	4.704	,,	
" "		Kinestral Technologies, Inc.	" "		174.500	4,734	- N . 2	4,734	,,	
" "	rreferred stock	Adant Technologies Inc.	" "		174,520	16.650	Note 3	16.650	,,	
"	Beneficiary certificates	Kinestral Technologies, Inc. Vertex Growth (SG) LP	"	" "	501,532	16,650 8,970	-	16,650 8,970	"	
MC Tach (Shanchai) Com 144	Ordinary shares	MIC Tech (Reijing) Environment Co	Entities controlled by key management or entities with	"			10 000/		"	
ine-recii (Shanghai) Corp. Ltd.	Ordinary snares	MIC-Tech (Beijing) Environment Co.	significant influence			<u>-</u>	19.00%			
		Total			<u>\$</u>	535,283	<u>\$</u>	535,283		

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 3: Holding preferred stock.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Table 4

Engineering Co., Ltd.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

ifferences		

							terms comp	pared to third	Note	s/accounts	
				Transaction		party tra	nsactions	receiva	ble (payable)	<u> </u>	
										Percentage of	
					Percentage of					total	
					total					notes/accounts	
		Relationship	Purchases		purchases					receivable	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	with the counterparty	(sales)	Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	(payable)	Footnote
Shanghai Maohua Electronics	Hong Kong Ennopower Information	Other related parties	Sales (Note 2)	\$ 102,896	27.01%	Note 1	\$ -	-	\$ 142		

Note 1: Repaid in installment based on the contract.

Note 2: Revenue arising from contracting constructions recognized based on the percentage of completion method for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Note 3: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share,

the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Technology Co., Ltd

## Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

December 31, 2020

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Relationship	Balance as a	December 31, 2020			Overdue receival	bles		ant collected quent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	(	Note 1)	Turnover rate	 Amount		Action taken	balanc	ce sheet date	doubtful accounts
Marketech International Corp.	Hong Kong Ennopower Information Technology Co., Limited	Other related parties	\$	115,891	Note 2	\$	-	-	\$	- \$	36

Note 1: Fill in separately the balances of accounts receivable-related parties, notes receivable-related parties, other receivables-related parties....

Note 2: Receivables were generated from construction, thus, it's not applicable.

## Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Transaction						
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)			
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	1	Sales revenue	\$ 37,448	Sales revenue: Prices and terms of sales of goods to related parties are approximately the same to third parties. A certain	0.15%			
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	1	Non-operating revenue	7,368	percentage of profit is negotiated for sale of services with related parties.  Construction revenue:	0.03%			
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	1	Construction revenue	35,563	The price of construction charges to related parties and third parties are based on normal construction contracts or individual agreements. Furthermore, the	0.14%			
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	1	Non-operating revenue	22,686	collection terms to related parties are approximately	0.09%			
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	1	Other receivables	11,056	the construction contracts or individual agreements.	0.05%			
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable	36,749		0.18%			
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	1	Other receivables	21,534		0.11%			
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	80,597		0.32%			
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	1	Construction revenue	6,991		0.03%			
1	eZoom Information, Inc.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Services revenue	67,380		0.27%			
1	eZoom Information, Inc.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Construction revenue	10,312		0.04%			
2	MIC-Tech Global Corp.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Sales revenue	85,108		0.34%			
2	MIC-Tech Global Corp.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Accounts receivable	10,032		0.05%			
2	MIC-Tech Global Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	3	Sales revenue	41,384		0.16%			
3	Spiro Technology Systems Inc.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Sales revenue	15,893		0.06%			
4	Marketech Netherlands B. V.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Sales revenue	6,042		0.02%			

				Transaction					
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)		
5	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	\$ 52,523		0.26%		
6	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	3	Construction revenue	77,453		0.31%		
6	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	3	Sales revenue	25,666		0.10%		
7	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	MIC-Tech China Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	13,131		0.06%		
7	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	43,769		0.22%		
8	Marketech Co., Ltd.	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	8,989		0.04%		

Note 1:The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2:Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3:Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: Individual amounts less than \$5,000 are not disclosed. Additionally, if it is disclosed as assets and revenue, its opposite transactions will not be disclosed.

## Information on investees

## For the year ended December 31, 2020

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial investment	Initial investment amount (Note 2)		nares held as at December 31, 2020			Investment income (loss) recognized by	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at Decmber 31, 2020	Balance as at December 31, 2019	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2020	the Company for the year ended December 31, 2020	
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Contracting for semiconductor automatic supply system	\$ 233,306		10,085,678	100		· ·	` ′	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Market Go Profits Ltd.	Virgin Islands	Investment holding and reinvestment	1,328,547	1,298,124	41,069,104	100	1,386,248	142,606	142,606	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Global Corp.	South Korea	International trade	19,147	19,147	131,560	100	12,581	5,825	5,825	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Headquarter International Ltd.	Virgin Islands	Investment holding and reinvestment	42,475	42,475	1,289,367	100	35,329	( 471)	( 471)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Tiger United Finance Ltd.	Virgin Islands	Investment holding and reinvestment	46,475	46,475	1,410,367	100	34,314	( 495)	( 495)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Engineering Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Contracting for electrical installing construction	21,804	20,902	937,533	100	2,131	( 6,870)	( 6,870)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Manufacturing Company Limited	Myanmar	Design, manufacturing, installation of automatic production equipment and its parts	478,985	478,985	1,535,600	100	356,748	( 39,014)	( 39,014)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Trading, installation and repair of various machinery equipment and its peripherals; consulting service and	110,696	39,345	-	100	85,787	( 1,948)	( 1,948)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Specialized contracting and related repair services; equipment sales and repair; sales of cosmetics and daily necessities; production, development and implementation of software and providing coding service; providing installation service of industrial machine and equipment	72,596	45,246	-	100	16,751	( 10,094)	( 10,094)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	eZoom Information, Inc.	Taiwan	Research, trading and consulting of information system software and hardware appliance	195,737	195,737	20,000,000	100	100,863	( 20,255)	( 20,255)	The Company's subsidiary
farketech International Corp.	Marketech International Sdn.Bhd.	Malaysia	Specialized contracting and related repair services	83,122	83,122	12,242,750	100	58,483	( 1,814)	( 1,814)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	USA	Specialized contracting and related repair services	23,086	23,086	750,000	100	11,729	( 4,469)	( 4,469)	The Company's subsidiary

				Initial investmen	t amount (Note 2)	Shares held	as at Decemb	ber 31, 2020	Net profit (loss)	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended	
				as at Decmber 31,	as at December 31,		Ownership		the year ended	December 31, 2020	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	2020	2019	Number of shares	(%)	Book value	December 31, 2020	(Note 1)	Footnote
Marketech International Corp.	Spiro Technology Syetems Inc.	USA	Specialized contracting and related repair services	\$ 23,936	\$ -	19,982	100	\$ 21,383	(\$ 1,758)	(\$ 1,758)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	ADAT Technology CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Research, development, application, and service of software; supply of electronic information and the buying and selling	50,000	20,000	3,500,000	26.74	23,954	( 38,769)	( 8,560)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	PT Marketech International Indonesia	Indonesia	Trading business of machine equipment and parts	38,042	38,042	1,199,000	99.92	33,131	223	223	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Netherlands B.V	Netherlands	International trade business of machine and components and technical service	31,253	21,070	900,000	100	12,543	( 7,181)	( 7,181)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Glory Technology Service Inc	Taiwan	Sale and installation of information and communication equipment	42,714	42,714	5,968,371	29.24	67,579	12,911	3,775	The Company's investee accounted for using equity method
Marketech International Corp.	MIC Techno Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sale of panels and its materials	2,000	2,000	200,000	20	1,824	( 50)	( 10)	The Company's investee accounted for using equity method
Marketech International Corp.	Smart Health Corp.	Taiwan	Smart medical consulting services and investment	500	1,500	50,000	100	476	( 67)	( 42)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Vertex System Corporation	Taiwan	Design and manufacture of RF booster; Management of IoT; 5G telecommunication instrument and	20,000	-	2,000,000	38.83	18,046	( 5,032)	( 1,954)	The Company's investee accounted for using equity method
Market Go Profits Ltd.	MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Cayman Islands	Investment holding and reinvestment	1,323,049	1,292,627	40,966,604	100	1,384,843	142,746	-	The investor's subsidiary
Marketech Engineering Pte Ltd.	Marketech Integrated Construction Co., Ltd.	Myanmar	Contracting for electrical installing construction	19,342	19,342	63,500	97.69	1,218	( 6,909)	-	The investor's subsidiary
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Russky H.K. Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding and reinvestment	34,551	34,551	833,000	100	( 634)	11,055	-	The investor's subsidiary
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Frontken MIC Co. Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding and reinvestment	31,422	31,422	2,337,608	100	5,002	( 193)	-	The investor's subsidiary
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MICT International Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding and reinvestment	132,282	132,282	5,400,000	60	37,872	( 23,808)	-	The investor's subsidiary
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Leader Fortune Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Samoa	Investment holding and reinvestment	8,990	8,990	303,000	31.43	( 3,395)	3,982	-	The investor's investee accounted for using equity method
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Fortune Blessing Co.,Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding and reinvestment	45,985	15,563	500,000	27.78	11,121	( 8,041)	-	The investor's investee accounted for using equity method
Russky H.K. Limited	PT Marketech International Indonesia	Indonesia	Trading business of machine equipment and parts	32	32	1,000	0.08	28	223	-	The investor's investee accounted for using equity method

Note 1: The amount of \$0 means that the Company does not directly recognise gain or loss on investments.

Note 2: Except for subsidiaries in Malaysia which are translated at the current rate as of December 31, 2020, the initial investment amounts of other investees are translated at the current rate as of the investment date.

## Information on investments in Mainland China

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital (Note 3)	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2019 (Note 3)	Amount remitte to Mainlai Amount remi Taiwan for th December (Not	nd China/ itted back to e year ended 31, 2020	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2020 (Note 3)	Net income of investee for the year ended December 31, 2020	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2020 (Note 2)	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of December 31, 2020	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31, 2020	Footnote
MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	Design, manufacturing, installation and maintenance of semiconductor device, crystal dedicated device, electronic component device, environment pollution preventing equipment; assembly of wrapping device and cooling equipment; assembly of barbecue grill; producing, assembling and sale of LED illuminator and its component; wholesale, commission agency and import and export of the aforementioned products and their components, textile, commodities, chemical products and cosmetics; lease of self-owned plants; design, manufacturing, sales and installation of automatic warehousing equipment and accessories, automatic logistics transporting equipment and accessories; R&D, sales and installation of supplementary engineering in logistics dispatch system, manufacturing and sales of medical devices.	\$ 726,240	Note1(2)	\$ 583,840	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 583,840	(\$ 18,272)	100	(\$ 17,717)	\$ 16,715	s -	Note 2 (2)B
MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	Wholesale, commission agency, maintenance, repairment, manufacture, import and export of semiconductor production, inspection equipment and its consumables and boilers that generate electricity; storage and allocation of mainly chemical and boiler products; international and entrepot trade; trading and trading agency among enterprises in customs bonded area; consulting services in customs bonded area	234,704	Note1(2)	14,240	-	-	14,240	112,451	100	112,451	497,616	-	Note 2 (2)B
Fuzhou Jiwei System Integrated Co., Ltd.	Installation and complete services of clean room, mechanical system, street pipe system	8,544	Note1(2)	8,544	-	-	8,544	( 254)	100	( 254)	( 1,810)	-	Note 2 (2)B
Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co.,Ltd.	Production of scrubber bins for semiconductor manufacturers; design, installation, debugging and technology services of tunnel system; equipment repair for semiconductor manufacturers; consulting service for electrical and medical equipment wholesale, commissioned distribution, export, import and related services of electronic products, machinery equipment, chemical products, communication equipment, metal products, plastic products	17,088	Note1(2)	17,173	-	-	17,173	12,753	87	11,095	( 3,284)	-	Note 2 (2)B
MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Installation and construction of mechanical and electrical systems; construction of chemical and petroleum projects; construction of public municipal infrastructure projects; professional building renovation and decoration services; design and construction of smart buildings; construction of electronic projects and related technical services and consulting. Building equipment, building materials (excluding steel and cement), electronic products, chemical products (excluding hazardous products), metal products, electrical equipment, wholesale of communications equipment, commission-based agency (excluding auctions) and import-export business, and delivery of all related and supplementary services	501,789	Note1(2)	242,650	-	-	242,650	20,178	100	20,178	537,392	-	Note 2 (2)B
Frontken-MIC (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Research of specialized cleaning equipment of semiconductor device and integrated circuit, cleaning of special components of semiconductor device, integrated circuit and micromodule and cleaning technology for semiconductors, assembling, installation and maintenance of cooling equipment; design, manufacture, sale and installation of automatic warehouse	65,732	Note1(2)	26,293	-	-	26,293	( 194)	100	( 194)	4,983	-	Note 2 (2)B

Investee in Mainland China Integrated Manufacturing & Services Co., Ltd.	Main business activities  Development of special equipment for solar cell production, manufacture of optical engine, lighting source, projection screen, high definition projection cathode-ray tube and microdisplay module, and production, cleaning and regeneration of new electrical device; sells the products that manufactured by itself; machinery equipment, research and development of production technology of utilities equipment, technology transfer, technology consulting, technology service; processing of metal salvage and junk (except for hazardous chemicals and hazardous waste); metallic material (except for steels and noble metal), ceramic product, paper products and wholesale, retail and import and export of hardware products.	Paid-in capital (Note 3) \$ 199,360	Investment method ( Note 1 ) Note1(2)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2019 (Note 3) \$ 111,072	Taiwan for th December (No Remitted to Mainland China	nd China/ itted back to ne year ended	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2020 (Note 3) \$ 111,072	year ended December 31, 2020	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2020 (Note 2)	as of December 31, 2020	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31, 2020	Footnote Note 2 (2)B
MIC-Tech China Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Wholesale, commission agency and import and export of chemical products (except for hazardous chemicals, chemicals used in production of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and special chemicals), semiconductors, inspection equipment and its consumables, solar equipment consumables and boilers that generate electricity, International and entrepot trade, trading and trading agency among enterprises in customs bonded area, consulting service for trading, installation, repair, and maintenance of automation equipment, electronic equipment, and their parts	42,720	Note1(2)	42,720	-	-	42,720	13,605	100	13,605	32,857	-	Note 2 (2)B
Macrotec Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Wholesale, commission agency, import and export and other complementary service of electrical products, food, textile, commodities, cosmetics, valve switch, instrumentation, metal products, electrical equipment, International and entrepot trade, trading and trading agency among enterprises in customs bonded area, simple commercial processing in customs bonded area, and consulting service for trading in customs bonded area	27,253	Note1(2)	8,565	-	-	8,565	3,982	31.43	1,251	( 3,399)	-	Note 2 (2)B
Fortune International Corporation	Research and development, design, manufacturing, sales, installation and repair services of semiconductor-related devices, equipment and materials; research and development, transfer, consulting and service of semiconductor-related technology; supply chain management service; self-operation and agency of import and export business of various products and technologies; property management service; industrial park management service; accommodation service; retail of articles of daily use, food and beverages; venue rental; enterprise management service; conference and exhibition services; warehousing service; handling and transportation agency services	34,176	Note1(2)	14,240	-	-	14,240	( 8,053)	27.78	( 2,237)	6,377	-	Note 2 (2)B

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in Market Go Profits Ltd., which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3) Others.

Note 2: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2020' column:

- (1) It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.
- (2) Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:
- A.The financial statements were audited and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.
- B.The financial statements were audited and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.

C.Others.

Note 3: Paid-in capital and investment amount were translated at the original currency times exchange rate at period end.

## 2. Limit on investees in Mainland China

	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the		
Company name	as of December 31, 2020 (Note 1) (Note 2)	of Economic Affairs (MOEA) (Note 1)	Investment Commission of MOEA		
Marketech International Corp.	<b>\$</b> 1,116,125	\$ 1,860,227	\$ 3,819,830		

Note 1: The amount was translated at the original currency times exchange rate at period end.

Note 2: The Company has sold WUXI Probeleader Electronics Co., Ltd. at the end of November 2011. As the accumulated investment was different from the investment collected back, the difference between accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2020 and accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China registered at and approved by MOEA was US\$186 thousand.

Note 3: The liquidation of TPP-MIC (WuXi) Co., Ltd. was completed in November, 2015. As the accumulated investment was different from the investment collected back, the difference between accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2020, and accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China registered at and approved by MOEA was US\$180 thousand.

### Major shareholders information

#### December 31, 2020

Table 9

	Shares	
Name of major shareholders	Name of shares held	Ownership (%)
Ennoconn International Investment Co., Ltd.	83,468,613	44.58
JI-XUAN Investment Corp.	11,005,795	5.87

- Note 1: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded on the financial statements may be different from the actual number of share in dematerialised form due to the difference in the calculation basis.
- Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were kept at the trust by the shareholders, the data was disclosed as a separate account of client which was set by the trustee. As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio is greater than 10% in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding ratio includes the self-owned shares and trusted shares, at the same time, persons who have power to decide how to allocate the trust assets. For the information of reported share equity of insider, please refer to Market Observation Post System.