MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP.
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and

financial statements shall prevail.

Marketech International Corp.

<u>Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2024, pursuant to "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises," the company that is required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates, is the same as the company required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies under International Financial Reporting Standard 10. Also, if relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies, it shall not be required to prepare separate consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Hereby declare, Marketech International Corp. Margaret Kao February 24, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Marketech International Corp.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Marketech International Corp. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Recognition of construction contract revenue

<u>Description</u>

Refer to Note 4(28) for accounting policy on construction contract revenue, Note 5(2) for the details of uncertainty of construction contract accounting estimation and assumptions, and Notes 6(16) and 6(4) for details of construction contract revenue and construction contract cost.

The Group recognized revenue and profit by using the percentage of completion method. This method is also being used to calculate the cost for each contract at year-end. Management will re-evaluate the cost if the budget had increased or decreased, and depending on the cost after adjustment, the percentage of completion will be recalculated. The construction contract revenue may be affected by the appropriateness of determination of cost and estimated cost. Thus, we considered this as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We tailored the major audit scope as follows:

- A. Obtained an understanding of the management's control system and determined whether the contract had been created or significantly changed with respect to estimated cost.
- B. Obtained the newly added construction contracts list for this fiscal year, and checked whether the total contract price is equal to the amount being used to calculate construction contract revenue. Ascertained whether any additional construction supplements can be traced back to supplementary contracts.
- C. Checked the significant newly added construction projects, sample tested the construction costs incurred, estimation sheets and subcontract plans, and ascertained whether these have been approved appropriately by the management.
- D. Checked the significant changes in the estimation of construction cost, and ascertained whether the revised plan had been approved by the management.
- E. Obtained the billing details and selected samples of related vouchers by using statistical procedure to check the correctness of input cost in engineering reports and confirmed whether the current input costs have been accounted for appropriately.

Valuation of loss allowance for accounts receivable

Description

Refer to Notes 4(8) and (9) for accounting policy on accounts receivable, Note 5(2) for accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty in relation to loss allowance of accounts receivable, and Note 6(3) for the details of accounts receivable.

The Group assesses impairment of accounts receivable in accordance with IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'. The Group first classified accounts receivable into two categories, namely, sales and construction, and are then subdivided as to whether the receivable accounts are subject to individual assessment or group assessment. For accounts receivable subject to group assessment, the Group referred to the historical loss rates and used the forecastability to estimate expected credit loss in order to assess the unrecoverable amounts. For accounts receivable subject to individual assessment, loss allowance is recognized on a case by case basis. The estimation of the above expected credit loss is affected by various factors, such as customers' financial conditions, historical transaction records and current economic conditions, etc. Therefore, the relevant supporting documents related to management's judgment are determined to be areas of focus for this year's audit.

As the valuation of loss allowance for accounts receivable involved management's subjective judgement and the valuation amount was material to the financial statements, thus, we considered the valuation of allowance for uncollectible accounts as one of the key matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We tailored the major audit scope as follows:

- A. Obtained an understanding of the process which management used to evaluate the collectability of accounts receivable.
- B. Ensured that the classification of impairment in the group of accounts receivable is appropriate and in accordance with the Group's accounting policy.
- C. Checked the details of significant impairment recognized by the management against the supporting documents to verify appropriateness.
- D. Verified the subsequent collection details of significant accounts receivable.
- E. Obtained the details of significant accounts receivable which have not yet been collected at year end, and re-evaluated the appropriateness.

Other matter – Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unmodified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of Marketech International Corp. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

SUNG-TSE WANG

Lin, Chun-Yao

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan February 24, 2025

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Assets	Notes	 December 31, 2024 AMOUNT	%	 December 31, 2023 AMOUNT	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 11,442,714	25	\$ 7,210,086	16
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)				
	profit or loss - current		66,781	-	164,696	-
1140	Current contract assets	6(16)	10,180,252	22	13,530,731	29
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(3)	82,621	-	171,878	-
1160	Notes receivable - related parties	6(3) and 7	124	-	98	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3)	6,704,981	14	8,558,811	18
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties,	6(3) and 7				
	net		27,698	-	26,896	-
1200	Other receivables		61,384	-	44,176	-
1220	Current tax assets		5,344	-	97,482	-
130X	Inventories, net	6(4)	7,814,237	17	7,315,707	16
1410	Prepayments		1,372,752	3	2,019,039	4
1470	Other current assets	8	 194,714		 319,627	1
11XX	Total current assets		 37,953,602	81	 39,459,227	84
	Non-current assets					
1510	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2) and 7				
	profit or loss - non-current		1,928,527	4	1,397,973	3
1535	Non-current financial assets at	8				
	amortized cost		15,047	-	15,790	-
1550	Investments accounted for using	6(5) and 7				
	equity method		200,846	1	216,541	1
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(6), 7 and 8	3,445,599	8	2,414,956	5
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(7) and 7	2,468,702	5	2,483,355	6
1780	Intangible assets	7	97,135	-	98,634	-
1840	Deferred tax assets	6(20)	410,608	1	471,703	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(2)(5) and 8	 137,257		 138,525	
15XX	Total non-current assets		 8,703,721	19	 7,237,477	16
1XXX	Total Assets		\$ 46,657,323	100	\$ 46,696,704	100

(Continued)

MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2024			December 31, 2023	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(8) and 8	\$	5,911,945	13	\$	9,679,501	21
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(16)		11,468,095	25		9,811,214	21
2150	Notes payable			1,901,328	4		1,740,895	4
2160	Notes payable - related parties	7		9,008	-		11,335	-
2170	Accounts payable			7,661,889	16		6,630,517	14
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		24,190	-		20,881	-
2200	Other payables	6(9)		1,015,174	2		1,301,729	3
2230	Current tax liabilities			342,555	1		466,179	1
2250	Current provisions			602,388	1		-	-
2280	Current lease liabilities	7		577,927	1		493,015	1
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(11)		4,846	-		2,412	-
2399	Other current liabilities			30,187			65,381	
21XX	Total current liabilities			29,549,532	63		30,223,059	65
	Non-current liabilities							
2530	Bonds payable	6(10)		2,434,568	5		2,391,712	5
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(11)		212,748	1		217,588	-
2570	Deferred tax liabilities	6(20)		234,923	1		365,268	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	7		2,078,381	4		2,117,874	5
2640	Net defined benefit liability - non-	6(12)						
	current			110,181	-		139,087	-
2670	Other non-current liabilities	6(5)		11,120			6,077	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			5,081,921	11		5,237,606	11
2XXX	Total Liabilities			34,631,453	74		35,460,665	76
	Equity							
	Share capital	6(13)						
3110	Ordinary shares			2,013,162	5		2,013,154	4
	Capital surplus	6(14)						
3200	Capital surplus			2,499,572	5		2,498,186	5
	Retained earnings	6(15)						
3310	Legal reserve			1,526,992	3		1,310,579	3
3320	Special reserve			226,430	1		182,589	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			5,718,006	12		5,365,203	12
	Other equity interest							
3400	Other equity interest		(85,078)		(226,430)	
31XX	Total equity attributable to							
	owners of parent			11,899,084	26		11,143,281	24
36XX	Non-controlling interests	4(3)		126,786			92,758	
3XXX	Total Equity			12,025,870	26		11,236,039	24
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9						
	unrecognized contract commitments							
	Significant events after the balance	11						
	sheet date							
3X2X	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$	46,657,323	100	\$	46,696,704	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amount)

				Ye	ar ended E	ecember 3	1	
				2024			2023	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		MOUNT	<u>%</u>
4000	Operating Revenue	6(16) and 7	\$	60,675,104	100	\$	56,279,732	100
5000	Operating Costs	6(4)(19) and 7	(55,398,732) (<u></u>	<u>92</u>)	(51,032,096) (<u>91</u>)
5900	Gross Profit	C(10)		5,276,372	8		5,247,636	9
(100	Operating Expenses	6(19)	,	000 20() (1.	,	014 007) (1)
6100 6200	Sales and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses		(880,306) (1)		814,807) (
6300	Research and development expenses		(1,634,266) (277,650)	3)	(1,546,579) (284,759) (
6450	Expected credit loss	12(2)	(301,755) (1)	(167,117)	1)
6000	Total operating expenses	12(2)		3,093,977) (5)	(2,813,262) (5)
6900	Operating Profit		(2,182,395	3	·	2,434,374	4
	Non-operating Income and Expenses			2,102,575			2, 131,371	
7100	Interest income			101,575	-		94,130	-
7010	Other income	6(17)		192,913	1		120,212	-
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(18)		654,810	1		525,158	1
7050	Finance costs	7	(467,040) (1)	(341,758)	-
7060	Share of (loss) profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity	6(5)						
	method		(27,242)	_		5,044	_
7000	Total non-operating income and		(21,242)			3,044	
, 000	expenses			455,016	1		402,786	1
7900	Profit before Income Tax		-	2,637,411	4		2.837.160	5
7950	Income tax expense	6(20)	(880,121) (1)	(735,931) (1)
8200	Net Income	. /	\$	1,757,290	3	\$	2,101,229	4
	Other Comprehensive Income						· · · · ·	
8311	Gain (loss) on remeasurements of	6(12)						
	defined benefit plan	. ,	\$	26,031	-	(\$	3,564)	-
8349	Income tax related to components of	6(20)						
	other comprehensive income that will not							
	be reclassified to profit or loss		(5,206)			713	
8310	Other comprehensive income (loss)							
	that will not be reclassified to profit or			20.025		,	2.051)	
	loss			20,825		(2,851)	
	Components of other comprehensive							
	income that will be reclassified to profit or loss							
8361	Exchange differences on translation of							
0501	foreign operations			174,548	_	(47,664)	_
8370	Share of other comprehensive income	6(5)		171,510		(17,001)	
	(loss) of associates and joint ventures	•(•)						
	accounted for using equity method			4,735	-	(7,130)	-
8399	Income tax relating to components of	6(20)						
	other comprehensive income that will be							
	reclassified to profit or loss		(35,338)			10,960	
8360	Other comprehensive income (loss)			1.10.015			12 02 11	
0200	that will be reclassified to profit or loss			143,945		(43,834)	
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss), net of		Ф	174 770		/ ft	46 (05)	
0.500	tax		<u>\$</u>	164,770	-	(\$	46,685)	
8500	Total Comprehensive Income		\$	1,922,060	3	\$	2,054,544	4
0.610	Profit (loss) attributable to:		ф	1 000 107	2	ф	0 161 000	4
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	1,800,125	3	\$	2,161,833	4
8620	Non-controlling interests		(42,835)	3	(60,604)	
	Total		<u>\$</u>	1,757,290	3	ф	2,101,229	4
	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable							
8710	to: Owners of the parent		\$	1,962,302	3	\$	2,115,141	1
8720	Non-controlling interests		Φ	40,242)		φ (2,113,141 60,597)	4
0,20	Total		\$	1,922,060	3	\$	2,054,544	4
			Ψ	1,722,000		Ψ	2,007,077	
9750	Basic earnings per share (in dollars)	6(21)	\$		8.94	\$		10.96
9850	Diluted earnings per share (in dollars)	6(21)	\$		8.27	\$		10.47
7030	2.1.a.a cariffings per siture (in actions)	(21)	Ψ		0.21	Ψ		10.7/

$\frac{\text{MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY}}$

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent													
			Capita	l Reserves		Retained Earn									
	Notes	Share capital - ordinary shares	Capital Surplus - share premium	Capital Surplus - others	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retain		Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations		Total	Non-con	ntrolling interests		Total equity
Year ended December 31, 2023															
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 1,950,284	\$ 1,762,375	\$ 24,955	\$ 1,087,737	\$ 256,244	\$ 4,461,21	9	(\$ 182,589)	\$	9,360,225	\$	125,923	\$	9,486,148
Profit (loss) for the year			-	-			2,161,83	-	-		2,161,833	(60,604)	-	2,101,229
Other comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	_	-	-	(2,85	1)	(43,841)	(46,692)		7	(46,685)
Total comprehensive income (loss)			-				2,158,98	2	(43,841)		2,115,141	(60,597)		2,054,544
Appropriations and distribution of 2022 retained earnings:	6(15)							_	` 			-			
Legal reserve		-	-	_	222,842	-	(222,84	2)	-		-		-		-
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	(73,655)	73,65	5	-		-		-		-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	(1,105,81	1)	-	(1,105,811)		-	(1,105,811)
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(10)(13)(14)	62,870	603,371	(18,762)	-	-		-	-		647,479		-		647,479
Due to recognition of equity component of convertible bond issued	ds 6(10)(14)			126,247	-			_			126,247		-		126,247
Change in non-controlling interests		<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _				_					27,432		27,432
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$ 2,013,154	\$ 2,365,746	\$ 132,440	\$ 1,310,579	\$182,589	\$ 5,365,20	3	(\$ 226,430)	\$	11,143,281	\$	92,758	\$	11,236,039
Year ended December 31, 2024								_							
Balance at January 1, 2024		\$ 2,013,154	\$ 2,365,746	\$ 132,440	\$ 1,310,579	\$182,589	\$ 5,365,20	3	(\$ 226,430)	\$	11,143,281	\$	92,758	\$	11,236,039
Profit (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	1,800,12	5	-		1,800,125	(42,835)		1,757,290
Other comprehensive income for the year						<u>-</u>	20,82	5	141,352		162,177		2,593	_	164,770
Total comprehensive income (loss)						<u>-</u>	1,820,95	0	141,352		1,962,302	(40,242)	_	1,922,060
Appropriations and distribution of 2023 retained earnings:	6(15)														
Legal reserve		-	-	-	216,413	-	(216,41	3)	-		-		-		-
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	43,841	(43,84	1)	-		-		-		-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	(1,207,89	3)	-	(1,207,893)		-	(1,207,893)
Changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries	6(14)	-	-	1,296	-	-		-	-		1,296		-		1,296
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(10)(13)(14)	8	95	(5)	-	-		-	-		98		-		98
Change in non-controlling interests							-	<u>-</u>			-		74,270	_	74,270
Balance at December 31, 2024		\$ 2,013,162	\$ 2,365,841	\$ 133,731	\$ 1,526,992	\$ 226,430	\$ 5,718,00	6	(\$ 85,078)	\$	11,899,084	\$	126,786	\$	12,025,870

MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	2,637,411	\$	2,837,160
Adjustments		*	2,007,111	*	2,001,100
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through	6(2)(18)				
profit or loss	- ()(-)	(331,819) ((491,654)
Expected credit loss	12(2)	`	301,755		167,117
Share of loss (profit) of associates and joint ventures	6(5)		,		,
accounted for using equity method			27,242 ((5,044)
Depreciation	6(6)(7)(19)		967,064		634,300
Amortization	6(19)		42,245		35,717
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and	,		,		,
equipment			2,178 ((25,337)
Loss (gain) on lease modification	6(7)		1,118 (Ì	408)
Interest income		(101,575)	Ì	94,130)
Interest expense		`	467,040		341,758
Dividend income	6(17)	(51,102) ((27,694)
Gain on disposal of investments	6(22)	ì	1,228)	`	,,
Onerous contract loss	6(4)	`	103,409		_
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	- ()		100,100		
Changes in operating assets					
Contract assets – current			3,851,595 ((4,470,950)
Notes receivable, net			89,257	1	142,685)
Notes receivable – related parties, net		(26)	`	60
Accounts receivable, net		•	1,642,978 ((2,539,015)
Accounts receivable – related parties, net		(3,070)	`	60,976
Other receivables		Ì	11,271) ((18,978)
Inventories		Ì	464,760) (Ì	1,193,162)
Prepayments			647,613	(597,448)
Other current assets			47,852	`	68,386
Changes in operating liabilities			,		,
Contract liabilities – current			1,656,881		2,921,719
Notes payable			160,433 ((419,007)
Notes payable – related parties		(2,327)	•	3,848
Accounts payable			915,434 ((400,128)
Accounts payable – related parties			3,309	(1,485)
Other payables		(342,785)	`	186,664
Other current liabilities		(35,194)		8,606
Other non-current liabilities		Ì	2,875) ((2,583)
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations		`	12,216,782	(3,163,397)
Interest received			100,513	`	94,308
Dividends received			51,102		27,694
Interest paid		(433,492) ((314,731)
Income tax received		*	99,179	•	-, /
Income tax paid		(1,116,687) ((818,140)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities			10,917,397	(4,174,266)

(Continued)

MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2024	_	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit					
or loss		(\$	182,024)	(\$	233,213)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value			, ,	` '	, ,
through profit or loss			110,065		31,522
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost		(6,905)	(24,306)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortized					
cost			8,200		25,195
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity					
method			-	(56,840)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(6)	(1,314,553)	(234,765)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(6)		617		318
Acquisition of right-of-use assets		(37,027)	(7,663)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(39,363)	(23,738)
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits			75,609	(7,042)
Other investing activities			8,174		-
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets			377	(32,112)
Dividends received			-		3,868
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	6(22)		27,695		-
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(1,349,135)	(558,776)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	6(24)	(3,968,603)		4,381,214
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(24)		-		20,000
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	6(10)(24)		-		2,495,000
Repayment of bonds	6(10)(24)		-	(1,600)
Repayment of long-term borrowings	6(24)	(2,406)		-
Repayment of lease principal	6(7)(24)	(581,434)	(253,374)
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits received		(572)		963
Cash dividends paid	6(15)	(1,207,893)	(1,105,811)
Changes in non-controlling interests			75,568		27,432
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(5,685,340)		5,563,824
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash					
equivalents			349,706	(101,993)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			4,232,628	•	728,789
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		7,210,086		6,481,297
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	11,442,714	\$	7,210,086

MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Marketech International Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated in the Republic of China (R.O.C) on December 27, 1988. On October 17, 2002, the Company's common shares were officially listed on the Taiwan Over-The-Counter Securities Exchange and on May 24, 2004, the shares were transferred to be listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are mainly engaged in (i) import and trade of various integrated circuits, semiconductors, electrical equipment and materials, chemicals, gas, components; (ii) factory affair and mechatronic system including clean room, automatic supply system of (specialty) gas and chemicals, monitoring system, Turn-key and Hook-up Project services and (iii) design and manufacturing of customized equipment. Ennoconn International Investment Co., Ltd. owns 41.46% of the shares of the Company. The ultimate parent company of the Company is Ennoconn Corporation.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on February 24, 2025.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-	January 1, 2024
current'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2025 are as follows:

Effective data by

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Amendments to the classification and	January 1, 2026
measurement of financial instruments'	
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Contracts referencing nature-	January 1, 2026
dependent electricity'	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'	January 1, 2027
IFRS 19, 'Subsidiaries without public accountability: disclosures'	January 1, 2027
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards—Volume 11	January 1, 2026

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements' replaces IAS 1. The standard introduces a defined structure of the statement of profit or loss, disclosure requirements related to management-defined performance measures, and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC® Interpretations, and SIC® Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

- (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

		Percentage of Ownership (%)			
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Note
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	Contracting for semiconductor automatic supply system	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Headquarter International Ltd.	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Tiger United Finance Ltd.	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Market Go Profits Ltd.	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Global Corp.	International trade	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	Trading, installation and repair of various machinery equipment and its peripherals; consulting service and software execution service associated with computer hardware installation	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Engineering Pte. Ltd.	Contracting for electrical installation construction	100	100	-

			Percentage of O	wnership (%)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Note
Marketech International Corp.	eZoom Information, Inc.	Research, trading and consulting of information system software and hardware appliance; sales of medical devices	-	100	Note 3
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Co., Ltd.	Specialized contracting and related repair services; equipment sales and repair, sales of cosmetics and daily necessities; production, development and implementation of software and providing coding service; providing installation service of industrial machine and equipment	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Manufacturing Company Limited	Design, manufacturing, installation of automatic production equipment and its parts	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Sdn. Bhd.	Specialized contracting and related repair services; sales of medical devices	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	PT Marketech International Indonesia	Trading of machine equipment and parts	99.92	99.92	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Netherlands B.V.	International trade of machine and components and technical service	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	ADAT Technology Co., Ltd.	Research, development, application, and service of software; supply of electronic information and data processing service	25.38	25.62	Note 1
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	Specialized contracting and related repair services	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Spiro Technology Systems Inc.	International trade	100	100	-

			Percentage of Ov	wnership (%)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Note
Marketech International Corp.	Smart Group Solutions Corp. (Original name: Taiwan Radisen HealthCare Co., Ltd.)	Development and agent of smart medical testing equipment, AI plans and related software and hardware; import and export sales and manufacturing of medical devices	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	MIC Healthcare Korea Co., Ltd.	R&D, sales and professional technical services of medical device and its parts; international trade and import and export business	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Vertex System Corporation	Trading of equipment for private 5G wireless communication networks (picocells and core networks) and IoT intelligent control gateway; maintenance and operations of device management platform (DMP) and provision of services in software management platform and vertical integration of information technology (IT) and communication technology (CT)	61.35	61.35	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corp. Japan	International trade; specialized contracting and related repair services	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	Advanced Technology Matrix United Corporation	Warehousing logistics services; sales agent of semiconductor equipment, components and consumables and semiconductor materials	68.97	68.97	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation Germany GmbH	International trade of machine and components and technical service; specialized contracting and related repair services	100	100	-
Marketech International Corp.	MIC Industrial Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	Assembling of air conditioning equipment and testing OEM	100	100	-

			Percentage of O		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Note
Marketech International Corp.	Marketop Smart Solutions Co., Ltd.	Sales and service of smart medical devices, international trade and import and export business	51	-	-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International (Thailand) Corp., Ltd.	Specialized contracting and related repair services; sales of medical devices; international trade; design, manufacturing, installation of automatic production equipment and its parts	100	-	-
Smart Group Solutions Corp. (Original name: Taiwan Radisen Health Care Co., Ltd.)	eZoom Information, Inc.	Research, trading and consulting of information system software and hardware appliance; sales of medical devices	100	-	Note 3
Market Go Profits Ltd.	MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Russky H.K. Limited	Investment holdings and reinvestment	100	100	-
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MICT International Limited	Investment holdings and reinvestment	60	60	-
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of semiconductor devices, intelligent storage equipments, illuminators, masks and labor protective products; manufacturing of package special equipments	100	100	-
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	Wholesale, commission agency, maintenance, repairment, manufacture, import and export of semiconductor production and its consumables; trading agency and consulting services in customs bonded area	100	100	-

			Percentage of Ov		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Note
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Installation and construction of mechanical and electrical systems; professional building renovation and decoration services; design and construction of smart buildings; construction of electronic projects and related technical services and consulting materials	100	100	-
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MIC-Tech China Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Wholesale, commission agency import and export installation, maintenance, repairment of chemical products, semiconductors and solar equipment consumables, trading and trading agency among enterprises in customs bonded area	100	100	-
Russky H.K. Limited	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	Production of scrubber bins for semiconductor manufacturers; design, installation, debugging and technology services of tunnel system; equipment repair for semiconductor manufacturers	87	87	-
Russky H.K. Limited	PT Marketech International Indonesia	Trading of machine equipment and parts	0.08	0.08	-
MICT International Limited	Integrated Manufacturing & Services Co., Ltd.	Development of special equipment for solar cell production, manufacture of optical engine, cleaning and regeneration of new electrical device	-	60	Note 2
Marketech Engineering Pte. Ltd.	Marketech Integrated Construction Co., Ltd.	Specialized contracting for electrical installation construction	98.40	98.33	-

Note 1: The Company holds less than 50% share ownership in ADAT Technology Co., Ltd. However, as the definition of control is met, the subsidiary was included in the consolidated entities.

Note 2: The Group completed the disposal of its equity in Integrated Manufacturing & Services Co., Ltd. and lost control as of June 2024.

- Note 3: Taiwan Radisen HealthCare Co., Ltd. was renamed as Smart Group Solutions Corp. in September 2024. In addition, Smart Group Solutions Corp. acquired the Company's equity interest in eZoom Information, Inc. through the issuance of new shares (using shares as capital contribution) to comply with the reorganization of the Group in August 2024.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the non-controlling interests amounted to \$126,786 and \$92,758, respectively. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests are not material to the Group.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars (NTD), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) Foreign exchange gains and loss based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within other gains and losses.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;

- ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate or joint arrangement, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate or joint arrangement after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, or losing joint control of the former joint arrangement, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- (c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group still retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (d) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

The Group classifies assets that do not meet the above criteria as non-current.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) It does not have the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies liabilities that do not meet the above criteria as non-current.

C. Assets and liabilities relating to the construction contracts are classified as current and non-current based on the operating cycle.

(6) Cash and cash equivalents

- A. Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, bank deposits and other short-term and highly liquid investments in the statements of cash flows.
- B. Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognizes the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognizes the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognizes the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- C. The Group's operating pattern of accounts receivable that are expected to be factored is for the purpose of selling, and the accounts receivable are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes in fair value, recognized in profit or loss.

(9) Impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date, for accounts receivable, contract assets and financial guarantee contracts that have a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(10) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred, and substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset have been transferred.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; and the control over the financial asset has not been retained.

(11) Inventories

The perpetual inventory system is adopted for inventory recognition. Cost is the basis for recognition and is determined using the weighted-average method. Costs include acquisition, manufacturing or processing costs to make inventories available for sale or use. These exclude borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value for the measure of the ending inventories. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(12) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity are not recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- H. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

(13) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings $2 \sim 55$ yearsMachinery and equipment $1 \sim 15$ yearsOther equipment $2 \sim 10$ years

(14) Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

 Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; and
 - (b) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(15) Intangible assets

A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 1 to 10 years.

B. Patent

Patent acquired in a business combination are recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Patent has a finite useful life and are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 10 years.

C. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

D. Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets are technology royalties which are stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over the contract duration.

(16) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.
- B. Goodwill is evaluated annually and is recorded as cost less impairment loss. Impairment loss of goodwill shall not be reversed.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(17) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(18) Notes and accounts payable

Notes and accounts payable are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. They are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. However, short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(19) Provisions

Provisions are mainly onerous contracts, and are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(20) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible corporate bonds issued by the Company contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Company's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Company classifies the bonds payable and derivative features embedded in convertible corporate bonds on initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument ('capital surplus - stock options') in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial asset, a financial liability and an equity instrument. Convertible corporate bonds are accounted for as follows:

- A. Call options and put options embedded in convertible corporate bonds are recognized initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognized as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. Bonds payable of convertible corporate bonds is initially recognized at fair value and subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortized in profit or loss as an adjustment to the 'finance costs' over the period of bond circulation using the effective interest method.
- C. Conversion options embedded in convertible corporate bonds issued by the Company, which meet the definition of an equity instrument, are initially recognized in 'capital surplus stock options' at the residual amount of total issue price less amounts of 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' and 'bonds payable net' as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of convertible corporate bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including bonds payable' and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The carrying amount of common shares issued due to the conversion shall be based on the adjusted carrying amount of the above-mentioned liability component plus the carrying amount of capital surplus stock options.

(21) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(22) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss

(23) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plan

For defined contribution plan, the contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plan

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plan are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

(24) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(25) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.

- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.

(26) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(27) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(28) Revenue recognition

A. Sales of goods or products

- (a) The Group manufactures and sells a range of various integrated circuits, semiconductors, electrical equipment and materials, chemicals, gas, components. Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the customers have full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers, and either the customers have accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) Sales revenue from products is recognized based on the contract price, and the amount is limited to the part that is highly possible of not incurring a significant reversal. The sales are usually made with a credit term of 2 to 3 months.
- (c) A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

B. Construction contract

- (a) The Group is engaged in factory affair and mechatronic system including clean room, automatic supply system of (specialty) gas and chemicals, monitor system, turn-key and hook-up project services. Construction contract revenue from providing services is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognized based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. This is determined based on the actual costs spent relative to the total expected costs. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognized.
- (b) The Group's estimate of revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management becomes aware of the changes in circumstances.

(29) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognized and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

(30) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION</u> UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u>

None.

(2) <u>Critical accounting estimates and assumptions</u>

A. Construction contract

The Group recognizes contract revenue and profit based on management's evaluation to contract profit and percentage of completion. Management assesses and adjusts the contract profit and cost during execution of the contract. The actual result of the total profit and cost may be higher or lower than the estimation, and the effect is recognized in revenue and profit.

B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

C. Loss assessment of accounts receivable

During the process of assessing the loss allowance of receivables, the Group uses judgement in evaluating the collectability of receivables. The collectability assessment is affected by various factors: customers' financial conditions, historical transaction records, current economic conditions, etc. If the collectability of those accounts is in doubt, the Group is required to individually assess the possibility of recovery and make appropriate allowances for the amount. Since the evaluation of allowance is based on the status as of balance sheet date for reasonable expectations of future events, the actual results may be different than the estimation. Therefore, it may have significant changes.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Cash on hand	\$	15,523	\$	17,144
Checking accounts and demand				
deposits		11,407,191		7,192,942
Time deposits		20,000		
Total	\$	11,442,714	\$	7,210,086

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. Except for the cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as shown in Note 8 that was transferred to 'financial assets at amortized cost', the Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	Decei	mber 31, 2024	Decer	nber 31, 2023
Current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily				
measured at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Listed stocks	\$	4,373	\$	4,373
Hybrid instruments-call provision				
of convertible corporate bonds				
(Note 6(10))		750		500
		5,123		4,873
Valuation adjustment		61,658		159,823
Total	\$	66,781	\$	164,696
Non-current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily				
measured at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Listed stocks	\$	115,943	\$	26,293
Unlisted stocks		982,085		875,713
Private funds		62,427		55,595
Hybrid instruments		28,380		32,413
		1,188,835		990,014
Valuation adjustment		739,692		407,959
Total	\$	1,928,527	\$	1,397,973
Prepayments to investments		_		
(listed as 'other				
non-current assets')				
Stocks	\$		\$	31,012

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	Years ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair						
value through profit or loss						
Equity instruments	\$	331,569	\$	467,815		
Hybrid instruments		250		23,839		
	\$	331,819	\$	491,654		

B. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.

(3) Notes and accounts receivable

	Decen	nber 31, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023
Notes receivable	\$	82,621	\$	171,878
	Decen	nber 31, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023
Accounts receivable	\$	7,802,678	\$	9,340,237
Less: Loss allowance	(1,097,697)	()	781,426)
Total	\$	6,704,981	\$	8,558,811

The above accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers.

A. The ageing analysis of notes and accounts receivable (including related parties) that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

(a) Notes receivable

	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Not past due	\$	82,745	\$	171,976
(b) Accounts receivable				
	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Not past due	\$	5,186,536	\$	6,682,334
Up to 90 days		818,410		1,241,710
91 to 180 days		357,944		316,952
181 to 365 days		489,863		344,951
Over 365 days		986,146		787,441
Total	\$	7,838,899	\$	9,373,388

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable (including related parties) were \$82,745 and \$171,976, respectively. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable (including related parties) were \$6,732,679 and \$8,585,707, respectively.
- C. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

- D. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the amount of the Group's accounts receivable expected to be factored amounted to \$0 and \$230,697, respectively, and belonged to financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income which was shown as accounts receivable.
- E. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

(4) Inventories

		December 31, 2024	1	
		Allowance for		
		valuation loss and		
		loss on obsolete		
		and slow-moving		
	 Cost	inventories	_	Book value
Materials	\$ 2,143,531	(\$ 46,311)	\$	2,097,220
Merchandise inventory	2,141,842	(59,515)		2,082,327
Raw materials	2,275,021	(38,625)		2,236,396
Supplies	109,676	(6,895)		102,781
Work in process	893,406	(13,918)		879,488
Semi-finished goods and finished goods	 440,945	(24,920)	_	416,025
Total	\$ 8,004,421	(\$ 190,184)	\$	7,814,237
		December 31, 2023	3	
		Allowance for		
		valuation loss and		
		loss on obsolete		
		and slow-moving		
	 Cost	inventories		Book value
Materials	\$ 2,183,767	(\$ 42,198)	\$	2,141,569
Merchandise inventory	1,339,699	(54,764)		1,284,935
Raw materials	2,505,294	(24,136)		2,481,158
Supplies	113,962	(4,131)		109,831
Work in process	866,331	(20,502)		845,829
Semi-finished goods and finished goods	 481,284	((452,385
Total	\$ 7,490,337	(\$ 174,630)	\$	7,315,707

A. Relevant expenses of inventories recognized as operating costs for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	 Years ended	Dece	mber 31,	
	 2024		2023	
Construction cost	\$ 37,943,973	\$	35,370,978	
Cost of sales	14,510,278		13,242,967	
Other operating cost	2,827,487		2,391,421	
Onerous contracts losses	103,409		-	
Loss on market value decline and obsolete				
and slow-moving inventories	 13,585		26,730	
Total	\$ 55,398,732	\$	51,032,096	

B. The Group has no inventories pledged to others.

(5) Investments accounted for using equity method

A. Details of investments accounted for using equity method:

		December	31, 2024		December 31, 2023			
		Carrying amount	% interest held		Carrying amount	% interest held		
Glory Technology Service Inc.	\$	63,763	29.24%	\$	68,538	29.24%		
Fortune Blessing Co., Limited		6,277	27.78%		6,654	27.78%		
MIC Techno Co., Ltd.		1,867	29.85%		1,809	20.00%		
Leader Fortune Enterprise Co., Ltd.	(1,585)	31.43%	(5,036)	31.43%		
Bolite Co., Ltd.		41,687	37.33%		43,257	37.33%		
Radisen Co., Ltd.								
(ordinary shares) (Note)	(9,067)	18.49%		7,638	18.49%		
Radisen Co., Ltd.								
(preferred stock) (Note)		87,252	24.11%		88,645	44.85%		
		190,194			211,505			
Add: Credit balance of long-term equity investment transferred to								
'other non-current liabilities'		10,652			5,036			
Total	\$	200,846		\$	216,541			
Prepayments for long-term investments (listed as 'other non-current assets')								
Unlisted stocks	<u>\$</u>	1,639		<u>\$</u>	1,535			

Note: After the assessment, the Group's equity investment in common shares and preferred stock of Radisen Co., Ltd. comprised 21.99% of comprehensive voting rights in Radisen Co., Ltd. Accordingly, the investment was accounted for using equity method.

B. Associates

Associates accounted for using equity method are all individually immaterial and the Group's share of the operating results are summarized below:

	Years ended December 31,						
		2024		2023			
(Loss) profit for the year from continuing operations	(\$	27,243)	\$	5,044			
Other comprehensive income (loss) - net of tax		4,735	(7,130)			
Total comprehensive loss	(\$	22,508)	(\$	2,086)			

C. The investment accounted for using equity method for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were evaluated based on the financial statements of the entity which were audited by independent auditors.

- D. The Group is the single largest shareholder of Glory Technology Service Inc. with a 29.24% equity interest. Given that the remaining 70.76% of Glory Technology Service Inc.'s equity is concentrated in investors from other parties, the number of votes for the minority voting rights holders to act together has surpassed that of the Group. Therefore, the Group has no control over the company and only has significant influence on Glory Technology Service Inc..
- E. The Group is the single largest shareholder of Bolite Co., Ltd. with a 37.33% equity interest. Given that the remaining 62.67% of Bolite's equity is concentrated in investors from other parties, the number of votes for the minority voting rights holders to act together has surpassed that of the Group. Therefore, the Group has no control over the company and only has significant influence on Bolite Co., Ltd..

(6) Property, plant and equipment

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						20)24	1				
	Machinery and											
		Land		Buildings		equipment	C	Office equipment		Others		Total
At January 1												
Cost	\$	217,656	\$	3,251,919	\$	833,230	\$	\$ 405,211	\$	233,397	\$	4,941,413
Accumulated depreciation and												
impairment			(1,630,468)	(609,022)	(_	254,229)	(32,738) (2,526,457)
Book value	\$	217,656	\$	1,621,451	\$	224,208	9	150,982	<u>\$</u>	200,659	\$	2,414,956
Year ended December 31												
Opening net book amount	\$	217,656	\$	1,621,451	\$	224,208	9	150,982	\$	200,659	\$	2,414,956
Additions		-		16,659		49,983		74,386		1,173,525		1,314,553
Transfers (Note)		-		136,060		3,325		2,605	(144,980) (2,990)
Disposals		-	(918)	(1,338)	(495)	(44) (2,795)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries		-	(3,121)	(16,186)	(1,347)	(1) (20,655)
Depreciation		-	(149,827)	(49,960)	(55,179)	(18,429) (273,395)
Net exchange differences		2,311		11,013		1,092	_	885		624		15,925
Closing net book amount	\$	219,967	\$	1,631,317	\$	211,124	9	171,837	\$	1,211,354	\$	3,445,599
At December 31												
Cost	\$	219,967	\$	3,429,436	\$	807,409	\$	\$ 463,346	\$	1,255,137	\$	6,175,295
Accumulated depreciation and												
impairment		_	(1,798,119)	(596,285)	(_	291,509)	(43,783) ((2,729,696)
Book value	\$	219,967	\$	1,631,317	\$	211,124	9	171,837	\$	1,211,354	\$	3,445,599

2023

	-				0_0				
		. .	D '11'	Machinery and	0.0	· ·		0.1	T . 1
		Land	Buildings	equipment	Off	fice equipment		Others	Total
At January 1									
Cost	\$	217,661 \$	3,206,003	\$ 811,969	\$	345,328	\$	155,934 \$	4,736,895
Accumulated depreciation and									
impairment		- (_	1,481,121)	(563,469)) (227,786)	(22,525) (2,294,901)
Book value	\$	217,661 \$	1,724,882	\$ 248,500	\$	117,542	\$	133,409 \$	2,441,994
Year ended December 31									
Opening net book amount	\$	217,661 \$	1,724,882	\$ 248,500	\$	117,542	\$	133,409 \$	2,441,994
Additions		-	14,020	27,672		68,012		125,061	234,765
Transfers (Note)		-	35,602	127,680		10,502	(47,511)	126,273
Disposals		-	- 1	(127,579)) (552)	(13) (128,144)
Depreciation		- (152,755)	(51,026) (44,320)	(10,342) (258,443)
Net exchange differences	(5) (298)	(1,039]) (202)		55 (1,489)
Closing net book amount	\$	217,656 \$	1,621,451	\$ 224,208	\$	150,982	\$	200,659 \$	2,414,956
At December 31									
Cost	\$	217,656 \$	3,251,919	\$ 833,230	\$	405,211	\$	233,397 \$	4,941,413
Accumulated depreciation and			, ,	,		,		,	,
impairment		- (1,630,468)	(609,022)) ()	254,229)	(32,738) (2,526,457)
Book value	\$	217,656 \$	1,621,451	\$ 224,208	\$	150,982	\$	200,659 \$	2,414,956

Note: Transfers during the year pertain to certain previously unfinished constructions which had completed acceptance check and were transferred to buildings, machinery and equipment, office equipment and others.

- A. The above property, plant and equipment are all owner-occupied.
- B. The Group has no interest capitalized to property, plant and equipment.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

(7) Leasing arrangements—lessee

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, office equipment, and other equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 75 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise buildings, machinery and equipment, office equipment, and other equipment. Consequently, those leases are not included in right-of-use assets.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Decer	mber 31, 2023
	Carrying amount			ying amount
Land	\$	1,300,969	\$	1,285,762
Buildings		1,080,876		1,115,307
Machinery and equipment		652		1,062
Office equipment		190		670
Other equipment		86,015		80,554
	\$	2,468,702	\$	2,483,355
		Years ended	Deceml	ber 31.
		Years ended 2024	Deceml	ber 31, 2023
	Depre			2023
Land	Depre	2024		2023
Land Buildings		2024 eciation charge	Depre	2023 ciation charge
		2024 eciation charge 35,944	Depre	2023 ciation charge 28,017
Buildings		2024 eciation charge 35,944 619,183	Depre	2023 ciation charge 28,017 311,564
Buildings Machinery and equipment		2024 eciation charge 35,944 619,183 410	Depre	2023 ciation charge 28,017 311,564 378

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$733,388 and \$1,239,374, respectively.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,							
		2024		2023				
Items affecting profit or loss								
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	79,729	\$	54,124				
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$	327,465	\$	288,065				
Gain on lease modification	(<u>\$</u>	1,118)	\$	408				

F. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$988,628 and \$595,563, respectively.

G. Extension options

- (a) Extension options are included in approximately 36% of the Group's lease contracts pertaining to land. These options are expected to be exercised for maximizing optional flexibility in terms of managing contracts.
- (b) In determining the lease term, the Group takes into consideration all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option. The assessment of lease period is reviewed if a significant event occurs which affects the assessment.

(8) Short-term borrowings

	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Interest rate range	Collateral	
Bank borrowings					
Credit borrowings	\$	5,873,337	1.715%~7.7674%	None	
Mortgage loan		38,608	5.0647%~5.4805%	Buildings	
	\$	5,911,945			
	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral	
Bank borrowings	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral	
Bank borrowings Credit borrowings	Decer	9,628,263	Interest rate range 1.59%~8.8157%	Collateral None	
		<u>, </u>			

Details of mortgage loan are provided in Note 8.

(9) Other payables

	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Salaries and bonus payable	\$	525,373	\$	796,351
Accrued employees' compensation				
and directors' remuneration		314,844		323,010
Others		174,957		182,368
	\$	1,015,174	\$	1,301,729
(10) Bonds payable				
	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Bonds payable	\$	2,499,800	\$	2,499,900
Less: Discount on bonds payable	(65,232)	(108,188)
	\$	2,434,568	\$	2,391,712

- A. The fourth unsecured convertible corporate bonds in 2020
 - (a) The Company issued the 4th domestic unsecured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority on November 27, 2020. The terms and conditions are as follows:
 - i. Total issuance amount: NT\$1,500,000
 - ii. Issuance period: 3 years, and a circulation period from December 15, 2020 to December 15, 2023
 - iii. Coupon rate: 0%
 - iv. Conversion period: The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after three months of the bonds before the maturity date, except the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
 - v. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds, and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted.
 - vi. Redemption method:
 - (i) Redemption on the maturity date: Redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date.
 - (ii) Redemption before the maturity date: The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur:

 (i) the classing price of the Company's company shares is share the then conversion
 - (i) the closing price of the Company's common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after one month of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date, or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after one month of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date.
 - (iii) Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed, matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
 - vii. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the bonds totaling \$649,600 had been converted into 6,286 thousand shares of common stock. Accordingly, the Group recognized capital surplus of \$603,232 and reduced capital surplus stock option by \$18,711.
 - viii. As of the maturity of these bonds, the bonds totaling \$1,498,400 had been converted into 13,926 thousand shares of common stock. Accordingly, the Group recognized capital surplus of \$1,382,553 and reduced capital surplus stock option by \$43,160.

- (b) Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options amounting to \$43,206 were separated from the liability component and were recognized in 'capital surplus—stock warrants' in accordance with IAS 32. The call options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts and were recognized in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IAS 39 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rate of the bonds payable after such separation is 1.0255%.
- (c) The bonds expired on December 15, 2023. The Company paid the unconverted bonds with face value amounting to \$1,600. At the same time, the Company reclassified the expired conversion options.
- B. The fifth unsecured convertible corporate bonds in 2023
 - (a) The Company issued the 5th domestic unsecured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority on June 27, 2023. The terms and conditions are as follows:
 - i. Total issuance amount: NT\$2,500,000
 - ii. Issuance period: 3 years, and a circulation period from June 27, 2023 to June 27, 2026
 - iii. Coupon rate: 0%
 - iv. Conversion period: The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after three months of the bonds before the maturity date, except the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
 - v. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds, and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted.
 - vi. Redemption method:
 - (i) Redemption on the maturity date: Redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date.
 - (ii) Redemption before the maturity date: The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur:
 - (i) the closing price of the Company's common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after one month of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date, or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after one month of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date.

- (iii)Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed, matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- vii. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the bonds totaling \$100 had been converted into 739 thousand shares of common stock. Accordingly, the Group recognized capital surplus of \$95 and reduced capital surplus stock option by \$5.
- viii. As of December 31, 2024, the bonds totaling \$200 had been converted into 1,452 thousand shares of common stock. Accordingly, the Group recognized capital surplus of \$188 and reduced capital surplus stock option by \$10.
- (b) Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options amounting to \$126,247 were separated from the liability component and were recognized in 'capital surplus—stock warrants' in accordance with IAS 32. The call options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts and were recognized in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IAS 39 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rate of the bonds payable after such separation is 1.7960%.

(11) <u>Long-term borrowings</u>

	Borrowing period and				
Type of borrowings	repayment term	Interest rate	Collateral	Decembe	r 31, 2024
Long-term bank borrowings					
Credit borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 27, 2024 to March 26, 2026; interest is payable monthly; principal is payable at maturity date	1.829%	None	\$	200,000
"	Borrowing period is from May 10, 2023 to May 10, 2028; Interest is payable monthly; principal is payable monthly in 48 installments starting after 12 months from the date of borrowing. The monthly payment shall be calculated by using equal total payment and the principal and interest shall be paid based on the schedule Borrowing period is from	3.105%	None		1,723
	June 29, 2023 to June 29, 2028; Interest is payable monthly; principal is payable monthly in 48 installments starting after 12 months from the date of borrowing. The monthly payment shall be calculated by using equal total payment and the principal and interest shall be paid based on the schedule				
	Schedule	3.105%	None		15,871
Less: Long-term liabilit	ies, current portion				217,594
(recorded as 'Long-t	erm liabilities, current portion')		(4,846)
				\$	212,748

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate	Collateral	December	· 31 2023
Long-term bank	repayment term	Interest rate	Conatciai	December	1 31, 2023
borrowings					
Credit borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 28, 2023 to March 28, 2025; interest is payable monthly; principal is payable at maturity date	1.656%	None	\$	200,000
"	Borrowing period is from May 10, 2023 to May 10, 2028; Interest is payable monthly; principal is payable monthly in 48 installments starting after 12 months from the date of borrowing. The monthly payment shall be calculated by using equal total payment and the principal and interest shall be paid based on the schedule	2.980%	None		2,000
"	Borrowing period is from June 29, 2023 to June 29, 2028; Interest is payable monthly; principal is payable monthly in 48 installments starting after 12 months from the date of borrowing. The monthly payment shall be calculated by using equal total payment and the principal and interest shall be paid based on the schedule				
	schedule	2.980%	None		18,000
					220,000
Less: Long-term liabilit	_	.		,	0.410
(recorded as Long-t	erm liabilities, current portion')		(2,412)
				<u>\$</u>	217,588

(12) Pensions

- A. (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by the end of December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.
 - (b) The amounts recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:

	Decem	nber 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Present value of defined benefit			
obligations	\$	292,720	304,666
Fair value of plan assets	(182,539) (165,579)
Net defined benefit liability	<u>\$</u>	110,181	139,087

(c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

,				2024		
	defi	ent value of ned benefit oligations		ir value of an assets		et defined efit liability
Balance at January 1	(\$	304,666)	\$	165,579	(\$	139,087)
Current service cost	(599)		-	(599)
Interest (expense) income	(3,543)		1,912	(1,631)
Settlement profit	<u></u>	2,586	(2,464)		122
	(306,222)		165,027	(141,195)
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets		-		14,668		14,668
(excluding amounts included in interest income or expense)						
Change in demographic assumptions	(15)		-	(15)
Change in financial assumptions		9,993		-		9,993
Experience adjustments		1,385		-		1,385
		11,363		14,668		26,031
Pension fund contribution		- 2 120		4,983		4,983
Paid pension		2,139	(2,139)		
Balance at December 31	(<u>\$</u>	292,720)	\$	182,539	(<u>\$</u>	110,181)
				2023		
	Pres	ent value of				
		ned benefit		ir value of		et defined
	<u>ot</u>	oligations	pl	an assets	ben	efit liability
Balance at January 1	(\$	296,470)	\$	158,364	(\$	138,106)
Current service cost	(667)		-	(667)
Interest (expense) income	(3,756)		2,001	(1,755)
	(300,893)		160,365	(140,528)
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or expense)		-		1,364		1,364
Change in demographic assumptions		196		-		196
Change in financial assumptions	(2,688)		-	(2,688)
Experience adjustments	(2,436)			(2,436)
	(4,928)		1,364	(3,564)
Pension fund contribution				5,005		5,005
Paid pension		1,155	(1,155)		<u>-</u>
Balance at December 31	(<u>\$</u>	304,666)	\$	165,579	(<u>\$</u>	139,087)

- (d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilization plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilization for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilization of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company has no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company is unable to disclose the classification of plan asset fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilization Report announced by the government.
- (e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
	2024	2023				
Discount rate	1.60%	1.20%				
Future salary increases	2.00%	2.00%				

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on the 6th Taiwan Standard Ordinary Experience Mortality Table.

		Discou	nt ra	te	F	Future salary increases			
	Increase 0.25%		Decrease 0.25%		Increase 0.25%		I	Decrease 0.25%	
<u>December 31, 2024</u>									
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	(<u>\$</u>	5,939)	\$	6,129	\$	6,089	(<u>\$</u>	5,931)	
December 31, 2023									
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	(<u>\$</u>	6,647)	\$	6,872	\$	6,801	(<u>\$</u>	6,612)	

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

- (f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2025 amount to \$6,206.
- (g) As of December 31, 2024, the weighted average duration of the defined benefit retirement plan is 8 years.

- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b) The Company's Mainland China subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on a certain percentage of the employees' monthly salaries and wages. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
 - (c) Certain overseas subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Contributions to an independent fund are based on a certain percentage of the employees' monthly salaries and wages and are recognized as pension cost. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
 - (d) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plan of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$166,473 and \$149,123, respectively.

(13) Share capital

- A. As of December 31, 2024, the Company's authorized capital was \$3,000,000, consisting of 300 million shares of ordinary stock (including 9,800 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$2,013,162, consisting of 201,316,176 shares with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.
- B. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	2024	2023
At January 1	201,315,437	195,028,376
Conversion of convertible bonds	739	6,287,061
At December 31	201,316,176	201,315,437

(14) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

2024

	Sha	are premium	Sto	ock options		Others		Total	
At January 1	\$	2,365,746	\$	126,242	\$	6,198	\$	2,498,186	
Changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries		-		-		1,296		1,296	
Conversion of				-0					
convertible bonds		95	(5)				90	
At December 31	\$	2,365,841	\$	126,237	\$	7,494	\$	2,499,572	
	2023								
	Sh	are premium	Sto	ock options		Others		Total	
At January 1	\$	1,762,375	\$	18,757	\$	6,198	\$	1,787,330	
Due to recognition of equity component of convertible bonds				126 247				126 247	
issued		-		126,247		-		126,247	
Conversion of		602.271	,	10.760				704 600	
convertible bonds		603,371	(18,762)				584,609	
At December 31	\$	2,365,746	\$	126,242	\$	6,198	\$	2,498,186	

(15) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. Also, special reserve shall be set aside or reversed as required by regulations or the Competent Authority. The remaining amount along with the prior years' unappropriated earnings shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders for appropriation or reserve.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is summarized below: in consideration of the overall environment development and industrial growth, fulfilling future operation development needs as priority and optimizing financial structure, distribution of stock dividends shall not exceed 50% of the dividends distributed.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. (a) In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

- (b) The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently.
- E. (a) Details of 2023 and 2022 earnings appropriation resolved by the shareholders on May 27, 2024 and May 30, 2023, respectively, are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,									
		20)23		_		20	22		
				Dividends per share					Dividends per share	
		Amount	_	(in dollars)	_		Amount		(in dollars)	
Legal reserve	\$	216,413	\$	-	9	\$	222,842	\$	-	
Appropriation for (reversal of) special reserve		43,841		-	(73,655)		-	
Cash dividends		1,207,893		6			1,105,811		5.67	
Total	\$	1,468,147			9	\$	1,254,998			

The earnings appropriation for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 listed above had no difference from that proposed by the Board of Directors on February 19, 2024 and February 17, 2023, respectively.

Information about the earnings distribution for 2023 and 2022 as approved by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(b) Details of 2024 earnings appropriation proposed by the Board of Directors on February 24, 2025 are as follows:

	Y	Year ended December 31, 2			
				Dividends	
				per share	
		Amount		(in dollars)	
Legal reserve	\$	182,095	\$	-	
Reversal of special reserve	(134,191)		-	
Cash dividends		1,207,897		6	
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,255,801			

Information about the earnings appropriation for 2024 by the Company as approved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

The earnings appropriation for 2024 has not yet been resolved by the shareholders, thus, no dividend was accrued in these consolidated financial statements.

(16) Operating revenue

	Years ended December 31,					
	2024			2023		
Construction contract revenue	\$	39,424,855	\$	37,022,030		
Sales contract revenue		17,235,128		15,925,529		
Other contract revenue		4,015,121		3,332,173		
Total	\$	60,675,104	\$	56,279,732		

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines:

	Years ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		
Automatic supplying system	\$	28,591,460	\$	27,288,902		
Total facility engineering turnkey project		10,334,281		9,312,405		
R&D and manufacturing of customized equipment		8,701,644		9,336,520		
Sales and service of high-tech equipment						
and materials		13,047,719		10,341,905		
Total	\$	60,675,104	\$	56,279,732		
Timing of revenue recognition						
At a point in time	\$	17,945,693	\$	16,621,270		
Over time		42,729,411		39,658,462		
Total	\$	60,675,104	\$	56,279,732		

B. Contract assets and liabilities

(a) The Group has recognized the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities:

	December 31, 2024 Dece			December 31, 2023		January 1, 2023		
Contract assets: Construction contracts	\$	10,180,252	\$	13,530,731	\$	9,059,781		
Contract liabilities:		0.044.474	.			ooo		
Construction contracts	\$	8,961,656	\$	7,807,091	\$	5,723,090		
Sales contracts		2,123,218		1,518,877		737,272		
Other contracts		383,221		485,246		429,133		
	\$	11,468,095	\$	9,811,214	\$	6,889,495		

(b) Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year:

	Years ended December 31,					
	2024			2023		
Revenue recognized that was included						
in the contract liability balance at the						
beginning of the year						
Construction contracts	\$	4,708,839	\$	4,090,612		
Sales contracts		1,017,887		491,703		
Other contracts		169,190		208,554		
	\$	5,895,916	\$	4,790,869		

(c) All contracts of the Group with periods of one year or less are billed based on time incurred. As permitted under IFRS 15, the transaction prices allocated to these unsatisfied contracts are not disclosed.

(17) Other income

	Years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023	
Grants revenue	\$	64,357	\$	34,032	
Dividend income		51,102		27,694	
Rental revenue		7,605		5,198	
Other income		69,849		53,288	
Total	\$	192,913	\$	120,212	
(18) Other gains and losses					
		Years ended	Decer	mber 31,	
		2024		2023	
Net gains on financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss	\$	331,819	\$	491,654	
Foreign exchange gains		338,308		27,028	
(Losses) gains on disposals of property, plant and					
equipment	(2,178)		25,337	
Other losses	(13,139)	(18,861)	
Total	\$	654,810	\$	525,158	

(19) Employee benefit expense, depreciation and amortization

A. Employee benefit expense, depreciation and amortization

	Year ended December 31, 2024					
				Operating		
	Operating costs			expenses	Total	
Employee benefit expense						
Wages and salaries	\$	1,812,170	\$	1,606,611	\$	3,418,781
Labour and health insurance fees		134,437		97,468		231,905
Pension costs		105,511		63,070		168,581
Other employee benefit expense		94,612		52,402		147,014
Depreciation		782,037		185,027		967,064
Amortization		22,347		19,898		42,245
	Year ended December 31, 2023					
	Operating					
	On	erating costs		expenses		Total

	Operating					
	Operating costs			expenses		Total
Employee benefit expense						
Wages and salaries	\$	1,635,099	\$	1,557,559	\$	3,192,658
Labour and health insurance fees		120,033		95,617		215,650
Pension costs		91,258		60,287		151,545
Other employee benefit expense		35,925		63,430		99,355
Depreciation		475,406		158,894		634,300
Amortization		16,622		19,095		35,717

B. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

- (a) According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the ratio of distributable profit of the current year shall not be higher than 3% for directors' remuneration and shall be 1~15% for employees' compensation. If the company has accumulated deficit, earnings should be reserved to cover losses.
- (b) For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were accrued as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
	2024			2023		
Employees' compensation	\$	245,784	\$	293,645		
Directors' remuneration		24,578		29,365		
	\$	270,362	\$	323,010		

For the year ended December 31, 2024, employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 10% and 1% of distributable profit of current year as of the end of reporting period, respectively.

The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2024 as resolved by the Board of Directors were \$245,784 and \$24,578, respectively, and the employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2024 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2024 financial statements. Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(20) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Years ended December 31,					
		2024	2023			
Current tax						
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	989,498	\$	738,480		
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		24,799		48,671		
Prior year income tax (over) under estimation	(24,382)		14,057		
Total current tax		989,915		801,208		
Deferred tax						
Origination and reversal of temporary						
differences	(109,794)	(65,277)		
Income tax expense	\$	880,121	\$	735,931		

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,						
		2024	2023				
Currency translation differences of			(b	10.010)			
foreign operations Remeasurements of defined benefit	\$	35,338	(\$	10,960)			
obligations		5,206	(713)			
	\$	40,544	(\$	11,673)			

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	Years ended December 31,						
		2024	2023				
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate (Note)	\$	527,482	\$	567,432			
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		298,686		64,006			
Effect of income tax of the applicable tax rate in the Group		53,536		41,765			
Tax on undistributed surplus		24,799		48,671			
Prior year income tax (over) underestimation	(24,382)		14,057			
Income tax expense	\$	880,121	\$	735,931			

Note: The basis for computing the applicable tax rate is the rate applicable in the parent company's country.

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences, tax losses and investment tax credits are as follows:

	2024							
					R	ecognized		
						in other		
			Re	cognized in	con	prehensive		
]	January 1	pr	ofit or loss		income	D	ecember 31
Temporary differences:								
—Deferred tax assets:								
Loss allowance on	\$	39,228	\$	15,418	\$	-	\$	54,646
accounts receivable								
Valuation loss and loss		17,800		4,400		-		22,200
on market value								
decline and obsolete								
and slow-moving								
inventories Defined benefit		27,817	(575)	(5,206)		22,036
obligation		27,017	(313)	(3,200)		22,030
Impairment loss on		8,349	(1,622)		_		6,727
financial assets		0,5 17	(1,022)				0,727
Unused compensated		7,154	(432)		-		6,722
absences payable								
Unrealized construction		52,235	(6,814)		-		45,421
loss		17.004	,	17 204)				
Unrealized exchange loss		17,284	(17,284)		-		-
Exchange differences		37,716		-	(35,338)		2,378
on translation		57,710			`	22,230)		= ,e · e
Lease liabilities		264,120	(13,642)		_		250,478
Subtotal		471,703	(20,551)	(40,544)		410,608
—Deferred tax liabilities:								
Unrealized								
investment income	(134,401)		111,340		-	(23,061)
Unrealized exchange								
gain		-	(9,730)		-	(9,730)
Right-of-use assets	(230,867)		28,735			(202,132)
Subtotal	(365,268)		130,345			(_	234,923)
Total	\$	106,435	\$	109,794	(\$	40,544)	\$	175,685

	2023						
		anuary 1	Recogni profit o		Recognized in other comprehensive income		December 31
Temporary differences:							
—Deferred tax assets:							
Loss allowance on	\$	37,576	\$	1,652	\$ -	\$	39,228
accounts receivable Valuation loss and loss on market value decline and obsolete		16,000		1,800	-		17,800
and slow-moving							
inventories Defined benefit obligation		27,621	(517)	713		27,817
Impairment loss on financial assets		8,349		-	-		8,349
Unused compensated absences payable		7,129		25	-		7,154
Unrealized construction		61,606	(9,371)	-		52,235
Unrealized exchange		-		17,284	-		17,284
loss Exchange differences		26.756			10.060		37,716
on translation Lease liabilities		26,756 128,229	1	35,891	10,960		264,120
					11,673	. —	
Subtotal		313,266	1	46,764	11,0/3		471,703
— Deferred tax liabilities:							
Unrealized							
investment income	(156,090)		21,689	-	(134,401)
Unrealized exchange	,	4 (00)		4 600			
gain	(4,608)		4,608	-		-
Right-of-use assets	(123,083)	(1	07,784)		(230,867)
Subtotal	(283,781)	(81,487)		(_	365,268)
Total	\$	29,485	\$	65,277	\$ 11,673	\$	106,435

D. Assessment of the Company's and domestic subsidiaries' income tax returns is as follows:

	Assessment	
The Company	Through 2022	
Vertex System, eZoom, ADAT and Smart Group Solutions Corp.	Through 2022	

(21) Earnings per share

		Year	ended December 31	, 2024
			Weighted average	_
			number of	
			ordinary shares outstanding	
			(shares in	Earnings per
	Am	ount after tax	thousands)	share (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share				
Profit attributable to ordinary				
shareholders of the parent	\$	1,800,125	201,315	\$ 8.94
Diluted earnings per share				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive				
potential ordinary shares		24.262	10.400	
Convertible bonds Employees' compensation		34,363	18,490 1,916	
Profit attributable to ordinary		<u>-</u>	1,910	
shareholders of the parent plus				
assumed conversion of all				
dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	1,834,488	221,721	\$ 8.27
		Year	ended December 31	, 2023
		Year	Weighted average	, 2023
		Year	Weighted average number of	, 2023
		Year	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	, 2023
		Year	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	
	Ame	Year o	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Earnings per share (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in	Earnings per
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary	Ame		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in	Earnings per
3 1	<u>Ame</u>		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in	Earnings per
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent <u>Diluted earnings per share</u>		ount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive		ount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares		2,161,833	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds		ount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 197,217	Earnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares		2,161,833	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds Employees' compensation		2,161,833	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 197,217	Earnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary		2,161,833	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 197,217	Earnings per share (in dollars)

(22) Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries

The Group disposed shares in Integrated Manufacturing & Services Co., Ltd. to the related party, Chung-Hsin Precision Machinery Co., Ltd. in June 2024. The proceeds from disposal amounted to \$41,928, and gain on disposal of \$1,228 was recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Details of the Group's proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries, carrying amounts of related assets and liabilities and gain on disposal are as follows:

			Jun	e 20, 2024
Integrated Manufacturing & Services Co., Ltd.				
Cash and cash equivalents			\$	14,233
Accounts receivable				5,470
Other current assets				3,883
Property, plant and equipment				20,655
Other non-current assets				456
Accounts payable			(1,754)
Other payables			(1,780)
Lease liabilities			(463)
Carrying amount of subsidiaries disposed				40,700
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries				1,228
Total consideration received from disposal of subsidiar	ies			41,928
Disposal of cash and cash equivalents in subsidiaries			(14,233)
Net changes in cash arising from disposal of subsidiarie	es		\$	27,695
(23) <u>Supplemental cash flow information</u> Financing activities with no cash flow effects		Years ended l	Decemb	er 31,
		2024		2023
Convertible bonds converted to capital stocks	\$	98	\$	647,479
Investing activities with no cash flow effects				
5		Years ended l	Decemb	er 31.
	·	2024		2023
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss transferred to investments accounted for				
using equity method	\$	58,000	\$	36,822
Investments accounted for using equity method transferred to financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	\$	54,934	\$	-
Equipment assets contributed as an investment				
in financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss in exchange for shares	\$		\$	153,163

(24) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

			2024		
	Lease liabilities	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings (Note)	Bonds payable	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1	\$ 2,610,889	\$9,679,501	\$ 220,000	\$2,391,712	\$ 14,902,102
Changes in cash flow from					
financing activities	(581,434)	(3,968,603)	(2,406)	-	(4,552,443)
Impact of changes in					
foreign exchange rate	7,841	201,047	-	-	208,888
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	(463)	-	-	-	(463)
Changes in other non-cash	<10 AFF			10.05	662 221
items	619,475	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	42,856	662,331
At December 31	\$ 2,656,308	<u>\$5,911,945</u>	\$ 217,594	\$2,434,568	\$ 11,220,415
			2023		
				Bonds	Liabilities from
	Lease	Short-term	Long-term	payable	financing
	liabilities	borrowings	borrowings	(Note)	activities-gross
At January 1	\$ 1,632,939	\$5,349,747	\$ 200,000	\$ 644,880	\$ 7,827,566
Changes in cash flow from					
financing activities	(253,374)	4,381,214	20,000	2,493,400	6,641,240
Impact of changes in					
foreign exchange rate	(86)	(51,460)	-	-	(51,546)
Changes in other non-cash	1 001 410			/ 5 46 560	404.042
items	1,231,410	_		(746,568)	
At December 31	\$ 2,610,889	<u>\$9,679,501</u>	\$ 220,000	\$2,391,712	<u>\$ 14,902,102</u>

Note: Including bonds payable and long-term borrowings of current portion (recorded as "Long-term liabilities, current portion").

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Parent company

The Company is controlled by Ennoconn International Investment Co., Ltd. (registered in the Republic of China), which owns 41.46% of the shares of the Company. The remaining 58.54% of the shares of the Company are held by the general public. The ultimate parent company of the Company is Ennoconn Corporation (registered in the Republic of China).

(2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
Ennoconn Corporation	Ultimate parent company
Chung-Hsin Precision Machinery Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	"
Chung-Hsin Electric & Machinery	"
Mfg. Corp.	
Hong Kong Ennopower Information	u u
Technology Co., Limited	
Coiler Corporation	"
Foxconn Global Network Corporation	"
Hon Young Semiconductor Corporation	"
CTS Investment Corp.	"
Altus Technology Inc.	"
Qisda Corporation	"
Glory Technology Service Inc.	Associate
Macrotec Technology (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.	"
Fortune International Corporation	"
Radisen Co., Ltd.	"
Macrotec Technology Corp.	Entity controlled by key management or entity with significant influence
Forward Science Corp.	significant influence
Shenzhen Hyper Power Information	
Technology Co., Ltd.	"
ProbeLeader Co., Ltd.	"
Everlasting Digital ESG Co., Ltd.	"
E-WIN Investment Corp.	H .
D will investment corp.	

(3) Significant related party transactions and balances

A. Sales of goods and services

(a) Sales of goods

	Years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023	
Other related parties	\$	30,577	\$	34,324	
Associates		11,780		3,952	
Entities controlled by key management or					
entities with significant influence		68		7	
	\$	42,425	\$	38,283	

Prices to related parties and third parties are based on normal sales transactions and sales are collected 2 to 3 months after the completion of transactions.

(b) Construction contract revenue

	Years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023	
Other related parties	\$	1,081,451	\$	265,404	
Entities controlled by key management or					
entities with significant influence		210		7,420	
Total	\$	1,081,661	\$	272,824	

- i. Construction contract revenue from related parties and non-related parties are collected based on the general construction contract or general agreement. In addition, construction contracts entered into with related parties are based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties while the collection periods for construction contracts are about 2 to 3 months after inspection of construction depending on the construction contracts or individual agreements.
- ii.As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, contract price and priced contract of unfinished construction are as follows:

	 December 31, 2024			December 31	1, 20	023
	tal contract e (before tax) (Note)	Priced contract (Note)		otal contract ce (before tax) (Note)		Priced contract (Note)
Other related parties	\$ 2,464,652	\$ 2,046,824	\$	2,329,889	\$	831,392
Associates Entities controlled by key management or entities with significant	77	77		-		-
influence	 204,731	183,657		203,113		181,614
Total	\$ 2,669,460	\$ 2,230,558	\$	2,533,002	\$	1,013,006

Note: The amounts were translated at the original currency times exchange rate at each period end.

(c) Other contract revenue

	Years ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		
Other related parties	\$	1,976	\$	11,053		
Associates		1,147		-		
Entities controlled by key management or						
entities with significant influence		1,427		2,742		
Total	\$	4,550	\$	13,795		

Other contract revenue from related parties and non-related parties are collected based on the general service contract or general agreement. In addition, service contracts entered into with related parties are based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties while the collection periods for service contracts are about 2 to 3 months after inspection of service depending on the other contracts or individual agreements.

B. Acquisition of goods and services

(a) Purchase of goods

	Years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023	
Entities controlled by key management or					
entities with significant influence	\$	2,456	\$	5,445	
Associates		1,728		679	
Other related parties		31,408		22,740	
Total	\$	35,592	\$	28,864	

Purchases from related parties and third parties are based on normal purchase prices and terms and are collectible about 2 to 3 months after inspection.

(b) Construction contract costs

	Years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023	
Entities controlled by key management or					
entities with significant influence	\$	1,178	\$	1,593	
Associates		20,173		39,353	
Other related parties				518	
Total	\$	21,351	\$	41,464	

The outsourcing construction contract costs paid to related parties and third parties are based on normal construction contracts or individual agreements. Furthermore, the payment terms to related parties are approximately the same to third parties, which is about 2 months after inspection of construction depending on the construction contracts or individual agreements.

C. Receivables from related parties

Notes receivable

	December	: 31, 2024	Decemb	er 31, 2023
Entities controlled by key				
management or entities				
with significant influence	\$	124	\$	98

Accounts receivable

	Decem	December 31, 2023		
Other related parties	\$	31,413	\$	28,319
Entities controlled by key				
management or entities				
with significant influence		3,939		4,417
Associates		869		415
Subtotal		36,221		33,151
Less: Loss allowance	(8,523)	(6,255)
Total	\$	27,698	\$	26,896

The collection terms to related parties and third parties are about 2 to 3 months after the sale while terms for construction are about 2 to 3 months after inspection of construction depending on the construction contracts or individual agreements.

D. Payables to related parties

Notes payable

	<u>December 31, 2024</u>			December 31, 2023		
Entities controlled by key management or entities with significant influence	\$	4,678	\$	7,327		
Other related parties		2,099		4,008		
Associates		2,231				
Total	\$	9,008	\$	11,335		
Accounts payable						
	Decemb	per 31, 2024	Decem	ber 31, 2023		
Entities controlled by key management or entities with significant influence	\$	9,395	\$	12,073		
Other related parties		10,110		8,757		
Associates		4,685		51		
Total	\$	24,190	\$	20,881		

The payment terms to related parties and third parties are about 2 to 3 months after inspection of purchases. The payment terms for outsourcing construction costs are about 2 months after inspection of construction, depending on normal construction contracts or individual agreements.

E. Property transactions

(a) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group has acquired computer equipment and related software from entities controlled by key management amounting to \$28,814 and \$23,585 (recorded as 'property, plant and equipment' and 'intangible assets'), respectively.

(b) Equity transaction

The Group disposed its shares in Integrated Manufacturing & Services Co., Ltd. to the related party, Chung-Hsin Precision Machinery Co., Ltd. in June 2024. The proceeds from disposal amounted to \$41,928, and gain on disposal resulting from the transaction was \$1,228, which was recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Please refer to Note 6(22).

(c) Acquisition of financial assets

i. Investments accounted for using equity method

	Years ended December 31,				
	2024		2023		
Associates	\$		\$		8,000
ii. Financial assets at fair value through profit	or loss				
	Years ended December 31,				
	2024	<u> </u>		2023	
Entities controlled by key management or					

(d) Disposal of financial assets

entities with significant influence

In August 2024, the Group sold its 100% equity interest in Ezoom Information, Inc. to Smart Group Solutions Corp., and the transaction amount and the book value of the equity interest both amounted to \$14,672. Smart Group Solutions Corp. issued 1,974,243 new shares as consideration for the transaction.

7,572

6,312

F. <u>Lease transactions — lessee</u>

- (a) i. The Group leases plants and offices from Chung-Hsin Precision Machinery Co., Ltd. Rental contracts are typically made for the period from September 1, 2021 to August 31, 2024, and rents are paid quarterly. Leased assets are not allowed to be used illegally, store hazardous materials or be used in any purpose which may be harmful to the environment and public safety. Without obtaining approval from lessors, all or certain leased assets cannot be subleased, lent or granted in any different form to third parties or the lease right of all or certain leased assets cannot be transferred to third parties. Abovementioned leasing contract was not included in the related party transactions because the Group disposed its equity shares in Integrated Manufacturing & Services Co., Ltd. in June 2024.
 - ii. The Group leases offices from CTS Investment Corp. Rental contracts are made for periods of 4 to 5 years from January 1, 2022 to June 30, 2028. Rents are paid monthly. There are no contractual restrictions and other important commitments.
 - iii. The Group leases offices from Coiler Corp. Rental contracts are made for a period of 5 years from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2026. Rents are paid monthly. There are no contractual restrictions and other important commitments.

(b) Acquisition of right-of-use assets:

(b) Hequisition of fight of use assets.					
	Years ended December 31,				
	2024		2023		
Other related parties	\$	5,164	\$	32	
(c) Lease liabilities (including current and non-c	urrent)				
i Outstanding balance:					
	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Decei	mber 31, 2023	
Other related parties	\$	18,292	\$	21,353	
ii Interest expense					
	Years ended December 31,				
		2024	2023		
Other related parties	\$	1,067	\$	875	
(4) Key management compensation					
		Years ended	Decemb	per 31,	
	2024 2023			2023	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	156,602	\$	196,498	

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

Details of the book value of the Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value				
Pledged asset	December 3	31, 2024	Decemb	er 31, 2023	Purpose
Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current')	\$	15,047	\$	15,790	Performance guarantee and other guarantee
Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets' and 'other non-current assets') Buildings and structures		64,059		178,843	Bid bond, performance guarantee and warranty
(recorded as 'property, plant and equipment')		12,875		12,800	Guarantee for bank's borrowing facility
	\$	91,981	\$	207,433	

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT

COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

- A. As of December 31, 2024, the notes and letters of guarantee used for construction performance and custom security amounted to \$2,895,101.
- B. As of December 31, 2024, the Company's capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred amounted to \$530,485.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u>

For details of the 2024 earnings appropriation proposed by the Board of Directors on February 24, 2025, refer to Note 6(15) E(b).

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's main objective when managing capital is to maintain an optimal credit ranking and capital ratio to support the operations and to maximize stockholders' equity.

(2) <u>Financial instruments</u>

A. Financial instruments by category

Financial assets Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss 1,995,308 \$ 1,562,669 at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at amortized cost * 1,562,669 / Loans and receivables * 2,745 171,976 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 11,442,714 7,210,086 Notes receivable \$ 82,745 171,976 (including related parties) 6,732,679 \$ 8,585,707 Accounts receivable 6,732,679 \$ 8,585,707 (including related parties) 61,384 44,176 Other accounts receivable 61,384 44,176 (including related parties) 15,047 15,790 Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current') 254,680 \$ 20,508,937 \$ 17,845,084 Financial liabilities * 179,060 254,680 \$ 254,680 Short-term borrowings \$ 5,911,945 \$ 9,679,501 Notes payable (including related parties) 7,686,079 6,651,398 (including related parties) 7,686,079 6,651,398 Other accounts payable (including re			December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at amortized cost / Loans and receivables Cash and cash equivalents Notes receivable (including related parties) Accounts receivable (including related parties) Other accounts receivable (including related parties) Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current') Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other non-current assets') and 'other non-current assets' and 'other profit or loss Short-term borrowings Short-term borrowings Short-term borrowings (including related parties) Notes payable (including related parties) Financial liabilities Financ	Financial assets				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	through profit or loss				
### Table through profit or loss Financial assets at amortized cost	<u> </u>	\$	1,995,308	\$	1,562,669
Financial assets at amortized cost / Loans and receivables Cash and cash equivalents Notes receivable (including related parties) Accounts receivable (including related parties) Other accounts paid (recorded as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current assets') and 'other non-current assets') Financial liabilities Other accounts payable (including related parties) Accounts payable (including related parties) Other accounts payable (including related pa	•		, ,		, ,
Cash and cash equivalents 11,442,714 7,210,086	<u> </u>				
Notes receivable 82,745 171,976	/ Loans and receivables				
(including related parties) 6,732,679 8,585,707 (including related parties) 61,384 44,176 (including related parties) 61,384 44,176 Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current') 15,047 15,790 Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets') 179,060 254,680 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities \$ 20,508,937 \$ 17,845,084 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities \$ 5,911,945 \$ 9,679,501 Notes payable 1,910,336 1,752,230 (including related parties) 7,686,079 6,651,398 Accounts payable 7,686,079 6,651,398 (including related parties) 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Long-term liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Long-term liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041	Cash and cash equivalents		11,442,714		7,210,086
Accounts receivable (including related parties) Other accounts receivable (including related parties) Other accounts receivable (including related parties) Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current') Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets') and 'other non-current assets' and 'other non-current assets' and 'other non-current assets' Financial liabilities Financial liabili	Notes receivable		82,745		171,976
(including related parties) 61,384 44,176 Other accounts receivable (including related parties) 61,384 44,176 Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current') 15,047 15,790 Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets' and 'other non-current assets') 179,060 254,680 *** 20,508,937 *** 17,845,084 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Short-term borrowings *** 5,911,945 *** 9,679,501 Notes payable 1,910,336 1,752,230 (including related parties) 7,686,079 6,651,398 (including related parties) 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'there non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 469 1,041 5 19,176,165 21,997,611	(including related parties)				
Other accounts receivable (including related parties) 61,384 44,176 Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current') 15,047 15,790 Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets') 179,060 254,680 and 'other non-current assets') 179,060 254,680 Financial liabilities \$ 20,508,937 \$ 17,845,084 Financial liabilities \$ 5,911,945 \$ 9,679,501 Notes payable norrowings short-term borrowings short-term borrowings short-term borrowings short-term borrowings short-term borrowings short-term borrowings short-term	Accounts receivable		6,732,679		8,585,707
(including related parties) 61,384 44,176 Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current') 15,047 15,790 Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets' and 'other non-current assets') 179,060 254,680 Financial liabilities \$ 20,508,937 \$ 17,845,084 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss \$ 5,911,945 \$ 9,679,501 Notes payable (including related parties) 1,910,336 1,752,230 (including related parties) 7,686,079 6,651,398 (including related parties) 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Long-term liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Long-term liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'ther non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 21,997,611	(including related parties)				
Restricted time deposits (recorded as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current') Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets') 179,060 254,680	Other accounts receivable		61 294		11 176
as 'financial assets at amortized cost - non-current') Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets') and 'other non-current assets') Financial liabilities Financial	(including related parties)		01,304		44,170
Cost - non-current Guarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets' and 'other non-current assets') 179,060 254,680 \$ 20,508,937 \$ 17,845,084 \$ 20,508,937 \$ 17,845,084 \$	Restricted time deposits (recorded		15,047		15,790
Cluarantee deposits paid (recorded as 'other current assets' and 'other non-current assets') 179,060 254,680	as 'financial assets at amortized				
as 'other current assets' and 'other non-current assets') 179,060 254,680	cost - non-current')				
and 'other non-current assets') $\frac{179,060}{\$} = \frac{254,680}{\$}$ $\frac{179,060}{\$} = \frac{254,680}{\$}$ Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Short-term borrowings $\$$ 5,911,945 $\$$ 9,679,501 Notes payable $\$$ 1,910,336 $\$$ 1,752,230 (including related parties) Accounts payable $\$$ 7,686,079 $\$$ 6,651,398 (including related parties) Other accounts payable $\$$ 1,015,174 $\$$ 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') $\$$ 2,434,568 $\$$ 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Long-term liabilities, current portion') $\$$ 217,594 $\$$ 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') $\$$ 19,176,165 $\$$ 21,997,611	Guarantee deposits paid (recorded				
S 20,508,937 \$ 17,845,084	as 'other current assets'		. =		
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Short-term borrowings \$ 5,911,945 \$ 9,679,501 Notes payable \$ 1,910,336 \$ 1,752,230 (including related parties) Accounts payable \$ 7,686,079 \$ 6,651,398 (including related parties) Other accounts payable \$ 1,015,174 \$ 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') \$ 2,434,568 \$ 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') \$ 217,594 \$ 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') \$ 469 \$ 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611	and 'other non-current assets')	-		_	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Short-term borrowings \$ 5,911,945 \$ 9,679,501 Notes payable 1,910,336 1,752,230 (including related parties) Accounts payable 7,686,079 6,651,398 (including related parties) Other accounts payable 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611		<u>\$</u>	20,508,937	\$	17,845,084
value through profit or loss Short-term borrowings \$ 5,911,945 \$ 9,679,501 Notes payable 1,910,336 1,752,230 (including related parties) Accounts payable 7,686,079 6,651,398 (including related parties) Other accounts payable 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611	Financial liabilities				
Short-term borrowings \$ 5,911,945 \$ 9,679,501 Notes payable (including related parties) 1,910,336 1,752,230 Accounts payable (including related parties) 7,686,079 6,651,398 Other accounts payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611	Financial liabilities measured at fair				
Short-term borrowings \$ 5,911,945 \$ 9,679,501 Notes payable (including related parties) 1,910,336 1,752,230 Accounts payable (including related parties) 7,686,079 6,651,398 Other accounts payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611	value through profit or loss				
Notes payable 1,910,336 1,752,230 (including related parties) Accounts payable 7,686,079 6,651,398 (including related parties) Other accounts payable 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611		\$	5,911,945	\$	9,679,501
(including related parties) Accounts payable 7,686,079 6,651,398 (including related parties) Other accounts payable 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611	_		1,910,336		1,752,230
Accounts payable 7,686,079 6,651,398 (including related parties) Other accounts payable 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Long term liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611	- ·				
Other accounts payable 1,015,174 1,301,729 Bonds payable (recorded as 'Longterm liabilities, current portion') 2,434,568 2,391,712 Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Long term liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		7,686,079		6,651,398
Bonds payable (recorded as 'Long- term liabilities, current portion') Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Long term liabilities, current portion') Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 1041 1041 1051	(including related parties)				
term liabilities, current portion') Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Long term liabilities, current portion') Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 2,434,568 2,391,712 220,000 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165	Other accounts payable		1,015,174		1,301,729
Long-term borrowings (recorded as 'Long term liabilities, current portion') 217,594 220,000 Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611	Bonds payable (recorded as 'Long-				
'Long term liabilities, current portion') Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') \$\frac{469}{19,176,165} \frac{1,041}{\$21,997,611}\$	term liabilities, current portion')		2,434,568		2,391,712
Guarantee deposits received (recorded as 'other non-current liabilities') 469 1,041 \$ 19,176,165	Long-term borrowings (recorded as				
as 'other non-current liabilities') \$\frac{469}{\$} \frac{1,041}{\$} \frac{21,997,611}{\$}	'Long term liabilities, current portion')		217,594		220,000
\$ 19,176,165 \$ 21,997,611	Guarantee deposits received (recorded				
	as 'other non-current liabilities')				
Lease liabilities \$ 2,656,308 \$ 2,610,889		\$	19,176,165	\$	21,997,611
	Lease liabilities	\$	2,656,308	\$	2,610,889

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD, RMB, JPY and EUR. Exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB, USD, SGD, IDR, and VND). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

December 31, 2024

					- , -	G	1 .
		г :				Sensitivity a	analysis
		Foreign					- 20
		currency				Effect on	Effect on other
		amount	Exchange	Book value	Degree of	profit or	comprehensive
	<u>(in</u>	thousands)	rate	(NTD)	variation	loss	income
(Foreign currency:							
functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	\$	147,174	32.785	\$ 4,825,107	1%	\$ 48,251	\$ -
USD: RMB		28,264	7.3215	926,631	1%	9,266	=
USD: VND		3,124	25,815	102,414	1%	1,024	-
USD: SGD		2,490	1.3587	81,650	1%	817	_
EUR: NTD		29,051	34.14	991,794	1%	9,918	_
JPY: NTD		1,922,942	0.2099	403,626	1%	4,036	
							-
JPY: RMB		2,369,944	0.0469	497,451	1%	4,975	-
RMB: NTD		51,476	4.4779	230,505	1%	2,305	-
USD: IDR		1,106	16,150	36,261	1%	363	=
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	\$	15,447	32.785	\$ 506,436	1%	\$ 5,064	\$ -
USD: RMB		2,979	7.3215	97,683	1%	977	-
EUR: NTD		5,042	34.14	172,126	1%	1,721	-
JPY: NTD		626,978	0.2099	131,603	1%	1,316	_
JPY: RMB		431,553	0.0469	90,583	1%	906	_
USD: MYR		2,100	4.6402	68,849	1%	688	
OSD · MIK		2,100	4.0402			000	-
				December	31, 2023		
						Sensitivity a	analysis
		Foreign					
		currency				Effect on	Effect on other
		amount	Exchange	Book value	Degree of	profit or	comprehensive
	(in	thousands)	rate	(NTD)	variation	loss	income
(Foreign currency:		<u>-</u>					
functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	\$	120,408	30.705	\$ 3,697,128	1%	\$ 36,971	\$ -
USD: RMB		20,276	7.0964	622,583	1%	6,226	_
USD : VND		5,204	24,564	159,788	1%	1,598	_
USD: SGD		1,617	1.3184	49,655	1%	497	_
							-
EUR: NTD		27,058	33.98	919,435	1%	9,194	-
JPY: NTD		588,278	0.2172	127,774	1%	1,278	-
JPY:RMB		990,387	0.0502	215,112	1%	2,151	-
RMB: NTD		169,817	4.3268	734,772	1%	7,348	-
USD: IDR		1,112	15,508	34,151	1%	342	-
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	\$	10,958	30.705	\$ 336,452	1%	\$ 3,365	\$ -
USD: RMB		7,268	7.0964	223,165	1%	2,232	_
JPY: NTD		812,419	0.2172	176,457	1%	1,765	=
JPY: RMB		171,519	0.0502	37,254	1%	373	_
JI I · KIVID		1/1,517	0.0302	31,234	1 70	313	-

iv. The total exchange gain, including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$338,308 and \$27,028, respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise listed and unlisted stocks. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$19,238 and \$14,862, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from bank borrowings with variable rates and the advanced amount of accounts receivable transferred, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in NTD, USD, SGD and RMB.
- ii. The Group's borrowings are measured at amortized cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii. If the borrowing interest rate of NTD, USD, SGD and RMB had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit, net of tax for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have decreased/increased by \$49,036 and \$79,196, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost.
- ii. The Group manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of excellence are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

- iii. The Group adopts the following assumption under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:

 If the contract payments are past due over 30 days based on the terms, there is a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- iv. The Group considers the historical experience and industrial characteristics, whereby a default occurs when the sale and construction contract payments are past due over 1 to 2 years in line with credit risk management procedure.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with customer types. The Group applies the simplified approach using a provision matrix based on the loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss.
- vii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. On December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group has no written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures.
- viii. The Group used the forecast ability of global boom information to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of notes and accounts receivable (including related parties). As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the provision matrix and loss rate methodology are as follows:
 - (i) Accounts receivable in relation to construction

December 31, 2024	Expected loss rate	Total book value		Los	s allowance
Not past due	0%~2.4917%	\$	2,364,626	\$	13,619
Up to 90 days	0%~25.4384%		452,088		64,174
91 to 180 days	0%~37.9724%		220,608		37,260
181 to 365 days	0%~54.0947%		383,903		101,383
1 to 2 years	0%~88.9039%		173,626		110,044
Over 2 years	100%		174,103		174,103
Total		\$	3,768,954	\$	500,583

December 31, 2023	Expected loss rate	Tot	Total book value		s allowance
Not past due	0%~3.0027%	\$	3,893,167	\$	19,566
Up to 90 days	0%~14.1025%		669,637		27,404
91 to 180 days	0%~21.4088%		252,501		11,907
181 to 365 days	0%~35.4204%		179,451		43,988
1 to 2 years	0%~86.3171%		230,228		76,712
Over 2 years	100%		96,842		96,842
Total		\$	5,321,826	\$	276,419

(ii) Accounts receivable in relation to sales

December 31, 2024	Expected loss rate	Total book value		Loss	allowance
Not past due	0%~0.5198%	\$	2,634,501	\$	7,486
Up to 90 days	0%~21.2762%		187,789		7,372
91 to 180 days	0%~41.7847%		127,112		9,813
181 to 365 days	0%~94.0927%		101,066		37,903
Over 365 days	100%		158,150		158,150
Total		\$	3,208,618	\$	220,724
D 1 21 2022	_	Total book value		_	
<u>December 31, 2023</u>	Expected loss rate	_Tota	al book value	Loss	allowance
Not past due	Expected loss rate 0%~1.4770%	<u>Tota</u>	2,498,658	Loss \$	2,430
		-		-	
Not past due	0%~1.4770%	-	2,498,658	-	2,430
Not past due Up to 90 days	0%~1.4770% 0%~9.3340%	-	2,498,658 499,778	-	2,430 8,793
Not past due Up to 90 days 91 to 180 days	0%~1.4770% 0%~9.3340% 0%~23.2306%	-	2,498,658 499,778 64,451	-	2,430 8,793 3,124

- (iii) Based on historical experience, the Group applies individual assessment to evaluate expected credit loss of the high-credit risk customers. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, accounts receivable and loss allowance amounted to \$475,619 and \$366,140, \$331,097 and \$296,558, respectively.
- (iv) Due to the expected insignificant impairment, the Group applies individual assessment to evaluate expect credit loss of receivables due from construction warranties and notes receivable. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, notes and accounts receivable and loss allowance amounted to \$468,453 and \$18,773, \$534,779 and \$0, respectively.

ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for notes and accounts receivable (including related parties) are as follows:

		Years ended December 31,								
		2024		2023						
	Acco	unts receivable	Accounts receivable							
At January 1	\$	787,681	\$	675,838						
Provision for impairment		301,755		167,117						
Write-offs	(11,639)	(42,441)						
Proceeds from disposal of										
subsidiaries	(3,521)		-						
Effect of foreign exchange		31,944	(12,833)						
At December 31	\$	1,106,220	\$	787,681						

For provisioned loss for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the impairment arising from customers' contracts are \$301,755 and \$167,117, respectively.

x. For investments in debt instruments at amortised cost, the credit rating levels are presented below:

	December 31, 2024										
				Lifetin	ne						
		Significant									
		increase in credit Impairment of									
	12	months		risk	credit		_	Total			
Financial assets at amortised cost	\$	15,047	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	15,047			
				December 31	, 2023						
				Lifetin	ne						
				Significant							
			incr	ease in credit	Impairmen	t of					
	12	months		risk	credit			Total			
Financial assets at amortised cost	\$	15,790	\$		\$		<u>\$</u>	15,790			

Financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group pertain to pledged time deposits, and there were no significant abnormalities in the credit rating levels.

(c) Liquidity risk

i. The Group invests in financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss in active markets, so it expects to sell the financial assets in markets with prices approximate to fair value. Financial assets at cost are not traded in active markets, thus, liquidity risk is expected. However, the Group's operating capital is sufficient to fulfill the Group's capital needs and it does not expect significant liquidity risk.

ii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

Mon-derivative illianciai habilitie	<u> 28</u>			
	Less than	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
December 31, 2024	1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Short-term borrowings				
(including expected interest)	\$ 5,937,180	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable (including				
related parties)	1,910,336	-	-	-
Accounts payable (including				
related parties)	7,686,079	-	-	-
Other payables	1,015,174	-	-	-
Bonds payable (including				
current portion)	-	2,499,800	-	-
Long-term borrowings				
(including expected interest,				
long-term liabilities,				
current portion)	8,923	206,223	7,941	-
Lease liabilities	647,691	346,704	518,464	1,780,466
Non-derivative financial liabilitie	<u>es</u>			
	Less than	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
December 31, 2023	1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Short-term borrowings				
(including expected interest)	\$ 9,715,521	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable (including				
related parties)	1,752,230	-	-	-
Accounts payable (including				
related parties)	6,651,398	-	-	-
Other payables	1,301,729	-	-	-
Bonds payable (including				
current portion)	-	-	2,499,900	-
Long-term borrowings				
(including expected interest,				
long-term liabilities,				
current portion)	6,267	206,129	13,231	-
Lease liabilities	516,716	323,425	528,835	1,811,505

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and beneficiary certificates are included in Level 3.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value
 - Except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable (including related parties), accounts receivable (including related parties), restricted time deposits (recorded as financial assets at amortized cost-current and non-current), guarantee deposits paid (recorded as other current and non-current assets), short-term borrowings, notes payable (including related parties), accounts payable (including related parties), other payables, lease liabilities (including current and non-current), bonds payable (recorded as "Long-term liabilities, current portion"), long-term borrowings and guarantee deposits received (recorded as other non-current liabilities) are approximate to their fair values.
- C. The related information on financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets are as follows:
 - (a) The related information on the nature of the assets is as follows:

December 31, 2024	 Level 1	Level 2	<u> </u>	_	Level 3	 Total
Assets:						
Recurring fair value						
<u>measurements</u>						
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Equity securities	\$ 499,113	\$	-	\$	1,424,706	\$ 1,923,819
Private funds	-		-		70,739	70,739
Hybrid instruments	 				750	 750
Total	\$ 499,113	\$	_	\$	1,496,195	\$ 1,995,308

December 31, 2023	Level 1	 Level 2		_	Level 3	_	Total
Assets:							
Recurring fair value							
<u>measurements</u>							
Financial assets at fair value							
through profit or loss							
Equity securities	\$ 217,331	\$	-	\$	1,268,861	\$	1,486,192
Private funds	-		-		71,527		71,527
Hybrid instruments	-		-		4,950		4,950
Financial assets at fair value							
through other							
comprehensive income							
Accounts receivable that are							
expected to be factored	 				230,697	_	230,697
Total	\$ 217,331	\$	_	\$	1,576,035	\$	1,793,366

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows: Instruments which use market quoted prices as their fair value (that is, Level 1), are using the closing prices of listed shares as market quoted prices based on characteristics of the instruments.
- D. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- E. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

				2024		
		Equity				
	in	struments				
		and				
	b	eneficiary		Debt		Hybrid
	<u> </u>	ertificates		instruments	_	instruments
At January 1	\$	1,340,388	\$	230,697	\$	4,950
Acquired during the year		150,440		-		-
Decreased during the year	(118,239)	(230,697)		-
Reclassification adjustment	(53,807)		-	(4,450)
Effect of exchange rate changes		6,381		-		-
Gains and losses recognized						
in profit or loss (Note)		170,282				250
At December 31	\$	1,495,445	\$		\$	750
Movement of unrealized gain or loss in profit or loss of assets and liabilities held as at end of the year						
(Note)	\$	170,282	\$	_	\$	250
,	<u>·</u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	2023		
		Equity				
	in	struments				
		and				
	b	eneficiary		Debt		Hybrid
		ertificates		instruments		instruments
At January 1	\$	614,032	\$	67,875	\$	195
Acquired during the year	т	382,186	7	230,697	_	5,283
Decreased during the year		-	(67,875)		-
Reclassification adjustment	(12,454)		-	(24,368)
Gains and losses recognized	`	, ,				, ,
in profit or loss (Note)		356,624		_		23,840
At December 31	\$	1,340,388	\$	230,697	\$	4,950
	<u>+</u>				<u> </u>	1,500
Movement of unrealized gain or loss in profit or loss of assets and liabilities held						
as at end of the year	φ	256 604	φ		φ	22.040
(Note)	\$	356,624	\$		\$	23,840

Note: Recorded as non-operating income and expense.

- F. Taiwan Special Chemicals Corp. started to trade in the Taipei Exchange since September 20, 2024. Accordingly, the Group has transferred the fair value from Level 3 into Level 1 at the end of month when the event occurred. In June 2024, the Group's investment in Wonder Energy Co., Ltd. was reclassified to long-term investments accounted for using equity method, and was reclassified to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as the shareholding ratio decreased in November 2024. For the year ended December 31, 2023, as the Company increased its investment in Radisen Co., Ltd., the Company has significant influence over Radisen Co., Ltd.. Accordingly, the investment, which was originally recorded as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, was reclassified to long-term investments accounted for using equity method. Therefore, the fair value was transferred out from Level 3.
- G. Investment strategies segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- H. The following is the qualitative information on significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at		Significant	Range	Relationship
	December	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
	31, 2024	technique	input	average)	fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 1,402,090	Market comparable companies	Note 1	Not applicable	Note 2
Venture capital shares and private funds	93,355	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Hybrid instrument: Convertible bond – call provision	750	Binomial tree pricing model	Volatility	25.37% ~30.13%	The higher the stock price volatility, the higher the fair value

	Fair value at December 31, 2023	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 1,244,377	Market comparable companies	Note 1	Not applicable	Note 2
Venture capital shares and private funds	96,011	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Hybrid instrument:					
Convertible debt	4,450	Discounted cash flow	Note 3	Not applicable	Note 4
Convertible bond – call provision	500	Binomial tree pricing model	Volatility	25.46% ~32.01%	The higher the stock price volatility, the higher the fair value

- Note 1: Price to earnings ratio multiple, price to book ratio multiple, enterprise value to operating income ratio multiple, enterprise value to EBITA multiple, discount for lack of marketability.
- Note 2: The higher the multiple and control premium, the higher the fair value; the higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value.
- Note 3: Long-term revenue growth rate, weighted average cost of capital, long-term pre-tax operating margin, discount for lack of marketability.
- Note 4: The higher the weighted average cost of capital, the lower the fair value; the higher the long-term revenue growth rate and long-term pre-tax operating margin, the higher the fair value; the higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value.

I. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect on profit or loss or on other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorized within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			December 31, 2024								
			U	nized in or loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income						
	Input	Change	Favorable change	Unfavorable change	Favorable change	Unfavorable change					
Financial assets											
Equity instruments and beneficiary	Stock price and fair										
certificates	value	$\pm~10\%$	\$ 149,545	(\$ 149,545)	\$ -	\$ -					
Hybrid instrument	Stock price	$\pm~10\%$	20	(20)	-	-					
Hybrid instrument	Volatility	\pm 5%	30	(
Total			\$ 149,595	(<u>\$ 149,585</u>)	\$ -	<u>\$</u>					
				December	31, 2023						
			Recog	nized in	Recogniz	ed in other					
			profit	or loss	compreher	nsive income					
			Favorable	Unfavorable	Favorable	Unfavorable					
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change					
Financial assets											
Equity instruments	Stock price										
and beneficiary	and fair										
certificates	value	$\pm~10\%$	\$ 134,039	(\$ 134,039)	\$ -	\$ -					
Hybrid instrument	Stock price	$\pm~10\%$	20	(10)	-	-					
Hybrid instrument	Volatility	± 5%	20	(10)							
Total			\$ 134,079	(\$ 134,059)	\$ -	\$ -					

13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

- (1) Significant transactions information
 - A. Loans to others: Refer to table 1.
 - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Refer to table 2.
 - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries and associates): Refer to table 3.
 - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: table 4.
 - E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 5.
 - F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 6.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 7.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Refer to note 6(2) and (10).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Refer to table 8.

(2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 9.

(3) <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>

- A. Basic information: Refer to table 10.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Refer to table 8.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Refer to table 11.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision-Maker that are used to make strategic decisions.

The Group is divided into the following 4 segments:

- A. Agency for equipment materials segment: mainly engaged in semiconductor, optoelectronics and other high-tech industrial processing and trading, distribution, after-sale service and technical support of factory equipment and its materials, chemicals and parts.
- B. Process system and mechatronic system service segment: mainly contracting electrical, clean room, peripheral system facilities and process, engaged in lump sum contracts, providing integrated services consisting of planning, design, construction, supervision, installation, testing, operational consulting, maintenance and repair for gas, automatic supply system of chemicals, special gas and factory monitor system. Services for general industries such as petrochemical plant, conventional industry plant, mechatronic system for intelligent buildings.
- C. Customized equipment manufacturing segment: mainly engaged in research and development of customized automation equipment and process based on request of customers in semiconductor, optoelectronics and traditional industry.
- D. Other segments: mainly providing repair, cleaning and renewal services to customers' equipment and device in semiconductor, optoelectronics and traditional industry.

(2) Measurement of segment information

Management evaluates the performance of the operating segments based on their operational efficiency. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker allocates resources and assesses performance of the operating segments based on the measurement and it is measured in a manner consistent with operating income in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. There is no material change in the operating segments' accounting policies and accounting estimates and assumptions.

(3) <u>Segment profit information</u>

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2024									
	Sales and services for equipment materials segment		and ele	cility system I mechanic & ectric system vice segment	Customized equipment manufacturing segment		Othe	er segments		Total
Revenue from external customers										
Sales and services of high-tech equipment and materials	\$	7,950,198	\$	5,095,611	\$	1,613	\$	297	\$	13,047,719
R&D and manufacturing of customized equipment Automatic supplying		-		-		8,701,644		-		8,701,644
system		129,320		28,462,140		-		-		28,591,460
Total facility engineering turnkey project				10,334,281						10,334,281
		8,079,518		43,892,032		8,703,257		297		60,675,104
Inter-segment revenue		292,857		642,966		74,839		4,567		1,015,229
Total segment revenue	\$	8,372,375	\$	44,534,998	\$	8,778,096	\$	4,864	\$	61,690,333
Segment profit (loss)	\$	1,118,420	\$	69,878	\$	996,315	(\$	2,218)	\$	2,182,395
Segment profit including: Depreciation and										
amortization	\$	56,452	\$	697,496	\$	254,295	\$	1,066	\$	1,009,309

Year ended December 3	1.	2023
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Revenue from external	Sales and services for equipment materials segment	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment	Customized equipment manufacturing segment	Other segments	Total
customers					
Sales and services of high-tech equipment and materials	\$ 6,800,002	\$ 3,536,793	\$ 4,690	\$ 420	\$ 10,341,905
R&D and manufacturing of customized equipment	-	-	9,336,520	-	9,336,520
Automatic supplying system	49,343	27,239,559	-	-	27,288,902
Total facility engineering					
turnkey project		9,312,405			9,312,405
Inter second revenue	6,849,345	40,088,757	9,341,210	420	56,279,732
Inter-segment revenue	\$ 7,330,001	\$82,310 \$40,971,067	48,667 \$ 9,389,877	\$ 4,524 \$ 4,944	1,416,157 \$ 57,695,889
Total segment revenue Segment profit (loss)	\$ 957,370	\$ 528,980	\$ 9,389,877	(\$ 4,856)	\$ 2,434,374
Segment profit including:	φ /31,310	φ 326,760	ψ <i>752</i> ,880	(ψ 4,830)	Ψ 2,+3+,57+
Depreciation and					
amortization	\$ 45,789	\$ 384,463	\$ 235,999	\$ 3,766	\$ 670,017

(4) Reconciliation for segment (loss) income

Sales and services between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue and financial information from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. A reconciliation of reportable segment income or loss to the income before tax from continuing operations for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is provided as follows:

		Years ended Decem	ber 31,
		2024	2023
Reportable segments income	\$	2,184,613 \$	2,439,230
Other reportable segments loss	(2,218) (4,856)
Total segments		2,182,395	2,434,374
Other gains and losses		922,056	744,544
Finance costs	(467,040) (341,758)
Income before tax from continuing operations	\$	2,637,411 \$	2,837,160

(5) <u>Information on products</u>

Details of revenue are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,								
		2024		2023					
Automatic supplying system	\$	28,591,460	\$	27,288,902					
Total facility engineering turnkey project R&D and manufacturing of customized		10,334,281		9,312,405					
equipment		8,701,644		9,336,520					
Sales and service of high-tech equipment and materials		13,047,719		10,341,905					
Total	\$	60,675,104	\$	56,279,732					

(6) Geographical information

Financial information by geographical area for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,										
		20	24		2023						
			Von-current			N	Ion-current				
		Revenue	assets			Revenue	assets				
Taiwan	\$	22,570,759	\$	4,835,808	\$	19,919,074	\$	3,686,705			
China		13,074,593		145,261		11,717,142		185,234			
USA		17,178,308		866,982		16,932,805		973,875			
Others	_	7,851,444		170,092		7,710,711		162,572			
Total	\$	60,675,104	\$	6,018,143	\$	56,279,732	\$	5,008,386			

Note: Revenue is classified based on geographic location of customers and non-current assets are classified based on assets location.

(7) Major customer information

Information on customers whose revenue exceeded 10% of the total operating revenue for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

		Years ended December 31,									
			2024	2023							
	Re	evenue	Segment		Revenue	Segment					
Customer A	\$ 16	5,333,155	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment	\$	16,048,194	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment					
Customer B	7	7,529,768	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment		6,841,083	Facility system and mechanic & electric system service segment					

Note: Operating revenue from other customers does not exceed 10% of consolidated operating revenue.

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

No. (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account (Note 2)	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the year ended December 31, 2024 (Note 3)	Balance at December 31, 2024 (Note 8)	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate (%)	Nature of loan (Note 4)	Amount of transactions with the borrower (Note 5)	Reason for short-term financing (Note 6)	Allowance for doubtful accounts		ateral Value	Limit on loans granted to a single party (Note 7)	Ceiling on total loans granted (Note 7)	Footnote
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Sdn. Bhd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	\$ 68,849	\$ 68,849	\$ 68,849	\$ 5.384	Short-term financing	s -	Operations	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 4,759,634	\$ 4,759,634	Note 7
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	Other receivables - related parties	Y	2,462,625	1,967,100	655,700	5.384	Short-term financing	1	Operations	-	None	-	4,759,634	4,759,634	Note 7
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corp. Japan	Other receivables - related parties	Y	43,280	41,980	ï	5.384	Short-term financing	1	Operations	-	None	-	4,759,634	4,759,634	Note 7
1	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	52,223	26,867	26,867	4.350	Short-term financing	Ī	Operations	ī	None	-	266,752	533,503	Note 7
1	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	113,622	111,948	111,948	4.350	Short-term financing	-	Operations	-	None	-	533,503	533,503	Note 7
2	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	Marketech Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	18,415	18,415	18,415	4.500	Short-term financing	-	Operations	-	None	-	176,926	176,926	Note 7

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2:Fill in the name of account in which the loans are recognized, such as receivables-related parties, current account with stockholders, prepayments, temporary payments, etc.

Note 3::Fill in the maximum outstanding balance of loans to others during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Note 4: The column of 'Nature of loan' shall fill in 'Business transaction or 'Short-term financing'.

Note 5:Fill in the amount of business transactions when nature of the loan is related to business transactions, which is the amount of business transactions occurred between the creditor and borrower in the current year.

Note 6:Fill in purpose of loan when nature of loan is for short-term financing, for example, repayment of loan, acquisition of equipment, working capital, etc.

Note 7:Fill in limit on loans granted to a single party and ceiling on total loans granted as prescribed in the creditor company's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", and state each individual party to which the loans have been provided and the calculation for ceiling on total loans granted in the footnote.

The Company's ceiling on loans to others are as follows:

- (1) Limit on the total loans to others provided by the Company is 40% of the net assets based on the Company's latest financial statements.
- (2) Limit on the loans provided by the Company granted for a single party are as follows:
- (2-1) Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchasing and selling during current year on the year of financing, and can't exceed the total business transactions amount within 12 month.
- (2-2) For short-term financing, limit on loans granted for a single party is 40% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies. The amount of loans to a single party is the accumulated balance of the lending company's short-term financing for single party.
- (3) Limit on the accumulated balance of loans to others provided by the foreign companies whose voting rights are 100% owned directly and indirectly by the Company is not under the limit stated on (1). However, it shall make the limit and period for the loans to others in each subsidiary's internal Companies. Limit on the loans provided by the Company's mainland subsidiaries:
- (1) Limit on the total loans to others provided by the Company's mainland subsidiaries is 80% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies.
- (2) Limit on the loans provided by the Company's mainland subsidiaries granted for a single party are as follows:
- (2-1) Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchasing and selling during current year on the year of financing, and can't exceed the total business transactions amount within 12 month.
- (2-2) For short-term financing between the Company's mainland subsidiary and the foreign companies which the ultimate parent company holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans granted for a single party is 80% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies.
- (2-3)For short-term financing between the Company's mainland subsidiaries and aforementioned associates, limit on loans granted for a single party is 40% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies. The amount of loans to a single party is the accumulated balance of the lending company's short-term financing for single party.

Limit on the loans provided by the Company's Vietnam subsidiaries:

- (1) Limit on the total loans to others provided by the Company's Vietnam subsidiaries is 80% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies.
- (2) Limit on the loans provided by the Company's Vietnam subsidiaries granted for a single party are as follows:
- (2-1) Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchasing and selling during current year on the year of financing, and can't exceed the total business transactions amount within 12 month.
- (2-2) For short-term financing between the Company's Vietnam subsidiary and the foreign companies which the ultimate parent company holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans granted for a single party is 80% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies.
- (2-3) For short-term financing between the Company's Vietnam subsidiaries and aforementioned associates, limit on loans granted for a single party is 40% of the net assets based on the latest financial statements of the lending companies. The amount of loans to a single party is the accumulated balance of the lending company's short-term financing for single party.

Note 8: The amounts of funds to be loaned to others which have been approved by the board of directors of a public company in accordance with Article 14, Item 1 of the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies" should be included in its published balance of loans to others at the end of the reporting period to reveal the risk of loaning the public company bears, even though they have not yet been appropriated. However, this balance should exclude the loans repaid when repayments are done subsequently to reflect the risk adjustment.

In addition, if the board of directors of a public company has authorized the chairman to loan funds in instalments or in revolving within certain lines and within one year in accordance with Article 14, Item 2 of the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies", the published balance of loans to others at the end of the reporting period should also include these lines of loaning approved by the board of directors, and these lines of loaning should not be excluded from this balance even though the loans are repaid subsequently, for taking into consideration they could be loaned again thereafter.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Party being endorsed/guaranteed		** 5	M 1	Outstanding			D. C. L. I	G 77	D 6	Б с	D 6	
Number	Endorser/ guarantor	Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party (Note 4)	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of December 31, 2024 (Note 5)	endorsement/ guarantee amount at December 31, 2024 (Note 6)	Actual amount drawn down (Note 7)	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 4)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary (Note 8)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company (Note 8)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China (Note 8)	
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	2	\$ 5,949,542	\$ 83,816	\$ 69,977	\$ 38,608	\$ -	0.59%	\$ 11,899,084	Y	N	N	Note 4
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	2	5,949,542	1,020,002	822,303	54,808	-	6.91%	11,899,084	Y	N	Y	Note 4
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	2	5,949,542	324,521	324,012	96,553	-	2.72%	11,899,084	Y	N	Y	Note 4
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	2	5,949,542	2,829,390	2,466,707	1,111,175	ī	20.73%	11,899,084	Y	N	Y	Note 4
0	Marketech International Corp.	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	2	5,949,542	33,075	-	ī	-	0.00%	11,899,084	Y	N	Y	Note 4
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Sdn. Bhd.	2	5,949,542	131,140	131,140	19,763	-	1.10%	11,899,084	Y	N	N	Note 4
0	Marketech International Corp.	eZoom Information, Inc.	2	5,949,542	140,000	70,000	10,406	-	0.59%	11,899,084	Y	N	N	Note 4
0	Marketech International Corp.	Te Chang Construction Co., Ltd.	5	5,949,542	48,662	22,845	22,845	-	0.19%	11,899,084	N	N	N	Note 4
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	2	5,949,542	1,953,680	1,147,475	1,030,637	-	9.64%	11,899,084	Y	N	N	Note 4
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	2	5,949,542	147,758	147,533	7,112	-	1.24%	11,899,084	Y	N	N	Note 4
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Co., Ltd.	2	5,949,542	49,178	49,178	-	-	0.41%	11,899,084	Y	N	N	Note 4
1	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Marketech International Corp.	3	2,000,637	164,077	163,828	163,828	ı	24.57%	3,334,395	N	Y	N	Note 4
1	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	The Second Construction Co., Ltd. of China Electronics System Engineering	5	2,000,637	1,157	1,140	1,140	-	0.17%	3,334,395	N	N	Y	Note 4
1	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	4	2,000,637	104,292	104,133	104,133	-	15.61%	3,334,395	N	N	Y	Note 4
2	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	4	2,739,231	315,342	310,694	310,694	-	34.03%	4,565,385	N	N	Y	Note 4

Note 1:The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2:Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1) Having business relationship.
- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directlyand indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3) The endorsed guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
- (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- (5) Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
- (6) Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
- (7) Joint guarantee of the performance guarantee for pre-sold home sales contract as required under the Consumer Protection Act.
- Note 3: Fill in limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for a single party and ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided as prescribed in the endorser/guaranter company's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees", and state each individual party to which the endorsements/guarantees have been provided and the calculation for ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided in the footnote.

Note 4:Limit on endorsements and guarantees stated in "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/ Guarantees by Public Companies":

- (1) In accordance with mutual guarantee requirement in the same industry for contracting constructions, limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is the net assets of the Company.
- (2) In accordance with business relationship, limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is the total value of business transactions within past 12 months. (the value of business transactions is the higher of purchases or sales)
- (3) Except for (1) and (2) mentioned above, limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is 50% of the net assets of the Company.
- (4) For (2) and (3) mentioned above, limit on the total amount of endorsement/guarantee is the net assets of the Company.
- (5) For the Company and subsidiaries, limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is the net assets of the Company; limit on the total amount is 5 times of the net assets of the Company.
- Limit on endorsements and guarantees of the Company's mainland subsidiaries:
- (1) In accordance with mutual guarantee requirement in the same industry or the common builders for contracting constructions, or provision of endorsements and guarantees for joint ventures from shareholders in proportion to shareholding ratio, limit on the total amount is 5 times of the net assets of the endorser/guaranter on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is three times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor.
- (2) Except for (1), the Group follows standards of endorsements and guarantees as below:
- (2-1) Total amount: (2-1-1) Limit on the accumulated endorsements and guarantees is 5 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor;
 - (2-1-2) Limit on endorsements and guarantees to a company of which the endorser company and the Company directly or indirectly holds 90%, should meet the requirement in (2-1-1) and may not exceed 10% of the ultimate parent's net assets.
 - (2-1-3) Total endorsements and guarantees of the endorser/guarantor and its subsidiaries are limited to 5 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor.
- (2-2) Limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party
 - (2-2-1) For the companies having business relationship with the endorser/guarantor and thus being provided endorsements/guarantees, limit on endorsements to a single party is the total value of business transactions within past 12 months. (the value of business transactions is the higher of purchase or sales)
 - (2-2-2) Limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party who having business relationship with the Group is 3 times of the net assets of the endorser/guarantor.

Note 5: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Note 6: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chairman if the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies.

Note 7: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.

Note 8: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 3

Δc	of Dece	mher	31	2024

	Type of marketable	Name of marketable	Relationship with the		Number of	Book value				
Securities held by	securities	securities (Note 1)	securities issuer	General ledger account	shares	(Note 2)	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Collateral	Footnote
Marketech International Corp.	Ordinary shares	Lasertec Corporation	None	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - current	20,000		- \$		None	
"	"	Aerospace Industrial Development Corp.	"	"	50,925	2,284	-	2,284	"	
		1 1			-	\$ 66,031	\$	66,031		
Marketech International Corp.	Ordinary shares	Taiwan Colour & Imaging Technology Corp.	None	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	1,700,000		12.15% \$		None	
"	"	Chung-Hsin Electric and Machinery	"	"	290,000	44,660	0.06%	44,660	"	
"	,,	Manufacturing Corp.	"	"	750,000	11.274	10.750/	11.274	"	
,,	,,	WINGS GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY INC.	,,		750,000	11,374	18.75%	11,374	,,	
" "	,,	Promos Technologies,Inc.	"	"	250,331	514.214	0.56%	514014	″	
	,,	Taiwan Puritic Corp.	,,	"	3,739,196	514,214	5.68%	514,214	<i>"</i>	
~		SOPOWER Technology Corp.		,	189,223	-	12.61%	-		
,,	,	VEEV Interactive Pte. Ltd.	,,	,	840,000		6.32%		,,	
"	"	Taiwan Intelligent Fiber Optic Network Co.,	"	"	2,575,757	45,345	1.41%	45,345	"	
"	"	Civil Tech Pte. Ltd.	"	"	336,374	-	0.58%	-	"	
,	"	ProbeLeader Co., Ltd.	Entities controlled by key management or entities with significant influence	,	966,000	17,040	3.21%	17,040	"	
"	"	IP Fund Six Co., Ltd.	None	"	746,428	7,705	1.79%	7,705	"	
"	"	Innorich Venture Capital Corp.	"	"	1,000,000	4,523	1.87%	4,523	"	
"	"	Taiwan Foresight Co., Ltd.	"	"	380,000	3,162	2.24%	3,162	"	
"	"	Long Time Technology Corp.	"	"	346,000	5,422	0.29%	5,422	"	
"	"	Paradigm Venture Capital Corp.	"	"	76,659	1,011	3.50%	1,011	"	
"	"	Taiwan Special Chemicals Corp.	"	"	1,858,827	323,436	1.26%	323,436	"	
"	"	Atech Totalsolution Co., Ltd.	"	"	128,000	-	0.19%	_	"	
"	"	East Wind Life Science Systems	"	"	124,457	-	12.87%	-	"	
"	"	EcoLand Corp.	"	"	310,715	_	13.51%	_	"	
"	"	Kcashin Technology Corporation	"	"	642,500	18	16.56%	18	"	
"	"	Foresight Energy Technologies Co., Ltd.	"	"	675,000	11,128	1.30%	11,128	"	
"	"	Mycropore Corporation, Ltd.	"	"	1,471,000	9,981	8.44%	9,981	"	
"	"	STEK CO., LTD.	"	"	801,855	24,893	6.02%	24,893	"	
"	"	Sum Capital Healthcare Investment Corp.	Entities controlled by key management or entities with significant influence	"	943,050	9,377	7.44%	9,377	"	
"	"	Forward Science Corp.	"	"	3,028,845	70,239	8.30%	70,239	"	
"	"	Renown Information Technology Corp.	None	"	720,000	16,176	14.40%	16,176	"	
"	"	TAIWAN TRUEWIN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	"	"	1,378,454	64,184	2.17%	64,184	"	
"	u	LUCENS TECHNOLOGY INC.	Entities controlled by key management or entities with significant influence	"	1,332,959	14,615	3.51%	14,615	"	
"	"	Everlasting Digital ESG Co., Ltd.	None	"	100,000	404	5.88%	404	"	
"	"	Artfil, Inc.	"	"	215	20,390	8.35%	20,390	"	
"	"	MEGA UNION TECHNOLOGY	"	"	725,820	140,998	1.07%	140,998	"	
<i>"</i>	"	Infinitesima Limited	"	"	3,666,667	7,129	3.97%	7,129	"	
"	"	Brillian Network & Automation Integrated System Co., Ltd.	"	"	162,953	35,931	0.42%	35,931	"	

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) For the year ended December 31,2024

Table 3

As of	Decembe	r 31.	2024

	Type of marketable	Name of marketable	Relationship with the		Number of	Book value				_
Securities held by	securities	securities (Note 1)	securities issuer	General ledger account	shares	(Note 2)	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Collateral	Footnote
Marketech International Corp.	Preferred stock	Advanced Supply Chain & Logistics	None	Financial assets measured at fair value	1,200,000 \$	12,000	14.63% \$	12,000	None	
		Management Ltd.		through profit or loss - non-current						
"	Ordinary shares	NanoSeeX Inc.	"	"	30,000,000	55,584	18.11%	55,584	"	
"	"	Asia Hydrogen Energy Corporation	"	"	375,000	9,376	2.56%	9,376	"	
	"	AmCad BioMed Corporation	"	"	1,300,000	29,055	2.05%	29,055	"	
	"	Wonder Energy Co., Ltd.	"	"	5,800,000	56,331	18.40%	56,331	"	
"	Private funds	Zoyi II Investment Limited Partnership	"	"	_	25,632	-	25,632	"	
"	Convertible bonds	HALLYS CORPORATION	"	"	-	_	-	-	"	
"	"	Nitride Solutions Inc.	"	"	-	-	-	-	"	
"	"	Halio, Inc.	"	"	_	-	-	-	"	
"	Preferred stock	Adant Technologies Inc.	"	"	313,907	5,107	Note 3	5,107	"	
"	"	Halio, Inc.	"	"	501,532	_	"	-	"	
"	Preferred stock	Biomedica Corporation	"	"	656,225	74,751	"	74,751	"	
"	Private funds	Vertex Growth (SG) LP	"	"	-	32,437	-	32,437	"	
"	"	Vertex Growth II (SG) LP	"	"	-	12,670	-	12,670	"	
MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	Ordinary shares	Kore Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	"	"	37,500,000	179,116	7.38%	179,116	"	
Marketech International										
Corporation USA	"	Smartopia Capital LLC, Arizona	"	"	750,000	33,113	0.91%	33,113	"	
		Total			<u> </u>	1,928,527	\$	1,928,527		

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities neasured at fair value.

Note 3: Holding preferred stock.

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 4

				Relationship	Balanc	e as at	Add	ition		Disp	osal		Balance	e as at
	Marketable	General		with	January	1, 2024	(Not	e 3)		(Not	te 3)		December	31, 2024
	securities	ledger	Counterparty	the investor	Number of		Number of		Number of			Gain (loss) on	Number of	
Investor	(Note 1)	account	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	shares	Amount	shares	Amount	shares	Selling price	Book value	disposal	shares	Amount
Marketech	Stock/Marketech	Investments	Marketech	Subsidiary	18,450,000	\$ 556,886	15,000,000	\$ 485,470	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	33,450,000	\$ 1,042,356
International	International	measured by	International											
Corp.	Corporation USA	equity method	Corporation											
			USA											

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 3: The beginning and ending balance are the original investment amount.

Note 4: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they individually reach NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more.

Note 5: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 5

							If the counterparty is a	related party, information	on as to the last t	ransaction of			
							ti	he real estate is disclose	d below:			Reason for	
								Relationship			Basis or	acquisition of	
						Relationship	Original owner who	between the original	Date of the		reference used	real estate and	
Real estate	Real estate	Date of the	Transaction	Status of		with the	sold the real estate	owner and the	original		in setting	status of the	Other
acquired by	acquired	event	amount	payment	Counterparty	counterparty	to the counterparty	acquirer	transaction	Amount	price	real estate	commitments
Marketech Internation Corp.	al Unfinished construction	February 1, 2024		The collection terms were dependent on prepayments and construction progress.	Construction Co.,	-	-	-	-	\$ -	Determined in accordance with mutual agreements.	To cooperate with requirement of future operations and development.	None

Note 1: The appraisal result should be presented in the 'Basis or reference used in setting the price' column if the real estate acquired should be appraised pursuant to the regulations.

Note 2: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Note 3: Date of the event referred to herein is the date of contract signing date, date of payment, date of execution of a trading order, date of title transfer, date of board resolution, or other date that can confirm the counterparty and the monetary amount of the transaction, whichever is earlier.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 6 Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Differences in transaction

				Transaction	1		•	ared to third		/accounts le (payable)	
					Percentage of					Percentage of total	
					total					notes/accounts	
		Relationship			purchases					receivable	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)	Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	(payable)	Footnote
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	Subsidiary	Sales/ Contract of construction	\$ 162,508	0.55%	Note 1	\$ -	- :	\$ 108,533	2.25%	-
Marketech International Corp.	Altus Technology Inc.	Other related party	Contract of construction	1,032,845	3.50%	Note 1	-	-	420	0.01%	-
Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Subsidiary	Contract of construction	118,967	35.00%	Note 1	-	-	5,563	9.77%	-
MIC-Tech Global Corp.	Marketech International Corp.	Subsidiary	Sales	167,827	90.27%	Note 1	-	-	4,695	89.91%	-
Ezoom Information, Inc.	Marketech International Corp.	Subsidiary	Labor/ Contract of construction	263,780	58.52%	Note 1	-	-	16,460	27.86%	-

Note 1: Payment terms were in accordance with the contracts.

Note 2: Paid-up capital refers to that of the Parent company. If the issuer has issued shares without a face value or at face values other than NT\$10 per share, the 20% requirement on paid-up capital shall be calculated instead at 10% of equity attributable to parent company shareholders, as shown on the balance sheet.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

December 31, 2024

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

								Amount collected			
		Relationship	Balanc	e as at December 31, 2024	_	Overdue rec	eivables	subsequent to the		Allowance for	
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty		(Note)	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date		doubtful accounts	
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	Subsidiary	\$	108,533	1.78 \$	106,912	-	\$	- \$		-
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	Subsidiary		655,700	-	-	-		-		-
MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		111,948	-	-	-		-		-

Note: Fill in separately the balances of accounts receivable-related parties, notes receivable-related parties, other receivables-related parties.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

						Transaction	
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	1	Non-operating revenue		Sales revenue:	0.06%
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	1	Construction revenue		Prices and terms of sales of goods to related parties are	0.02%
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	1	Other receivables		approximately the same to third parties. A certain	0.02%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable	12,916	percentage of profit is negotiated for sale of services	0.03%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	34,910	with related parties.	0.06%
0	Marketech International Corp.	eZoom Information, Inc.	1	Prepayment for purchases	20,579	Construction revenue:	0.04%
0	Marketech International Corp.	eZoom Information, Inc.	1	Construction revenue	18,997	The prices of construction contracts entered into with	0.03%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Sdn.Bhd.	1	Other receivables	68,849	related parties and third parties are based on normal	0.15%
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech China Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	7,620	construction contracts or individual agreements. Furthermore, the collection terms to related parties are	0.01%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	1	Other receivables	655,700	approximately the same to third parties, which is about	1.41%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	1	Accounts receivable	108,533	2 to 3 months after inspection of construction	0.23%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	1	Construction revenue		depending on the construction contracts or individual	0.26%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	1	Non-operating revenue	78,377	agreements.	0.13%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Spiro Technology Systems Inc.	1	Prepayment for purchases	21,320		0.05%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corp. Japan	1	Construction revenue	39,477		0.07%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Netherlands B.V.	1	Prepayment for purchases	9,118		0.02%
0	Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	1	Non-operating revenue	6,096		0.01%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Advanced Technology Matrix United Corporation	1	Sales revenue	6,808		0.01%
0	Marketech International Corp.	Advanced Technology Matrix United Corporation	1	Accounts receivable	6,971		0.01%
1	eZoom Information, Inc.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Accounts receivable	10,883		0.02%
1	eZoom Information, Inc.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Notes receivable	5,577		0.01%
1	eZoom Information, Inc.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Services revenue	68,679		0.11%
1	eZoom Information, Inc.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Construction revenue	195,101		0.32%
2	ADAT Technology Co., Ltd.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Services revenue	9,032		0.01%
3	MIC-Tech Global Corp.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Sales revenue	167,827		0.28%
4	Spiro Technology Systems Inc.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Sales revenue	61,129		0.10%
4	Spiro Technology Systems Inc.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Accounts receivable	17,629		0.04%
5	Marketech Netherlands B.V.	Marketech International Corp.	2	Sales revenue	17,013		0.03%
6	Vertex System Corporation	Marketech International Corp.	2	Construction revenue	12,345		0.02%
7	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	26,867		0.06%
7	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	111,948		0.24%
7	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	3	Construction revenue	6,273		0.01%
8	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	3	Construction revenue	118,967		0.20%
8	Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	3	Accounts receivable	5,563]	0.01%
9	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	MIC Industrial Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	3	Sales revenue	40,180		0.07%
9	MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	MIC Industrial Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	9,250		0.02%
10	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	Marketech Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	18,415	[0.04%
11	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	MIC Industrial Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	3	Construction revenue	6,029		0.01%

Note 1:The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2:Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):
 - (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
 - (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
 - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3:Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: Individual amounts less than \$5,000 are not disclosed. Additionally, if it is disclosed as assets and revenue, its opposite transactions will not be disclosed.

Information on investees

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 9

				Initial investmen	nt amount (Note 2)	Shares held	as at Decem	her 31 2024		Investment income	
				Balance as at December 31	Balance, as at December 31,		Ownership		Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year engel	December 31, 2024	D
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	2024	2023	Number of shares	(%)	Book value	December 31, 2024		Footnote
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Contracting for semiconductor automatic supply system	\$ 331,733	\$ 331,733	14,636,958	100	\$ 62,243	\$ 5,959	\$ 5,959	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Market Go Profits Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding and reinvestment	1,299,429	1,299,429	40,119,104	100	2,372,766	517,151	517,151	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Global Corp.	South Korea	International trade	19,147	19,147	131,560	100	21,844	4,395	4,395	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Headquarter International Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding and reinvestment	42,475	42,475	1,289,367	100	40,273	1,224	1,224	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Tiger United Finance Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding and reinvestment	46,475	46,475	1,410,367	100	38,257	1,418	1,418	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Engineering Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Contracting for electrical installing construction	31,162	29,545	1,337,763	100	3,150	(1,447)	(1,447)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Integrated Manufacturing Company Limited	Myanmar	Design, manufacturing, installation of automatic production equipment and its parts	478,985	478,985	1,535,600	100	122,699	(12,268)	(12,268)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	MIC-Tech Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Trading, installation and repair of various machinery equipment and its peripherals; consulting service and software execution service associated with computer hardware installation	271,476	271,476	-	100	221,158	(303)	(303)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Specialized contracting and related repair services; equipment sales and repair; sales of cosmetics and daily necessities; production, development and implementation of software and providing coding service; providing installation service of industrial machine and equipment	88,234	72,596	-	100	4,914	(8,893)	(8,893)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	eZoom Information, Inc.	Taiwan	Research, trading and consulting of information system software and hardware appliance; sales of medical devices	-	280,737	-	-	-	11,382	(6,055)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Sdn.Bhd.	Malaysia	Specialized contracting and related repair services; sales of medical devices	119,204	108,162	16,871,250	100	20,826	(15,614)	(15,614)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation USA	USA	Specialized contracting and related repair services	1,042,356	556,886	33,450,000	100	462,738	(857,303)	(857,303)	The Company's subsidiary

				Initial investmen	t amount (Note 2)	Shares held	as at Decem	ber 31, 2024		Investment income	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at December 31 2024	Balance as at December 31, 2023	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2024	December 31, 2024 (Note 1)	Footnote
Marketech International Corp.	Spiro Technology Systems Inc.	USA	International trade	\$ 54,074	\$ 54,074	1,000,000	100	\$ 90,217	\$ 621	\$ 621	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	ADAT Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Research, development, application, and service of software; supply of electronic information and data processing service	97,951	84,119	5,467,022	25.38	14,789	(46,471)	11,803)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	PT Marketech International Indonesia	Indonesia	Trading business of machine equipment and parts	38,042	38,042	1,199,000	99.92	36,398	1,042	1,042	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech Netherlands B.V	Netherlands	International trade business of machine and components and technical service	54,085	40,510	1,200,000	100	2,362	(8,637)	8,637)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Glory Technology Service Inc.	Taiwan	Sale and installation of information and communication equipment	42,714	42,714	6,208,320	29.24	63,763	(11,334)	3,314)	The Company's investee accounted for using equity method
Marketech International Corp.	MIC Techno Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sale of panels and its materials	2,000	2,000	200,000	29.85	1,867	14	58	The Company's investee accounted for using equity method
Marketech International Corp.	Smart Group Solutions Corp.	Taiwan	Development and agent of smart medical testing equipment, AI plans and related software and hardware; import and export sales and manufacturing of medical devices	100,000	500	10,000,000	100	106,230	6,397	6,397	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Vertex System Corporation	Taiwan	Trading of equipment for private 5G wireless communication networks (picocells and core networks) and IoT intelligent control gateway; maintenance and operations of device management platform (DMP), and provision of services in software management platform and vertical integration of information technology (IT) and communication technology	50,000	50,000	5,000,000	61.35	10,376	(20,900)	(12,822)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Bolite Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Precision R&D, manufacturing and sales of laser-related modules and equipment, and provide laser application solutions	27,200	27,200	2,240,000	37.33	41,687	(4,204)	(1,570)	The Company's investee accounted for using equity method
Marketech International Corp.	MIC Healthcare Korea Co., Ltd.	South Korea	R&D, sales and professional technical services of medical device and its parts; international trade and import and export business	60,487	41,536	5,200,000	100	2,733	(20,553)	(20,553)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corp. Japan	Japan	International trade; specialized contracting and related repair services	65,254	65,254	30,000	100	42,195	(11,281)	(11,281)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Advanced Technology Matrix United Corporation	USA	Warehousing logistics services; sales agent of semiconductor equipment, components and consumables and semiconductor materials	60,960	60,960	2,000,000	68.97	64,849	(921)	(633)	The Company's subsidiary

				Total discount of the	212	Cl 1.1	D	21 2024		Investment income	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at December 31, 2024	Balance	Number of shares	Ownership	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2024	December 31, 2024	Footnote
Marketech International Corp.	Radisen Co., Ltd. (Ordinary shares)	South Korea	AI medical resolution and teleradiology medical platform	\$ 12,454	\$ 12,454	87,803	18.49	(\$ 9,067)	(\$ 115,173)	(\$ 21,297)	The Company's investee accounted for using equity method
Marketech International Corp.	Radisen Co., Ltd. (Preferred stock)	South Korea	AI medical resolution and teleradiology medical platform	73,208	73,208	188,961	24.11	87,252	(115,173)	-	The Company's investee accounted for using equity method
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International Corporation Germany GmbH	Germany	International trade of machine and components and technical service; specialized contracting and related repair services	16,934	6,617	200,000	100	10,518	(5,488)	(5,488)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	MIC Industrial Viet Nam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Assembling of air conditioning equipment and testing OEM	39,567	39,567	-	100	29,097	(9,691)	(9,691)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketop Smart Solutions Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales and service of smart medical devices, international trade and import and export business	30,600	-	3,060,000	51	29,625	(1,911)	(975)	The Company's subsidiary
Marketech International Corp.	Marketech International (Thailand) Corp., Ltd.	Thailand	Specialized contracting and related repair services; sales of medical devices; international trade; design, manufacturing, installation of automatic production equipment and its parts	4,739		3,999,998	100.00	4,813	1	1	The investor's subsidiary
Smart Group Solutions Corp.	eZoom Information, Inc.	Taiwan	Research, trading and consulting of information system software and hardware appliance; sales of medical devices	44,930	-	5,000,000	100	61,382	11,382	-	The investor's subsidiary
Market Go Profits Ltd.	MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Cayman Islands	Investment holding and reinvestment	1,293,932	1,293,932	40,016,604	100	2,371,489	517,167	-	The investor's subsidiary
Marketech Engineering Pte Ltd.	Marketech Integrated Construction Co., Ltd.	Myanmar	Contracting for electrical installing construction	27,083	27,083	92,000	98.40	2,524	(1,165)	-	The investor's subsidiary
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Russky H.K. Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding and reinvestment	34,551	34,551	833,000	100	25,649	15,823	-	The investor's subsidiary
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	MICT International Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding and reinvestment	132,282	132,282	5,400,000	60	26,245	(3,050)	-	The investor's subsidiary
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Leader Fortune Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Samoa	Investment holding and reinvestment	8,990	8,990	303,000	31.43	(1,585)	11,258	-	The investor's investee accounted for using equity method
MIC-Tech Ventures Asia Pacific Inc.	Fortune Blessing Co.,Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding and reinvestment	45,985	45,985	500,000	27.78	6,277	(2,185)	-	The investor's investee accounted for using equity method
Russky H.K. Limited	PT Marketech International Indonesia	Indonesia	Trading business of machine equipment and parts	32	32	1,000	0.08	33	1,042		The investor's investee accounted for using equity method

Note 1: The amount of \$0 means that the Company does not directly recognize gain or loss on investments.

Note 2: Except for subsidiaries in Malaysia which are translated at the current rate as of December 31, 2024, the initial investment amounts of other investees are translated at the current rate as of the investment date.

Information on investments in Mainland China

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 10

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital (Note 3)	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2024 (Note 3)	Amount remitte to Mainlan Amount rem Taiwan for th December (Not	nd China/ itted back to be year ended 31, 2024	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2024 (Note 3)	Net income (loss) of investee for the year ended December 31, 2024	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024 (Note 2)	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of December 31, 2024	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31, 2024	Footnote
MIC-Tech (WuXi) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of semiconductor devices, intelligent storage equipments, illuminators, masks and labor protective products; manufacturing of package special equipments	\$ 836,018	Note 1(2)	\$ 672,093	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 672,093	(\$ 50,466)	100	(\$ 50,466)	\$ 52,101	\$ -	Note 2 (2)B
MIC-Tech (Shanghai) Corp.	Wholesale, commission agency, maintenance, repairment, manufacture, import and export of semiconductor production and its consumables; trading agency and consulting services in customs bonded area	270,181	Note 1(2)	16,393	-	-	16,393	303,157	100	303,157	913,077	609,821	Note 2 (2)B
Shanghai Maohua Electronics Engineering Co., Ltd.	Production of scrubber bins for semiconductor manufacturers; design, installation, debugging and technology services of tunnel system; equipment repair for semiconductor manufacturers	19,671	Note 1(2)	19,769	-	-	19,769	18,256	87	15,883	23,123	-	Note 2 (2)B
MIC-Tech Electronics Engineering Corp.	Installation and construction of mechanical and electrical systems; professional building renovation and decoration services; design and construction of smart buildings; construction of electronic projects and related technical services and consulting materials	557,639	Note 1(2)	279,328	-	-	279,328	152,149	100	152,149	666,879	572,720	Note 2 (2)B
Integrated Manufacturing & Services Co., Ltd.	Development of special equipment for solar cell production, manufacture of optical engine, cleaning and regeneration of new electrical device	229,495	Note 1(2)	127,862	-	-	127,862	(4,278)	60	(2,567)	-	-	Note 2 (2)B and Note 4
MIC-Tech China Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Wholesale, commission agency and import and export of chemical products, semiconductors, inspection equipment and its consumables, solar equipment consumables, trading and trading agency among enterprises in customs bonded area	49,178	Note 1(2)	49,178	-	-	49,178	177,622	100	177,622	422,017	-	Note 2 (2)B
Macrotec Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Wholesale, commission agency, import and export and other complementary service of electrical products, instrumentation, metal products, electrical equipment, International and entrepot trade, trading and trading agency among enterprises in customs bonded area	31,372	Note 1(2)	9,860	-	-	9,860	11,258	31.43	3,538	(1,588)	-	Note 2 (2)B

			Investment	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1,	Amount remitte to Mainlau Amount rem Taiwan for th December (Not	nd China/ itted back to e year ended 31, 2024	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December	(loss) of	held by	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended	Book value of investments in	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of	
Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital (Note 3)	method (Note 1)	2024	Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan	31, 2024 (Note 3)	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2024 (Note 2)			Footnote
Fortune International Corporation	Research and development, manufacturing, sales, installation and repair services of semiconductor-related devices, equipment and materials; supply chain and property management service; industrial park management service; venue rental; conference and exhibition services; warehousing service	\$ 59,013	Note 1(2)	\$ 16,393		\$ -	\$ 16,393						Note 2 (2)B

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in Market Go Profits Ltd., which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3) Others

Note 2:: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024' column:

- (1) It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this year.
- (2) Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:
- A.The financial statements were audited by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.
- B.The financial statements were audited by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.
- C.Others-the financial statements were not audited by independent auditors.

Note 3: Paid-in capital and investment amount were translated at the original currency times exchange rate at period end.

Note 4: The Group disposed of shares in Integrated Manufacturing & Services Co., Ltd. to the related party, Chung-Hsin Precision Machinery Co., Ltd. in June 2024.

2. Limit on investees in Mainland China

	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the		
Company name	as of December 31, 2024 (Note 1) (Note 2) (Note 3) (Note 4)	Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) (Note 1)	Investment Commission of MOEA		
Marketech International Corp.	1,284,844	\$ 2,516,602	\$ 7,215,522		

- Note 1: The amount was translated at the original currency times exchange rate at period end.
- Note 2: The Company has sold WUXI Probeleader Electronics Co., Ltd. at the end of November 2011. As the accumulated investment was different from the investment collected back, the difference between accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of November 30, 2011 and accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China registered at and approved by MOEA was US\$186 thousand.
- Note 3: The liquidation of TPP-MIC (WuXi) Co., Ltd. was completed in November, 2015. As the accumulated investment was different from the investment collected back, the difference between accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2023, and accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China registered at and approved by MOEA was US\$180 thousand.
- Note 4: The original investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs is US\$ 43,630 thousand. Additionally, as of the end of this period, the total investment income from reinvestments in Mainland China that has been remitted back to Taiwan amounts to US\$ 33,131 thousand. This amount has been approved by the Investment Commission to be used to offset the accumulated investment amount in Mainland China.

Major shareholders information

December 31, 2024

Table 11

	Shares				
Name of major shareholders	Name of shares held	Ownership (%)			
Ennoconn International Investment Co., Ltd.	83,468,613	41.46			
JI-XUAN Investment Corp.	11,005,795	5.46			

- Note 1: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded on the financial statements may be different from the actual number of share in dematerialised form due to the difference in the calculation basis.
- Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were kept at the trust by the shareholders, the data was disclosed as a separate account of client which was set by the trustee. As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio is greater than 10% in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding ratio includes the self-owned shares and trusted shares, at the same time, persons who have power to decide how to allocate the trust assets. For the information of reported share equity of insider, please refer to Market Observation Post System.